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The Bombay Chronicle

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THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
Popular Gents Roadster cycle complete.
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BOMBAY and POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIII NO. 110 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1925. ONE ANNA

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The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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You may have used our medicines and derived profits as many Doctors, Vaidyas and Hakims buy from us and re-sell them as their own preparations. Our CHANDRAPRABHA PILLS are a sure cure for all general complaints of females.

PRICE RUPEE ONE FOR A TIN

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P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA.
(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passport

Date.	Steamers.		Connection at Aden with	Tons.
9th May	RANPURA	--		16,100
16th ,,	RAZMAK	--	MACEDONIA*	11,089
23rd ,,	CHINA	--		7,952
30th ,,	RAZMAK	--	MOLDAVIA x	16,436
6th June	NARKUNDA			16,227
13th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOREA *	10,911
20th ,,	CALEDONIA§			7,622
27th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
4th July	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
11th ,,	RAZMAK	--	MALWA* --	10,941
18th ,,	RANPURA	--		16,100
25th ,,	MALOJA x	--		20,837
1st Aug	CHINA	--		7,952
8th ,,	RAZMAK	--	MANTUA*	10,902
15th ,,	CALEDONIA			7,622
22nd ,,	RAZMAK	--	NALDERA x	15,993
29th ,,	MOREA	--		10,911

x Through steamers from Australia, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
§ Terminates voyage at Marseilles.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.		Tons.
1925.			
14th May	MASULA*	--	7,261
28th ,,	GAZANA *	--	8,284
11th June	MANDALA *	--	8,246
25th ,,	DURENDA *	--	7,241
9th July	DOMALA	..	8,441
27th August	MARGHA	..	8,278

* Cargo vessel only, will not convey passengers

P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecte at Colombo for Australia with
1925			
12th May	MIRZAPORE*	6,715	
26th ,,	DELTA --	8,097	MALOJA
2nd June	NAGPORE* --	5,283	
10th ,,	LAHORE * ..	5,282	
23rd ,,	SOUDAN --	6,656	NALDERA
21st July.	SICILIA --	6,813	MONGOLIA
7th Aug.	NARKUNDA --	16,227	
18th ,,	DELTA --	18,097	MOOLTAN

* Cargo vessels only, proceed to Japan via Singapore and Shangai.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON

Date about	Steamers.	Destination
9th May	CHAKLA* --	Karachi via Kathiawar.
11th ,,	VITA* --	Karachi via Kathiawar.
12th ,,	JAPAN ..	Calcutta via Madras and Colombo.
13th ,, --	KAROA ..	East & S. Africa
13th ,, ..	BANDRA ..	Jamnagar via Karachi & P. G Ports.
15th ,,	VASNA ..	Busreh via Karachi.

* The sailings for Karachi via Kathiawar on Saturdays and Mondays will be suspended after the sailings of the 9th and 18th May respectively until September, but steamers will leave for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays as usual.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay,
P. O. BOX 122.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:—
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according to demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents,
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.,
Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. FORT, BOMBAY
Branches :—GIRGAUM and POONA CITY.
Assets exceed Rs. 40,00,000/-
SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.
INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.
DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRY, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH—AHMEDABAD.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND ..... Rs. 74,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895

Capital	Authorised	1,00,00,000
Capital	Issued	50,00,000
Capital	Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital	Paid up to 30/6/24 ...	30,65,586
Reserve	Fund	25,70,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Montgomery
Amballa City	Hyderabad (Sind)	Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Amballa Cant.	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jammu	Peshawar Cant.
Cawnpore	Jhelum City	Patiala
Calcutta	Karachi	Quetta
Delhi	Kasur	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Lahore City	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Simla
Gojra	Multan City	Srinagar
Hafizabad		

London Agents:
THE MIDLAND BANK, LTD.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved securities.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen
Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	100,000,000
Reserved Fund	80,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Seattle
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Samarang
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Canton	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Nagasaki	Shimonosaki
Darien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Fengtien	New York	Sydney
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tientsin
Hankow	Osaka	Tokyo
Harbin	Peking	Tsinan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
I. WASHIO,
Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 291.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3.
BRANCHES:

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,200,000
Reserved Fund	£ 300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E. C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
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Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.

	Rs.
Authorised and Subscribed Capital	40,00,000
Capital Called Up	35,50,000
Reserve Fund	44,50,000

Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:

Allahabad	Fyzabad	Moradabad
Allahabad City	Gorakhpur	Mussoorie
Amritsar	Hapur	Muttra
Bareilly	Hathras	Nagpur
Benares	Jhansi	Naini Tal
Bombay	Jubbulpore	Patna
Cawnpore	Lahore	Rae Bareli
Cawnpore City	Aminabad Park	Raipur
Chandausi	Lucknow	Rangoon
Dehra Dun	Lucknow City	Shahjahanpur
Delhi	Lyallpur	Sitapur
Etawah	Meerut	

CORRESPONDENTS.
In all the principal towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS:
The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.
Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.
Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Account free of charge.
Banking business of every description transacted.
Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
Passenger Letters of Credit are issued available for use on board P. and O., British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call at the Offices of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent, Bombay Branch.
Allahabad Bank Building,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

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Diseases any kind, Cataract, Glaucoma, Iritis Stye, Watery eye, Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc. (without knife) by our LOTUS HONEY. Safe remedy of nature 1 dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. Ask for free particulars to:—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal, India (Dep. 5.).

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EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Established 1897)
STRIKING PROGRESS:
TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS OF ECONOMICAL AND CAREFUL MANAGEMENT RESULT IN ASSETS EXCEEDING
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THE COMPANY TO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH.
Head Office:
214, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
ALLUM, BHARUCHA & CO., Managers.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	... Rs.	1,19,70,000
Paid-up Capital	... Rs.	59,85,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June, 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.
FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVING BANK.
Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.
Managing Agents,
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

AMRUTANJAN
Is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact
AMRUTANJAN
Is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly.
CURES ALL
aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.
Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
ACHES AND PAINS.

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REDUCE
the cost of your clothings. Our representative calls on you on phoning or dropping us a post card, with latest designs and estimates.
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KAZI & Co.,
TAILORS & OUTFITTERS
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PARSEE BAZAR STREET,
opposite Graham and Co., Fort, BOMBAY.

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY.
DO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
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A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN MANAGED BY INDIANS.
Apply for particulars to:—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 1220.

"FACTS ARE STUBBORN THINGS."
You have a duty to your Dependents.
PROTECT THEM by a LIFE POLICY with the
BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
(Established 1908.)
67, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE
GENERAL ASSURANCE
SOCIETY LIMITED, AJMER.
Intending Assurers are invited to compare rates and conditions of this most flourishing and up-to-date
INDIAN INSURANCE Co.
with any other in Field.
Funds exceed Rs. 12,00,000/-.
LIBERAL BONUS DECLARED.
GUARANTEED TRIPLE BENEFIT POLICIES A SPECIALITY.
combining the advantages of Whole Life and Endowment Assurances.
Apply for New Explanatory Leaflet to ---.
(1) S. R. SARDESAI,
Opp. Majestic Cinema, Girgaum, Bombay.
(2) L. V. RAMDURG, Hubli.
(3) B. S. VAIDYA, Baroda.
(4) P. D. BHARGAVA, Esq., F.S.S. (Lond Manager, Head Office, AJMER.
NOTE:—Wanted AGENTS on Liberal Commission.

MARRIAGE DOWRY POLICY
The perfected system to provide Marriage Dowries for Daughters, GUARANTEEING PAYMENT OF FULL SUM ASSURED IN EVENT OF PARENT'S DEATH, and REFUND OF FULL PREMIUM PAID WITH PER CENT. INTEREST SHOULD CHILD DIE WITHIN POLICY TERM. Profits added if parent and child survive policy term. Descriptive pamphlet upon application.
ZENITH LIFE
ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS ONE RUPEE.

Every additional word—ONE ANNA

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS at Hyderabad and Secunderabad for the sale of the "Bombay Chronicle." For terms apply to MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," Fort, Bombay.
A

WANTED—Competent SHORT-HAND TYPISTS and CLERKS. These served in Solicitors Office need apply to Box No. 774, Advt Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1125

WANTED—AGENTS everywhere to push the sale of our fashionable Coatings, Shirtings, Bedsheets, etc., on liberal remuneration. For terms, apply to West Coast Weaving Establishment, Cannanore, (Malabar).
A R1124

WANTED—Intelligent young men to enter competition of Hundred Rupees Prize. Particulars post free from WAGH & CO. Chemists, Girgaon, Bombay.
A R1106

WANTED—FELLOWS to do research in Philosophy. Only those who have passed M. A. in Philosophy and know Sanskrit need apply. Salary according to qualifications. Applications to be sent before 31st May 1925 to the SUPERINTENDENT, INDIAN INSTITUTE OF PHILOSOPHY, Amalner, East Khandesh.
A R 1040.

WANTED.—An expert and long experienced CARDING MASTER for an up-country Mill Must be able to control men and give good production. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 777, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A 23248

WANTED—An experience CLERK experienced in the line of machinery. Preference will be given to a shorthand typist. Knowledge of Gujrati and Marathi languages essential. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 762, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
23208

FOR CHAIRMAN, SCHOOL BOARD, VIRAMGAM.—WANTED A competent ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER for the School Board of the Viramgam Municipal Local Authority. Pay upto Rs. 100 according to qualifications. Applications should reach the undersigned on or before 31-5-25. CHHOTALAL TRIKAMLAL PARIKH, Chairman, School Board, Viramgam.
A 23245

WANTED—An experienced HEAD MASTER for Shree Ranjitsinhji High School, Devgad Baria State from 1st June, 1925. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 125 according to qualifications. A science hand will be preferred. Apply sharp stating age, optional subject, nationality and terms. MOTILAL L. PAREKH, Divan, Baria State. The Secretariat, Devgad Baria. 4th May, 1925.
A 23229

WANTED—An experienced GRADUATE and an UNDER-GRADUATE or MATRIC strong in Sanskrit for Shree Ranjitsinhji High School, Devgad Baria State from 1st June, 1925. Starting salary Rs. 65 and Rs. 40/- respectively with prospects. Apply sharp. MOTILAL L. PAREKH, Divan, Baria State. The Secretariat, Devgad Baria, 4th May, 1925.
A 23228

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET—For HINDUS only; an AIRY BUNGALOW at Chaupatty. Apply DHIRAJLAL GHELLABHAI, behind Wilson College.
G R1109

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

FOR SALE—An African Grey KASIKOO PARROT with Fancy and large BRASS CAGE. Apply R. M. BILIMORIA, Job Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
N R1126

TYPEWRITERS—Remington 7 Rs. 60, 8 Rs. 70. Empire 1 Rs. 75. Yost 20 Rs. 95. Oliver 3 Rs. 60, 5. Rs. 95. 9 Rs. 120. Remingtons Nos. 10 & 11 Rs. 95 to 215. Remington Factory Rebuilts as new at second-hand prices. Guaranteed Repairs to all makes. STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, Hornby Road, opposite Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay
N

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200. Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125 Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195, Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 21223.
N WS

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Corona latest Improved Model, New	195
Corona Four (Four-bank Keyboard), New	225
Remington Portable, New	234
Fox Portable (Shop-soiled)	125
Senta Portable (German), New	150
Underwood 5 Rs. 100, Remington 10 from	100
Empire No. 1 with Back spacer (Fine)	100
L. C. Smith Brief Size Rs. 85, Hammond Multi	85

Rebuilt Typewriters: Remington 10 and 11 and Oliver 9 and 11. Exceptionally low prices. Ribbons Carbon Papers. Repairs to All Makes.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., 24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay
T

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

FOR SALE.—One BABCOCK PRINTING MACHINE at a reasonable price. Apply MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle."
K

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

FOR HIRE—High Class open and closed CARS for Princes and High Officials visiting Bombay by day, week or month. Apply BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY, LTD., 16, New Queen's Road, or at Apollo Bunder Road, Bombay. T23209

CUTLERY AGENT. Exceptional opportunity offered by cutlery manufacturer to gentlemen as their representative; well connected and able to offer substantial security for stock in trade entrusted under their care. Correspondence, English., German or French. Address: Ern, Postfach 183, Solingen, Germany.
T 23249

PROFESSION

CONSULT me for all problems regarding FORTUNES. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Reader and Evil Counteracter, Kothari Mansion, opp. General Post Office, Fort, Bombay. Interviews and correspondence confidential.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY
(Under Special Diet).

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE INfallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to how that the disease is not incurable as opposed. It never fails. The sample packet ill be enough to produce wonders in only ne inch spot. Write for it at once. per .P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its ransmission. Details of infallible remedies for onstipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT RIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy,) 8, Nanibagan Lane, Salkhia, (Howrah).
N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment", s nde to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelop.

All protographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."
Meadows St., Fort, Bombay

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion ...	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions ..	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

WITH effect from the 11th May, 1925, the lease work hitherto dealt with by the Office of the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust, will be transferred to the Office of the MANAGER, LAND and BUNDERS. All correspondence relating to Port Trust leasehold properties and connected matters should therefore be addressed to

The Manager,
Land and Bunder,
Bombay Port Trust,
Prince's Dock.

N. M. MORRIS.
Acting Secretary.
23250

APPLICATIONS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

ARE INVITED by the HON. SECRETARIES of the late Sheth Khimji Dayal Smarak Fund, 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay, from those who have passed their P. E. Examination and who want to prosecute their studies for higher Commercial, Technical or Agricultural lines. Lohana students will be given preference.
23241

THE BOMBAY SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the public of F and G Wards that the work of taking the Preliminary Census of the school-going age children, in both the wards as authorised by the Bombay Municipal Corporation Resolution No. 9158 of 18th January, 1923, and as required by Education Department Notification No. 236 of 28th September, 1923, (Rule No. 5), will commence from the 11th of May, 1925. The Office for taking the Census prior to the Introduction of Free and Compulsory Education in F and G Wards is located in the Textile Institute Building, Damodar Thakersey Hall Parel. The public is requested to co-operate with the Attendance Officer, Supervisors and the Enumerators.

B. N. MOTIVALA,
Chairman, Schools Committee, Bombay.

The Schools Committee's Office,
Bombay, Dated 6th May, 1925.
C23239

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE INDIAN COTTON CO., LTD., (Insurance Department) will be removed from Whiteaway Laidlaw and Co.'s Building to the 4th Floor of Ismail Building, corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road as from Monday, the 11th May, 1925.
R1117

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the connection of my son JITMAL AGARWALA has been cut off from me and all my family members. He has no concern with me or any of property or my brother Rai Saheb Kishon Prasad's Firms, styled Kishun Prasad Bishun Prasad, Kishun Prasad Bansidhar or any factories and branches thereof, nor any of his property real or personal none of which is ancestral property, any one dealing with him shall do it at his own personal liability, none of mine or any son's property or my brother or his sons' property is liable for anything due from Jeetmal and neither I nor my brother and his sons are responsible for any of his acts, contracts and dealings.

(Sd.) BISHUN PRASAD,
Neeb Sitla,
Mirzapur City.
C23217

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the Inspector of Factories, Bombay Presidency, Pay Rs. 500-40-900, plus usual house and motor car allowances.

2. Applicants must ordinarily be under 30 years of age, have received a liberal education and also either a good theoretical training in Engineering and a thorough practical training in Mechanical Engineering or else have practical experience of factory life. They should also have a general knowledge of the principles of sanitation.

3. Selected candidate will be on probation for two years and must pass prescribed Vernacular examination within this period.

4. Applications stating in full the candidate's age, education and experience and giving copies of testimonials should be sent to the CHIEF INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES, Old Custom House, Bombay, upto 15th June 1925.

5. Any attempt to enlist support from persons of influence will disqualify. Candidates must not try to see any MEMBER or MINISTER OF GOVERNMENT, SECRETARY, COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY or CHIEF INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES unless called.
C23189

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, MANIBAI, widow of Harivalav Bapuji have this day revoked the Power of Attorney granted by me to my son-in-law Bhailal Harilal to manage my properties.

Bai MANI, widow of Harivalav Bapuji.
Bombay, 8th May 1925.
R1122

TENDERS

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of a building at Dadar Matunga North Estate of the Improvement Trust belonging to the Gaud Saraswat Housing Co-operative Society.

Forms of contract, specification and plans can be inspected at the Office of the undersigned between 2-30 to 5-30 p.m. upto 12th May, 1925.

CONTRACTOR KANGA & CO.,
31, Hummum Street, Fort.
R1088

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for 3500 brass Limestone of the best blue grey without white or yellow stone.

Price quoted must be per brass delivered free on rails, Chinchwad Railway Station on G.I.P. Railway.

Delivery: 600 brass to be delivered every fortnight from receipt of order.

Sealed tenders should reach the TATA ENGINEERING CO., LTD., 24, Bruce Street, Bombay on or before the 15th May, 1925.
23238

CAWNPORE MUNICIPALITY.

SEALED TENDERS ARE HEREBY INVITED for the supply of COAL for Cawnpore Water Works during 1925-26. The tenderers are requested to observe the following conditions very carefully in submitting their tenders:—

1. The Board will accept only 1st class coal.

2. Tenders to be sent by COLLIERY PROPRIETORS and the MANAGING AGENTS only. Tender form may be obtained from the Municipal office on payment of Rs. 2 and they will not be supplied to any middleman.

3. The basis of quotations should be delivered at Municipal siding Rs.: weight being accepted.

4. One sample wagon should be sent along with tender from the same Colliery for which the quotation is tendered and its cost will be paid for either at the tendered rate or at such a rate as the Board may consider proper after testing the quantity of coal.

5. The quantity to be tendered for 5,000 tons more or less.

6. Earnest money of Rs. 500 in cash or G. C. notes only to be deposited with the tender.

7. The Board will deduct 5 per cent. only out of the Contractor's monthly bills as security.

8. The successful tenderer shall have to sign the contract within 15 days of the Board's acceptance of his tender, failing to which the earnest money will be forfeited and the contract cancelled.

9. All tenders marked "TENDER FOR COAL" should be addressed to the CHAIRMAN MUNICIPAL BOARD, CAWNPORE and should reach him on or before the 25th May 1925.

Tenderers not complying with these conditions will be rejected.

(Sd.) DWARKA PARSHAD SINGH,
Executive Officer.
Dated 5th May, 1925.

(Sd.) A. P. PATEL,
Chairman.
Municipal Board, Cawnpore.
C23214

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. AHMED ABDULLA and KASAM ABDULLA were the highest bidders for and declared to be the purchasers of the undermentioned property at an auction sale held on the 6th day of May instant by the Commissioner of High Court in pursuance of the directions contained in Decree absolute for sale, dated the 8th day of October, 1924, in the High Court Suit No 269 of 1924, wherein Morarji Sura and others were plaintiffs and Bai Hawabai, widow of Ahmed Azum Husein Mansoor and another were defendants. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or Government Ground with the messuage tenement dwelling house or chawl standing thereon situate at Bapu Khote Street, otherwise called Jamli Moholla, outside the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Assessment under Ward Nos. 5955 and 5956 and Street Nos. 20, 24, 85 and 95 and registered by the Collector of land revenue under Old Nos. 1041-1047 and New No. 8822 Old Survey Nos. 2060 and 2059 and New Survey No. 726, Cadastral Survey No. 2761 of Bhuleshwar Division and containing by admeasurement 205 5/9 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the East by Bapu Khote Street on the West by a Sweeper's passage on the North by the property of the Khatri Jamatkhana and on the South by the Banian Street.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1925.
SHAMRAO MINOCHEHER & HIRALAL,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
C23237

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public and to all the Building Contractors, Engineers, Plumbers, Sundry tile Merchants and others to whom it may concern that our client Mr. NAGINDAS BHOGILAL SHAH as representing the firm of Messrs. NAGINDAS CHUNILAL AND CO., has purchased the stock-in-trade and the goodwill of the firm of Messrs. F. Managhia & Co., marble and tile merchants as a going concern at the auction sale held by Messrs. Sorabji Cowasji and Co., on the 4th day of May, 1925, at the instance of Messrs. Mahomedally and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Sale Mahomed Elias the Receiver appointed by the Hon'ble Court in suit No. 3622 of 1924. The said business will be carried on by our abovenamed clients in the same name and at the same place viz No. 20A, Fort Street, Frere Road, near the Alexandra Dock Red Gate, Bombay.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1925.
VRAJLAL AND CO.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Nagindas Chunilal and Co.
C23223

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents. 129, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay. Tel. No. 2736.

Important to builders, housing societies and investors in Buildings in Bombay Suburbs.

Sale of Immovable Properties known as Dispensary building at Bandra and building plots at the junction of Hill Road and Prince's Avenue, and at Turner Road, near the Station, Bandra.

(All these properties are capable of great developmnt, and the attention of property buyers is specially drawn to these sales.)

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Daphtary, Ferreira and Divan, attorneys for Monsignor Braz D'Monte, and Mr. Thomas D'Monte, Administrators of the property and Credits of Thomas Antonio D'Monte deceased, pursuant to the Decree, dated the 11th day of July, 1924, passed by High Court of Bombay in Suit No. 2109 of 1924 sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 10th day of May, 1925, the following properties at the undermentioned time and place.

Lot No. I.—Sale at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises known as Dispensary building. All that piece or parcel of land, situate at the junction of the Hill Road and Ghodbunder Road, and containing by admeasurement 242 sq. yds. or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and bearing Non-Agricultural Survey No. 101 of Bandra together with the building standing thereon at present occupied by Dr. D'Monte as a Dispensary and by other tenants and bounded on or towards the North partly by Non-Agricultural Survey No. 102 and 103, on or towards the South by the Hill Road, on or towards the East by the Ghodbunder Road and on or towards the West by plot, belonging to the estate of the late Joana Maria D'Monte and beyond it by Agri: No. 100.

Lot No. II.—Sale at the premises of lot No. II immediately after the lot No. 1 is sold. All that triangular piece or parcel of land being a cocoanut Oart, situate on the junction of Hill Road and Prince's Avenue, Bandra in the Bombay Suburban District, admeasuring 682 sq. yds. or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and surrounded by a wall and bearing Non-Agricultural Survey No. 45 and bounded on one side by the Hill Road, on another side by a Road and on the third side by a Nullah.

Sale of all plots from Nos. III. to VII at the premises of Lot No. III.

Lot No. III.—All that piece of agriculture land on which temporary huts are now standing bearing survey No. 241, plot No. 13 and containing by admeasurement 1,714 sq. yds. This plot touches the Turner Road, Bandra and is situate on the East thereof and is quite near the Railway Station, Bandra.

Lot No.IV—All that piece or parcel of land bearing survey No. 241 containing by admeasurement about 855 sq. yds. touching also the Turner Road, Bandra, and to the East thereof near the Station, Bandra. (This plot is also quite near the Railway Station, Bandra).

Lot No. V.—All that piece or parcel of agriculture land bearing survey Nos. 241 pot Nos. 8, 9, 12 and 13 situate on Turner Road, Bandra, and to the West thereof near the Station, Bandra, and contains by admeasurement about 5,705 sq. yds. (This plot is also quite near the Railway Station, Bandra).

Lot No. VI—All that piece or parcel of agriculture land touching the Turner Road and situate on the West thereof bearing survey No. 241 pot Nos. 8, 9, 12 and 13. This plot is also quite near the Station, Bandra, and contains by admeasurement 4,219 sq. yds. or thereabouts.

Lot No. VII.—All that piece of agriculture land situate at Bandra to the East of the Railway Line, and between the Railway area and the Pipe line and bearing entry Nos. 192 and 551 survey No. 172 Fal. 1 admeasuring 2 acres 19 1/4 gunthas or thereabouts be the same a little more or less.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Daphtary Ferreira and Divan, attorneys for the vendors at their Office No. 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will by order of Sha Virchand Ramchand and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Govindjee Kuberdas an Insolvent sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 13th May, 1925, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their sale room:— Pearl bracelets, Diamond bangles, Pearl and Ruby necklace, Emerald and Diamond earrings, Pearl and Diamond Rose rings, Diamond Ruby and Emerald rings, Gold watch etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the buyers and the balance shall be paid and goods removed immediately after the sale is over.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

130, Apollo Street, Fort

AUCTION SALE ON SATURDAY, THE 16TH INSTANT AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byculla at the Corner of Rebsch Street (near Lal Chawney) valuable house-hold furniture, rich glass, crockery and plated ware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumb waiters, drawing room chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, drawing room suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets table, ornaments, large double brass bedsteads, iron single bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash hand tables, cloth and gown presses, writing bureau with writing desks, begetile table, large and small writing tables, glass door, book cases, tea-poys, oil painting and water coloures in frames, meat safes, on stands, filter on stand, ice box, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of a European gentleman.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

TODAY, Saturday, the 9th May at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms the quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, etc.

1 Lot (42) sewing machines (brand new).
By order of the Underwriters.
1 case (artificial silk embroidered) velvet ribbons.
Property of a gentleman such as chairs, writing tables, cupboards, chest of drawers, bedsteads, sofas, easy-chairs, teapoys—one godrej safe on stand (large size), etc., etc.
By order of the 6th Presy. Magistrate: 42 cases Tea.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)

1 secondhand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred brougham.
1 secondhand rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.
1 English horse, 4 years old, broken to harness and saddle.

One lot second hand harness and saddle.

1 secondhand motor car "Willys-Knight"—6/7 seater, self-starter, entire electric equipment, in sound order, battery new.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT MAHIM AGAR PARBHADEVI ROAD.

Other instructions from Messrs. Thakoredas and Company, Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and risk of Sukanbai widow of Hussanally Sulleman ji the mortgagor and in exercise of the power of sale contained in the indenture of mortgage dated 11th day of December, 1923, made between the said Sukanbai, widow of Hussanally Sulleman ji of the one part and the mortgagees of the other part Messrs. BENNETT & COMPANY, Auctioneers will sell the undermentioned property by Public Auction on the premises on FRIDAY, the 12th day of June, 1925, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

FIRSTLY—All that piece of pension and tax land (now redeemed) together with messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Mahim Agar Parbhadevi Road Kumbhar Lane, containing by admeasurement about 644 square yards being part of land bearing Collector's Old Nos. 175-176 and 739, New Nos. D/3800, 3803 and 4080, Old Survey Nos. 523, 497, 497 and New Survey No. 1 D/1827 and Cadastral Survey No. 1156 of Lower Parel division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 3409 (2) and Street No. 973A and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Khimji, on or towards the West by Koombhar Galli, on or towards the North by the property of Framroz B. Badsha and on or towards the South by the property hereinafter secondly described.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece of pension and tax land (now redeemed) together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Mahim Agar, Parbhadevi Road, Kumbhar Lane, containing by admeasurement about 664 square yards or thereabouts being part of land bearing Collector's Old Nos. 175, 175 and 739, New Nos. D/3800, 3803, 4080, Old Survey Nos. 523, 497, 497 and New Survey No 1 D/1827 and Cadastral Survey No. 1156 of Lower Parel Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 3409 (3), 3409 (4) and Street Nos. 973, (b) and 873 (c) and bounded, on or towards the East by the property of Khimji, on or towards the West by the Koombhar Galli, on or towards the North by the property hereinabove firstly described and on or towards the South by the property of Balkrishna Harshet.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned or to Messrs. Thakoredas and Company, Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office at No. 38, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

J. S MODY & CO

APOLLO STREET
Telephone No. 23409.

BONA FIDE SALE.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO IRON FOUNDRY OWNERS AND HARDWARE MERCHANT.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY, INSTRUMENTS, CORRUGATED SHEDS, FURNITURE, ETC., OF THE KHANDWANI ENGINEERING WORKS AT SUSSEX ROAD BYCULLA, NEAR VICTORIA GARDENS AND OPPOSITE THE OLD TECHNICAL SCHOOL.

Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., will on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of May, 1925, at 2-30 p.m. (ST.) sell by Public Auction by order of the parties concerned to close partnership account at the "Khandwani Engineering works" at the above address all the machinery, Instruments including screw cutting self acting lathes of 27-14-10 8 ft. drills, punching and shaving machines, motors, iron furnaces, chain blocks, platform scales, moulding blocks, bars compound wires, bolts, nuts, etc., etc., also corrugated iron sheds and furniture of the Foundry.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Digitized by Central assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

TO-NIGHT at 9-15 p.m. TO-NIGHT

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS

AFTER AN ABSENCE OF 10 YEARS.

THE GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH

On a World's Tour

30 EUROPEAN ARTISTS 30

AND WILD ANIMALS OF ALL KINDS.

THIS IS A REAL CIRCUS.

Once you pay us a visit

YOU WILL ALWAYS RETURN SATISFIED.

The Show speaks for itself.

Don't forget we hold Matinees on Sats. & Suns. at 5 p. m. Sharp.

Location: NEAR COLABA TRAM DEPOT

KING CARNIVAL GROUND COLABA CAUSEWAY.

BOOKING AT S. ROSE & CO. RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

W. HARMSTON—*Sole Proprietor.*

AUCTION SALES.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 20521.

SALE ON SUNDAY, THE 10TH INSTANT AT 10 A.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF RICH AND SELECTED PIECES OF DINING DRAWING AND BEDROOM FURNITURE BY MESSRS. JOHN ROBERT, BENJAMIN, BRASSLAUE, DEOJI KANJI AND OTHER WELL-KNOWN MAKERS, FULL IRON FRAMED SWEET TONED COTTAGE PIANO BY KNAKE, GRAMOPHONE WITH RECORDS, RICH CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE, BEST PLATEDWARE, ETC., ETC.

By the order of the Administratrix of late Mrs. Edith Lemiere, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 10th inst. at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at Walkeshwar Road, near Parsi Agiary, rich and selected pieces of dining drawing and bedroom furniture by well-known makers, dining table, leather cushioned dining room chairs, mirror back full sized sideboard dinner wagons and dumbwaiters, fancy drawing room Cabinets, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, rich velvet lined drawing room suite, table ornaments, fancy screens, full iron framed sweet toned cottage Piano by Knake, gramophone with records, writing table and chairs, pier tables, tiled top teapoys, silver show cases, blackwood crifonier cabinets, silver presentation articles, bedroom furniture, solid brass and wooden beds, glass, and panel door almyrahs, fancy dressing chests of drawers and dressing tables, marble top toilet tables, bedroom light chairs, rich crockery, glass and platedware, ice box, meat safes, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 PIECES OF JEWELLERIES.

By the order of Messrs. Lala and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Maneckchand Jordhandas carrying on business at Bombay and Ahmedabad, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 11th May, 1925, at 3 P.M. (S. T.) at their rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:— 5 pieces of Jewelleries.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 CASES COLOURED GROUND PRINTED MUSLIMS.

By order of the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting Indentor, Mr. Manilal Jechand, Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 11th May 1925, at 3-30 p.m. (ST.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Meadows Street, Fort.

10 cases coloured grounds printed Muslims each case containing 100 pieces of 44" x 27yds.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

WONDERFUL DELINEATION WITH AMAZING ACCURACY.

Professor PANDIT MOTILAL, F.B.I.M.S. (London). Scientific Astrologer and Palmist Secretary, British Institute of Mental Science (Incorporated by Act of Parliament) Central India Branch Mhow, C.I. Examines Horoscopes, undertakes all Astrological works, Diseases Palms, Questions answered Advice on health, business, betterment, Marriage, Friends, Courtship etc., at reasonable fees. Charges for one year in detail Rs. 3. Brief reading of your life Rs. 5. Full character reading Re. 1. Send time date month and hour of birth or time of writing letter to above address. Trial solicited. Testimonials about from Civil and Military officers.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK!

A Supremely Thrilling

UNIVERSAL—JEWEL

The Drama of the Jazz Craze, elucidating in a striking manner the modern notions of enjoying life!

"THE MAD WHIRL"

7 Reels—starring the lovely

MAY McAVOY

Supported by

JACK MULHALL
GEORGE FAUCETT
MARY ASTAIRE

An excruciatingly enlivening picture, bubbling with genuine American humour

"THE MAD WHIRL"

A Story that carries the modern artificial ideas of independence and freedom in Society to their logical absurdity.

A Drama in which the modern civilization is shown up with almost brutal frankness.

Conventional lies of Society are exposed and the hollowness of a so-called upper-class Society is picturized with ruthless sarcasm.

"THE MAD WHIRL"

Dedicated with compliments to those who think that the be-all and the end-all of existence consists in drinking bouts and jazz parties.

The Programme includes the International News.

To-Night: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

WEST-END

CINEMA—NEW CHURNEY ROAD.

"PILES"

If you are still suffering from Piles in spite of all treatment

DON'T DESPAIR

USE

RECTO SEROL

A real friend in need.

The tried and tested German Remedy.

100 % results

Sole Agents:—

B. W. SMITH & CO., Chemists.

JUBBULPORE.

ACTIVE AGENTS WANTED.

MAGIC CURES

The "NEVER FAIL" Alcoholic & Tobacco Cures.

With the methods adopted by us, all desire for "ALCOHOLIC" and "TOBACCO" stimulants is permanently destroyed. They (the cures) create a positive distaste for these deadly poisons, and the nervous and diseased system is restored to a healthy and natural condition at your own home or while at work, without publicity or inconvenience.

No unpleasant rules to observe, no strict diet, no distasteful drugs and treatment quite inexpensive.

CURE POSITIVELY GUARANTEED.

For full particulars, apply to:—

CLAUD & STEVENSON,

(Dept. Y.) Byramji Jijibhoy Road,

PANDRA BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHÉ-CINEMA

ROYAL·OPERA·HOUSE

THE FINEST THEATRE IN THE EAST

TO-NIGHT AT 6, 8 and 10

MATINEE TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M.

"PARTED CURTAINS"

starring

HENRY B. WALTHALL

and

MARY ALDEN

A heart-stirring melodrama of one who commits a crime to save another.

"SHOULD SHE MARRY AN ARTIST?"

starring

EDNA MURPHY

A sensational short story film showing what her life would be if she accepted this lover.

PATHE GAZETTE.

POPULAR PRICES.

Under Kind patronage of

H. H. THE MAHARAJA TUKOJIRAO HOLKAR OF INDORE.

YESHWANT SANGIT MANDALI

at GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE

On SATURDAY, 9th May, 1925 at 9 p. m. (S. T.)

and

On SUNDAY, 10th May, 1925 at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.)

SAUBHAGYA LUXMI.

Prof. Shanker Rao Sarnaik, Director. Shripadrao Sadashiv, Agent.

A REAL JEWEL

The Jewel Production of the

HINDOOSTAN CINEMA FILM Co.

JEWEL—THE GIFT BY SURYADEV

SYAMANTAK MANI

A STRONG FIGHT

between

SHRI KRISHNA—KRITVARMA

PRASEN—Decoit KRURSEN

and the BHIL SARDAR

See the result at—

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAON

The programme commencing from Sat. 9th.

Time and Rates as Usual.

IMPERIAL

Owing to the expected great success of the beautiful Indian Picture

HANDSOME BLACKGUARD

the management have decided at the special request of their numerous patrons to repeat this popular photoplay this week. Opening eight parts on Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. The concluding 8 parts on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. The Screen adaptation of the famous Novel by Mr. P. J. MARZBAN, M.A.

HANDSOME BLACKGUARD

KOHINOOR SUPERB JEWEL STARRING

MISS THELMA WALLACE.

MISS YVONNE WALLACE.

To-day & To-morrow 3, 5-30, 8 & 10-30 P.M. (S.T.)

IMPERIAL CINEMA

(Lamington Road.)

WELLINGTON

TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!

The Amazing Story of a Man who was young for two hundred years.

"MAN WITHOUT SOUL"

6 Reels—featuring

IVOR NOVELLO

An extremely enthralling Drama—the theme of which is the prolongation and preservation of human life told in the Settings of romantic Venice.

"MAN WITHOUT SOUL"

There have been many attempts of recent year to discover the secret of life. We read from time to time that some doctor with an unpronounceable name has invented a process of injecting monkey gland or some like serum No great success, however, has attended these experiments to-date and time alone will assess their value. But it is well-known that some amazing and uncanny things of this nature have been accomplished by Indian Fakirs.

"MAN WITHOUT SOUL"

Featuring

IVOR NOVELLO

A Strange Story of a man living in 1723, Submitting to a big experiment of an English Scientist, to inter him alive, with scientific precaditions—and the same man re-awakening in 1923, two hundred years after, quite fresh and young in body.

A Regular Rip Van Winkle sort of a Screen Drama, full of tense situations and replete with absorbing incidents.

"MAN WITHOUT SOUL"

To-Night: 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

WELLINGTON

CINEMA—DHOBI TALAO.

GLOBE CINEMA

Sandhurst Road

5-30, 8, & 10-30 p. m.

Sat. Sun. & Bank Holidays at 3

Prices:—Rs. 2, Re. 1 As. 12, As. 8 As. 4 & As. 3 Including Tax.

4th Week Record run

4th Week Record run

"TOORKEY HOOR"

"TOORKEY HOOR"

The outstanding achievement of the Indian screen.

Dont miss this last chance Next Week. Next Saturday William Fox presentation.—

"FANTOMAS"

An American Serial of 1925 with big sensations. Have a look at our theatre.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May, 8.

China, Cossey, London.
J B Ang Kessler, Dumker, Miri.
Bolmen, Leven, Delagoabay.
Badarpur, Younger, Rangoon.
Japan, Olsen, Gothenburg.

DEPARTURES.

May, 9.

Sturmfels, Maselins, Hamburg.
Ranpura, King, London.
Castalia, Alder, Liverpool.
Aras, Sutherland, Mahomerah.
Bratton Castle, Attwood, Antwerp.

LOADING.

May, 8.

Steamer Baron Glenconer for Calcutta.
Steamer Vasna for Persian Gulf.
Steamer China for London.

S S China:—The P and O S N Co's English mail steamer China, 4172 tons, Captain M Cossey, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with the outward mails of the 23rd ultimo, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Badarpur:—The S W Co's steamer Badarpur, 4949 tons, Captain J Younger, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S S Sturmfels:—The Hansa Line steamer Sturmfels, 3834 tons, Captain C Muselins, will sail to-day from harbour for Hamburg, with a general cargo.

S S Ranpura:—The P & O S N Co's English mail steamer Ranpura, 9268 tons, Captain A M King, will sail to-day from Bellard Pier Station at (1 p.m.) for London, with the homeward mails a general cargo and passengers.

S S Castalia:—The Anchor Line steamer Castalia 4171 tons, Captain H Alder, will sail to-day from harbour for Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Bratton Castle:—The G T Co's steamer Bratton Castle, 4154 tons, Captain Attwood, will sail to-day from harbour for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY DOCKS.

FRIDAY, May 8.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Lanterfels 3849 K'chr N.F. L Edwards Ld.
2 China 4173 London 23/5.
3 City of Melbourne 4125 Cal. 10/5 F F & Co.
4 Aquileia 4307 Geneva 15/5 L Triestino.
5 Clan Urquhart 3757, M. Coast 9/5 J F & Co.
6 Hoogkerk, 2170 Antwerp, 8/5 E D Sassoon & Co.
7 Jalasjyoti 2689 NF, NF, S S W and Co.
8 Warfield 3897 Antwerp, M M and Co.
9 Karoa 3607 Durban 13/5 M M & Co.
9B Glenconner 1844 U. K. N.F. L. Edwards.
14 Aquileia 4307 Genoa 15/5 L Trusten.
16 Registan 2615 House 12/5 M M & Co.
17 Werdenfels 3852 Hall, 10/5 L Edward Ld.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Vigo 3243, Hull 10/5, J F & Co.
5 Borneo Maru, 4264 Kobe 15/5 O S Kaisha.
6 Bandra 1877, Buareh 13/5 M M & Co.
7 Calcutta Maru 3188, Kobe 12/5 N Y Kaisha.
9 Tarantia 3207, L'pool, 19/5 Graham Trading Co.
11 City of Brisbane 4527 Karachi, N.F. Killick Nixon & Co.
12 & 13 Sirsa 3387 NF, NF, M M & Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B Warina 1874 NF, NF, M M and Co.
D and E Mirzapore 4135 Japan 11/5, M M & Co.
F Japan, 3837 Cal. N.F. M M & Co.
G Jamnagar 178, Jamer 9/5, L Naranji & Co.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.

China due about 8th May, Agent P and O S N Co.
Razmak due about 11th May, Agent P and O S N Co.
Malwa due about 15th May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Narkunda due about 22nd May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Maloja due about 29th May, Agent P & O S N Co.

FROM LONDON.

Gazana due about 7th May, Agent M M & Co.
Mandaa due about 18th May, Agent M M & Co.
Durenda due about 1st June, Agent M M & Co.
Domala due about 15th June, Agent M M & Co.
Nerbudda due about 29th June, Agent M M & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of York due about 9th May, Agent K N Co.
City of Harvard due about 15th May, Agent K N Co.
Scindia due about 24th May, Agent Graham T Co.
Massilia due about 7th June, Agent Graham T Co.
Elysia due about 22nd June, Agent Graham T Co.
Circassia due about 8th July, Agent Graham T Co.
Clan Macilwraith due about 23rd May, Agent J F Co.
City of Evansville due about 10th May, Agent K N Co.
City of Baroda due about 14th June, Agent K N Co.
City of Venice due about 9th July, Agent K N Co.
City of Cairo due about 16th July, Agent K N Co.
Olympia due about 22nd July, Graham T Co.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Vinstra due about 25th May, Agent G T Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Axenfels due about 13th May, Agent L Edward Co.
Birkenfels due about 23rd May, Agent L Edward Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Meerkerk due about 10th May, Agent E D Sassoon Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Pilsna due about 18th May, Agent L T Co.
Tevere due about 18th June, Agent L T Co.

FROM GENOA.

Massini due about 20th May, Agent M Italiana.
Gange due about 10th May, Agent M Italiana.

FROM NEW YORK.

Homestead due about 9th May, Agent Volkart Bros.
City of Melbourne due about 6th May, Agent F F Campbell Co.
City of Lincoln due about 14th May, Agent F F Campbell Co.
City of Benares due about 27th May, Agent F F Campbell Co.

FROM KOBE

Sumatra Maru, due about 15th May, Agent O S K
Tamba Maru due about 19th May, Agent N Y Kaisha
Hakata Maru due about 16th May, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Bingo Maru due about 24th May, Agent O S Kaisha.
Indus Maru due about 26th May, Agent O S Kaisha.
Tokushima Maru due about 29th May, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Kovei Maru due about 30th May, Agent O S Kaisha.
Rangoon Maru due about 5th June, Agent N Y Kaisha.
Ceylon Maru due about 19th June, Agent N Y Kaisha.

FROM CHINA.

Nagpur due about 10th May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Lahore due about 18th May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Sardinia due about 21st May, Agent P & O S N Co.
Alipore due about 1st June Agent P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN.

Karagola due about 16th May, Agent M M Co.
Karapara due about 30th May, Agent M M Co.

EXPORTS.

May, 8.

S S Warfield for Antwerp:—56 bales African cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd; 55 bales cotton, Weld and Co; 110 bales cotton, H Nensey and Co.

For Ghent:—110 bales cotton, H Nensey and Co; 110 bales cotton, The Patel Cotton Co, Ltd.

For Hamburg:—50 bales hemp, T Dawoodbhai and Co.

S S City of Brisbane for Manchester:—10000 cwt linseed, Strauss and Co, Ltd; 10000 cwt cottonseed, Strauss and Co, Ltd; 125 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

For Hull:—1501 cwt myrabollams, Mathuradas Bros.

S S Bratton Castle for Ghent:—330 bales cotton, F F Cambell and Co, Ltd.

For Antwerp:—2000 cwt castorseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

S S Hoogkerk for Hamburg:—2000 cwt gingelly seed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 206 cwt mustardseed, C Jivanlal and Co; 4000 cwt groundnuts, Volkart Bros; 122 cwt onionseed, C Jivanlal and Co.

For Rotterdam:—50 bales kapok cotton, E Kalsandas Bros.

S S Castalia for New York:—5 bales squirrel skins raw, Cox and Kings Shipping Agency Ltd.

For Liverpool:—190 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 125 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co, Ltd.

S S China for Middlesbro:—250 tons manganese ore, Graham Trading Co, Ltd.

S S Ranpura for London:—6 bundles woollen carpets, H A Aminoff; 1 case woollen carpets, Macbinnon M and Co.

S S Tarantia for Liverpool:—190 bales cotton, W Latham and Co, Ltd; 1000 tons manganese ore, James Finlay and Co, Ltd; 259 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co, Ltd; 5 bales cotton, R D Tata and Co, Ltd; 88 bales wool, R Veerchand; 65 bales wool, V Domerser.

For Marseilles:—4000 cwt gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co, Ltd.

For Glasgow:—113 bundles shooks, Cutler Palmer and Co; 18 bundles iron hoops, Cutler Palmer and Co.

S S Registan for Hull:—6000 cwt rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co, Ltd.

For Havre:—5000 cwt linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 235 bales cotton, F Snipper and Co; 342 bales cotton, F F Cambell and Co, Ltd; 110 bales cotton, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

S S Persia for Venice:—110 bales cotton, Italindia Cotton Co, Ltd.

S S Tantarfels for Hamburg:—2½ cwt wet salted cuts, H A N Saian.

S S Werdenfels for Ghent:—220 bales cotton, H Rambhagat and Co.

For Hull:—2000 cwt myrabollams, P Mathradas and Co, Ltd.

S S Aquileia for Genoa:—4000 cwt linseed, E D Sassoon and Co, Ltd; 220 bales cotton, Japan Cotton T Co, Ltd.

S S Sturmfels for Hamburg:—10 bales cotton for Textile Products Ltd.

S S Borneo Maru for Moji:—245 bales African cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Yokohama:—200 bales cotton, G K Kaisha Ltd.

For Osaka:—546 bales cotton African, T M Kaisha Ltd.

For Kobe:—416 bales African cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 400 bales cotton, C Damji and Sons; 500 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co, Ltd; 100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

For Hongkong:—52 cwt jardaloo, E S Abdulkarim.

For Yokaichi:—100 bales cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd

For Nagoya:—200 bales cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd.

S S Mirzapore for Shanghai:—1 bale cotton, Patel Cotton Co, Ltd.

S S Calcutta Maru for Shanghai:—500 bales cotton, T M Kaisha Ltd; 1400 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co, Ltd.

IMPORTS.

May,

S S Bovenkerk from Hamburg, Agents E D Sassoon Co, Ltd:—

From Hamburg:—148 bales paper, 14 cases paper, 24 cases iron ware, 21 cases tin boxes, 200 cases slate pencils, 32 cases lampware, 200 cases school slates, 20 cases crockery, 50 cases tinware, 25 cases padlocks, 34 cases ribs, 200 crates soda water bottles, 439 crates codds bottles, 400 D/bags farina, 150 bags barytas, 400 kegs chlorate of potash, 180 drums magnesium chloride, 47 drums sodium sulphide.

From Antwerp:—11 bales paper, 50 cases paper, 45 cases plate glass, 30 cases glue, 56 cases window glass, 250 cases glassware, 100 cases rivets, 196 cases colours, 25 cases champaigne, 12 cases tissues, 12 cases varnish, 50 cases tiles, 273 crates tiles, 100 bags tiles, 400 bags Maiza pearl starch

From Antwerp:—627 casks China clay, 360 bundles steel channels, 62 bundles wire, 447 bundles hoops, 4000 bundles steel sheets.

From Rotterdam:—400 drums asphalt, 426 barrels asphalt, 142 D/bags rivets, 184 D/bags dextrine, 20 D/bags soda ash, 3717 D/bags crystal sugar, 78 D/bags bolts and nuts, 167 D/bags cuminseed, 250 D/bags carawayseed, 50 bags carawayseed, 100 bags farina, 1320 D/bags farina, 24 bales leatherware, 10 bales cotton yarn, 168 bales paper, 1450 bales strawboards, 950 cuffs clove-stems, 100 demijohns formal-de-hyde, 20 drums barium sulphide, 75 drums beer, 275 cases beer, 49 cases wine, 112 cases cheese, 158 cases schnappe, 25 cases hollow glass, 74 cases medicines, 50 cases salad oil, 20 cases geneva, 60 cases chicory, 200 cases maize starch, 206 cases vegetable fat, 50 cases kipper shack, 24 cases colour, 149 cases cottons, 14 cases paint, 135 drums paint, 100 kegs paint, 103 rolls wire netting, 135 cases tubes, 200 pieces tubes, 58 bundles tubes, 20 casks tartaric acid, 600 casks tartasic acid, 600 casks chine clay, 2081 pieces plate cuttings, 675 pieces bridge work, 25 pieces steel plates, 50 bottles acetic acid.

From Karachi:—100 casks rosin, 200 drums turpentine, 87 bags googer, 34 bales wool.

S S Havildar from Calcutta, Agents Turner Morrisson and Co, Ltd.

From Calcutta:—20 barrels lubg. oil, 498 bales paper, 35 bales jute canvas hessian, 99 bales B twills, 75 bales hessian cloth, 45 cases camphor, 45 cases medicine, 30 drums red boot topping, 98 drums linseed oil, 105 drums paint, 807 kegs paint, 44 kegs red lead dry, 110 drums bleaching powder.

From Calcutta:—100 bags salt, 1215 pcs cast iron.

From Vizagapatam:—690 bags gingelly seed.

From Madras:—818 bales cotton waste, 60 bundles cotton waste, 35 cases aniline dye, 250 bags rice, 35 bags tookmari seeds, 125 bags drugs, 20 kegs coloured potash, 10 kegs bleaching powder.

From Tuticorin:—67 bales leaves, 36 bales refused cotton, 9 bales yarn waste, 61 packages gas plant.

From Cochin:—447 bundles coir yarn, 6 bundles coir mats.

From Calicut:—24 coils coir rope, 80 gottas coir rope, 215 gottas coir yarn, 2353 bales cotton, 217 baskets dry ginger, 102 bags turmeric, 231 bags copra, 810 bags cocoanuts, 50 cases mangoes.

From Badagara:—20 bundles hissian cloth, 195 bags cocoanuts, 652 bags copra.

From Tellicherry:—1215 bags cocoanuts.

From Cannanore:—158 bags cocoanuts.

From Pondicherry:—87 bundles cotton waste,

COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 8.

B. C. RATE—
Banks selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 7/8.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 29/32
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/5 9/16.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 15/16.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 31/32.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 665.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 730.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 715.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 116½.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 111¼.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 154.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 208½.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 158¼.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 277½.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dol. 4.85-1/4.
London—Paris Frcs. 93.32.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25-10
London—Brussels Frcs. 96—20.
London—Rome Liras 118.00.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange market was steady.

Bombay, May 8.

6 Months London Discs. 4 3/4 per cent.
6 Months London Discs 4 7/8 per cent.
Bank of England rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 6¼ per cent.
Money 1 Month 6 per cent.
Money 3 months 5-3/4 per cent.
Money 6 Months 5 pe: cent.
Tone of money market:—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India rate 7 per cent.

London, May 7.

Tele. Transfers 1/5 7/8 dull
Bar Gold £4/4/11 1/4 steady.
Bar Silver Spot 31 3/8 steady

London, May 7.

Govt. Securities 3 per cent 58 1/2
Prague 16362
Rentes 3 per cent 45
Bar Silver (Spot) 31 3/8
Bar Silver 2 months hence 31 7/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady
Interest day to day loans 4 1/4
Interest 7 days market loans 3 3/4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th March 1925
Bullion Bars Sold £48,000

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 8.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/5 7/32
Bank Demand	1/5 29/32
Doc. Acceptance 3 m-s	1/5 13/16
Fcs Demand.	672
American Dollars	278 1/2
Hongkong Dollars	154
Shanghai	208 1/2
Japan	116 1/2
Singapore	158 3/4

Market Steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

MIDDLE QUOTATIONS

London, May 7.

Stockholm	18.14
Cristiania	28.93
Amsterdam	12.07
Switzerland	25.09
Prague	163.62

London, May 7.

Exchange on London in Paris 93.42
Exchange on London in Germany 20.38
Exchange on London in Italy 118.20

New York, May 7.

Demand Bills 48475.

DISCOUNTS.

London, May 7.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 1/2
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 3/4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 3/8
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4
5 per cent Rentes 17 1/4

STOCKS, ETC.

London, May 7.

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £88 1/8—1/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £92
War Loan 5 per cent 1929/47 £99 15/16—1/16
Conversion Loan £76 9/16—1/8
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent £101 7/8
Indian Loan 7 per cent £105
Consols 2 1/2 per cent 56 3/4
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent 49 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent (Sterling Loan) 67 3/4

BULLION.

Bombay, May 8.

Sovereigns Ready Rs. 13-8-9.
Sovereigns Forward Rs. 13-9-0.
Bar gold ready, Rs. 21-8-6.
Bar gold forward, Rs. 21-8-6.
Bar gold 2nd settlements, Rs. 21-10-6.
Bar Silver ready, Rs. 71-4-0.
Bar Silver 1st settlement, Rs. 71-4-0.
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 71-8-0.

London, May 7.

Bar gold ready s. 84.11½.
Silver ready, d. 31-6.
Silver forward d. 31-7.
TONE OF SILVER—
Quite steady very little business:—India and China bought.

GOLD.

Bombay, May 8.

Ready:—21-8-6
Vaida Opening Highest Lowest At 6 p. m.
Visak 21-8-6 21-8-6
Jeth 21-10-6 21-10-6
Teji Mandi.
Jeth 0—3—0
Asad 0—4—6
Tone—Market Quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, May 8.

Ready:—71-4-0
Vaida Opening Highest Lowest At 6 p.m.
Visak 71-6-0 71-4-0 71-4-0
Jeth 71 9-0 71-8-0 71-8-0
Teji Mandi.
Visak 0—0—0
Jeth 1—0—0
Tone—Market Quiet.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May 8.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 67-11.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 85-8.
5 per cent. War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95.
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 97-13.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 98-11.
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1925. Rs. 103.
5½ per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928, Rs. 104-8.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926, Rs. 100-11.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927, Rs. 101.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930. Rs. 102-14.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931, Rs. 103-4.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932, Rs. 103-15.
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1933, Rs. 107-8.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974. Rs. 75.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974, Rs. 74-8.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974, Rs. 74-8.
6 per cent. Port Trust due 1930, Rs. 98.
6 per cent. Municipal due 1929-49, Rs. 97.
Tone of Market.—Steady market.
Closing prices of Government Securities and Corporation Bonds etc. are as follows:—
3½ per cent Government Paper 67-11.
4 per cent Conversion 1931/36 85-4.
5 per cent War Loan 1929/47 95-0.
5 per cent. 1945/55 (Tax free) 98-11.
5 per cent 1933 (Tax free) 97-12.
5½ per cent (Repayable at Rs. 105) 1928 (Tax free) 104-8.
6 per cent Bonds 1926 (Tax free) 100-12.
6 per cent Bonds 1927 (Tax free) 101-2.
6 per cent Bonds 1930 (Tax free) 102-15.
6 per cent Bonds 1931 (Tax free) 103-4.
6 per cent Bonds 1932 (Tax free) 103-14.
6½ per cent B. D. Loan 1935 (Tax free) 107-8.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust Guaranteed 74-0.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust 1974 74-8.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust 1930 98-0.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal 1974 74-0.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal 1929/49 97-8.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal Tansa 1954 97-2.
4 per cent. Improvement Trust 1974 74-0.
7 per cent Mysore Loan 1931 106-0.
Quotation for 3 per cent Government Paper is 6/7 of the quotation for 3½ per cent Government Paper.
Imperial Bank of India:—
BANK RATE:—7 per cent (unchanged.)
CASH BALANCE:—105 Lacs down.
Remarks:—
Government securities were quiet with a moderate business passing. 3½ per cent easier owing to selling by speculators. 5 per cent 45/55 and 1933 kept steady. 1925 is firm at about 100/11. 1930's and 1942's are in demand at 102/14 and 103/14 with none offering. 6½ per cent. B. D. L. was done at 107/8. Money continues to be steady. The Imperial Bank's balance is down by 105 lacs which is mainly due to the repayment of 2 crores to the Currency department. The general opinion is that after about a fortnight's time, money will tend to be gradually easy. The intention of the Bombay Municipality to borrow further 150 lacs this year, made the market rather nervous and there was consequently a drop of a few annas. The market seems again better since yesterday.

SHARES.

Share Market remained closed to-day on account of it being a settlement day.

During the week, the market was open for business only for three days.

7th to the 9th inst. the market was closed owing to settlements. The dividends of the Currimbhoy group was declared on Monday. Generally business was very slack in cotton mill shares. Market was generally dull with little business passing as the trade had no sign of improvement. The market had no support of general investors. The market lowered to Rs. 10 to 15 owing to above causes only Bombay Dyeing and Century were handled by the old coal speculator. It is not advisable to operate in these shares on either side.

There was a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Association to consider an application regarding the Swadeshi mills and it was decided, short sellers may budley their shares with caution, and that the committee did not deem it desirable to interfere at this stage.

In the miscellaneous section, there was good enquiry in Tata Steel 1st and 2nd Pref shares, which were transacted at Rs. 94 and Rs. 29 respectively. Bombay Electric Tramways were steady at Rs. 95. Tata Hydro's had a speculative rise but again gave way to an account of weak holders unloading.

The unimprovement of trade brought nervousness to the investers and there were more scrips offering, at very attractive prices of some cotton mills, with no buyers.

SHARES.

London, May 7.

Honkong Bank	£139
Chartered Bank	£20 7/16
National Bank	£47
P. and O. Bank	£11
Eastern Bank	£6 5/16

London, May 7.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

Total Bullion £1,000,000.	£154,700,000	decrease
Public Deposits £6,000,000	£ 11,000,000	decrease
Other Deposits £2,260,000	107,700,000	increase
Govt. Securities £700,000	£37,600,000	increase
Other Securities £3,500,000	£72,700,000	decrease
Notes and Bold £1,000,000	26,100,000	decrease

The Bank Reserve is 22 per cent of the Liabilities.

GOLD.

London, May 6.

Bar gold to the value of about £130,000 from Africa offered this week has been absorbed by India and Continent.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

8th May 1925.

To-day Reuter reported 19 points lower in old crop and 20 to 23 points lower in new crop in New York futures. The market declined early on speculative and local traders selling but improved at the close on short covering. Liverpool has been reported 38 to 34 points down. The market eased on long liquidation.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 7th Inst. as under:—

"Think that market is well liquidated and badly oversold. Trade buying confidently. Good rains in Texas."

Messrs. The Cotton Agents Ltd., have received the following cable D. 7th Inst. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Grunning and Co:—

"Market depressed by a speculative bear movement owing to depression in the American dry goods Market. Demand less than the production. Unless the demand improves the market will decline."

Not-with-standing a further moderate drop reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened this morning at Rs. 456 1/2 that is a rupee higher than previous day's closing rate for fully good M. G. Broach July/August. At the opening on buying by Commission Houses the values gradually improved to Rs. 458. On selling by European and Japanese Exporters, and Marwari shroffs the prices declined to Rs. 456 and the market closed at Rs. 456 1/2 at 4-30 p. m. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 456 1/2 and going down by half a rupee on selling by Commission Houses advanced to Rs. 458 on buying by Bazar operators and closed at Rs. 457 1/2.

Fully Good M. G. Broach April/May opened at Rs. 460 and improved to Rs. 460 1/2 on moderate buying by Commission Houses. On general selling the market gave way to Rs. 459 and closed at Rs. 459 1/2 at 4-30 p.m. Fully Good M. G. Bengal May and July were nominally quoted at Rs. 382 and Rs. 387 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton remained very dull yesterday and the inquiry from shippers was moderate.

To-day, 200 bales Punjab/Americans and 100 bales Dholleras were tendered against Broach contracts, nothing was tendered against Bengal.

Total tenders up-to-date are 6,500 bales Punjab/Americans, 1,100 bales Dholleras, 100 bales Nadi/Viramgam and 1,900 bales Bengals.

COTTON GREEN—CLOSING QUOTATIONS. 6-30 P.M

Bombay, May 8.

Fully Good Broach	April/May	459 1/2
" " "	July/Aug.	457 1/2
" " Bengal	May	382
" " "	July	487

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 8.

Description.	Superfine.	Fine.	F.Good	Good
M. G. Bengal and S Punjab	416	406	391	381
M. G. Kadi/Viramgaon		472	465	455
M. G. Dhollera		462	455	445
M. G. Punjab/American		493	483	473
M. G. Broach	488	483	473	463
M. G. Southerns		458	448	438

EI. COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 8.

Fully Good Broach	April/May	458
" " "	July/Aug	456
" " Bengal	May	386
" " "	July	387
Good Southerns	May/June	433

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 8.

	Ready average quality.	Ready Fine.
Bengal Superfine M.G.	..	..
" Fine M.G.	..	400
" F.G.M.G.	375/80	..
Sindh Punjab Fine M.	..	400
" F.G.M.G.	375/80	..
Punjab Americans M.G.	465/70	..
Wardha-Hingh. Fine	425/30	455
Nagpur	425/30	455
Yeotmal .. Fine M.G.	415/0	435
Pulgaon .. " "	420/25	445/50
Dhamangaon " "	415/20	440/45
Amraoti .. " "	390/400	430
Khamgaon-Akola "	390/400	415/20
Mu kapur " "	370/80	400
Khandesh " "	350/60	385/95
" FG.M.G.	..	..
Broach Fine M.G.	..	480
" Fully Good "	..	465/70
Muthia Fine "	..	..
" F.G.M.G.	..	..
Dharwar S.G.	..	..
Coompta M.G.	..	465
Westerns "	..	430
" H.G.	..	..
Miraj M.G.	..	455
Cambodia	..	500

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

BOMBAY, May 8,

NEW YORK MARKET, 7th May 1925.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
23.23	July	23.15—08	23.04	—19
*22.95	Oct.		22.75	—20
22.83	Jan.	22.75—08	mutilated.	
23.03	Mar.		22.80	—23

* corrected,

New York Spot on 6th May, 23.55-30, New Orleans 23.65-40.

Telegraphic market advices:—
July highest 23.23 (11.17 a.m.), lowest 22.78 (1.38 p.m.), range 45 points Market declined on speculative selling and steadied on short covering.

LIVERPOOL MARKET, 7th May 1925.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 12 noon.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
12.64	May			12.26	—38
12.72	Jul.	12.45—27	12.36—36	12.35	—37
12.51	Oct.	12.25—26		12.14	—37
12.40	Jan.			12.05	—34
Egyptian					
22.90	Nov.			22.50	—40
21.95	Jan.			21.55	—40

Telegraphic market advices:—
(1) Cabled 10.10 a.m.: Light to moderate rainfall Abilene (West Texas). Cool nights.
(2) Cabled 12.35 p.m.: General selling absorbed by trade fixing call sales and scale down limits. Spot sales 8,000 bales.
(3) Cabled 5 p.m.: Light rains Central and North Texas. Trade fixing call sales and straddle buying. We think well of making a straddle by buying January Liverpool and selling January New York at present differences. American Cross rate 4.85 1-4.

COTTON.

Liverpool, May 7.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 10,000 bales.
Total Day's Sales on Spec. and Exp. 300 bales.
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 300 bales.
Mid Americans Spot Universal Standard 1254 fair demand.
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 3225

NEW YORK 11 A.M.
(As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

July	23.15
October	22.81
January	22.70

NEW YOK NOON CALL

July	23.11
October	22.77
January	22.63

NEW ORLEANS 9 A.M.

July	23.28
October	22.45

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, May 7.

Future Delivery Price:—

May	12.33—.31
July	12.41—.31
September	12.27—.32
October	12.22—.29
January	12.13—.27
March	12.14—.26

EGYPTIANS

May	29.50—.15
July	27.40—.35

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Liverpool, May 8.

July	12.37+.02
October	12.15+.01
December	12.06
January	12.06
March	12.08

London, May 7.

Belgium	96.38
Athens	267.50

Cuban Sugar May sellers 12 3/8

CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, May 7.

Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G.O.C. Liverpool.

May	12.26—.38
June	12.29—.38
July	12.35—.37
August	12.23—.35
Steptember	12.22—.37
October	12.14—.37
November	12.08—.35
December	12.06—.35
January	12.06—.34
February	12.07—.33
March	12.08—.32
April	12.07—.31
May	12.06—.31

Tone:—Barely steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON CLOSING PRICES

Liverpool, May 7.

May	29.25—.40
June	27.85—70
July	27.05—.70
August	26.00—.70
September	25.00—.70
October	24.35—.70
November	22.50—.40
December	22.05—.35
January	21.55—.40
February	21.45—.40
March	21.35—.40

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, May 7.

Scinde Good	9.35
Fully Good	9.75
Fine	10.15
Bengal Good	9.45
Fully Good	9.85
Fine	10.25
Oomra Good	10.15
Fully Good	10.55
Fine	10.95
Broach Good	10.75
Fully Good	11.15
Fine	11.55

AMERICAN MARKETS

New York, May 7.

COTTON:—
Day's Receipts all U. S. Ports 13,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain 6000
Day's Exports to Continent 5000
Futures at New York—

July	23.04—.19
October	22.75—.12
January	22.52—.31
March	22.80—.23

Spot Cotton at New York 23.40—.15
Spot Cotton at New Orleans 23.45—.20
Futures at New Orleans—

July	23.20—.17
October	22.38—.19

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 18 1/2
Demand Bills 484.75
Silver Commercial Bar Mined 67 3/4

CLOSING PRICES.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

New York, May 7.

Futures at New York.

July	23.04—.19
October	22.75—.12
January	22.52—.31
March	22.80—.23

NORDEN AND CO.'S WIRE.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., Cotton Cabin Mumbadevi have received to-day the following cable from our friends, Messrs. A. Norden and Co., of New York:—

"Think that well-liquidated and badly oversold. Trade buying confidently."

WHEAT

London, May 7.

Barletta Russo—63 1/2 lbs May/June sellers 62/-
Rozario Santa Fe— 64 lbs May/June sellers 62/6
Tone:—Firmer fair demand.
Australian May/June sellers 59/6
Tone: Firm dearer good trade.
Choice White Karachii May/June quoted 61/6
Soft Red Karachi May/June value 60/6
Tone:—Indians firm quiet—few offers.
Wheat Two Club Calcutta 62/6 May/June Cargoes paid.
Rozario Santa Fe—63 1/2 lbs. April to Spain 62/-
West Australian 59 5/8 May

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay May 8.
(6-30 p. m.)

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by The Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce:—

Ready	Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	58 0 0	8 11 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	59 0 0	8 11 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	..	..
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	11 12 0	12 4 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	..	..
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	12 14 0	13 6 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12 10 0	13 2 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	75 0 0	14 10 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	..	..
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	..	..
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	..	..
Teelseed, Black ..	67 0 0	13 10 0
Poppyseed, White ..	12 13 0	13 9 0
Groundnuts	67 1 0	13 10 0
Mowraseed	9 0 0	9 8 0
Barley	..	..
Castroseed	67 0 0	13 4 0
Cotton Seed Ready Delivery	..	..
Jira	13 0 0	..
Forward,	Rs. a. p	
Wheat, May	8 11 0	
Wheat, Sept.	8 11 3	
Linseed, May	13 6 9	
Linseed, Sept, ..	13 12 3	

METALS.

London, May 7.

English best Selected Copper £63
Standard Copper G.M.B. £59 7/8
Copper Braziers £78 1/2
Yellow Metal 79/16
Hard Spelter 30 1/4
Corrugated Sheets £16 3/8
Tin Block £241 3/4

COPPER.

Bombay, May 8.

	per md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper German	3-4	66 0 0
Copper	1	66 0 0
Copper	1 1-4	64 12 0
Copper American ..	1 1-2	65 0 0
Copper	1 3-4	65 0 0
Copper	2	65 0 0
Japanese Copper Bars ..	..	62 0 0
Panchteka Joint ..	..	27 0 0
Copper, English Bars ..	..	61 0 0
Brass Bars	..	39 4 0
Pat Klai	..	67 0 0
Lead, Country	..	25 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal 3-4	..	56 8 0
" " to 1	.. ..	55 12 0
" " 1-1-4 to 1-1-2, 1-3-4 to 2		55 12 0
German Copper 1 1-2 to 1-3-4 to 2		64 12 0
American Copper 3-4 to 1,	..	66 0 0
" " 1-1-4	..	65 0 0

LINSEED.

London, May 7.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags May/June sellers 22 1/4

Linseed Tone:—Firm inactive demand quiet.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net June/Aug. done buyers 44 1/4

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net Sep/Dec paid 44/-

London, May 7.

Linseed La Plata Argentine £20 1/4 May/July sellers £20 3/16 buyers Firm—inactive demand—Very quiet.

Cottonseed Bombay May/June quoted £9 11/16 quiet.

Castorseed Bombay May/June sellers £23 1/4

Rapeseed Toria May/June sellers £21 7/8

Rapeseed Ferozepore Ferozepore May/June sellers £21/-

Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore May/June sellers £20 1/2

Tone:—Firm quiet demand.

Business was done to-day in Linseed Calcutta for a Apl/May shipment at £22 1/8. In Linseed Calcutta Bold for Apl/May shipment to Hull at £ 22 1/2. In Linseed Bombay for Apl/May and May/June shipment afloat to Hull at £22 5/8. In Linseed Bombay Small for Apl/May shipment at £ 22 1/8. In Linseed La Plata for Apl/May shipment to Hull at £20/-. In Rapeseed, Toria for Mar/Apl shipment to Hamburg at £ 21 3/8 for Antwerp and Rotherdan at £21 5/8. Barley Indian landed at 37/-

MOCATTAS SILVER REPORT.

London, May 7.

Market had rather a better feeling Indian bazaars sent very few orders but Chinese speculators have shown tendency to cover their bear sales which no doubt has been chiefly due to the reported better trade conditions. Chinese operators however, for sometime based their transactions on the Cross rate and since American exchange has now practically stabilised they may prefer to cover their sales rather than prolong to later dates. Outlook is little uncertain but undertone is good. Mocattas think that about the present level of prices will be maintained.

RUBBER.

London, May 7.

Para Up River Fine, Spot June/July sellers 19 1/4
Tone:—Firm.
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot May paid buyers 23 1/2
Ribbed Smoke Sheets May paid value 24 1/4
Tone:—Strong on American demand large business.

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, May 8.

During the week under review Ready Prices have fluctuated within very narrow limits of 2 to 3 As. per cwt. with nearly the same off-take as during the last week. Daily clearance averages 4,300 bags, showing a moderate record of off-take. The highest and the Lowest rates this week were Rs. 18/2 and Rs. 18 for Java and Rs. 17/15 and Rs. 17/12 for Mauritius Crystal Sugar.

Conditions in our Forward Market were rather very irregular during this week. The Market evidenced a weaker tendency at the commencement of the week, steady during the middle of the week and the close of the week recorded a somewhat improving tendency and subsequently to-day the market evidences a drop of 2d. per cwt. This highest and the lowest rates this week were Sh. 16/10 and Sh. 16/7 for June. Sh. 16/8 and Sh. 16/5 for July, Sh. 16/7 and Sh. 16/3 for July-Aug-Sept, and Sh. 16/7 and Sh. 16/3 for Oct-Nov-Dec. Shipment prices for Java Sugar.

Total Stocks are estimated at 1,20,000 bags of Mauritius 6,000 bags of Java and 15,000 bags of Beet Sugar.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—
Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready. Rs 18/2 Per Cwt.
New crop Java Sugar:—
Shipment June, Sh. 16/8 Per Cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment July, Sh. 16/6 Per Cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment July-Aug-Sept. Sh. 16/5 Per Cwt. F. B. H.
Shipment Oct-Nov-Dec. Sh. 16/5 Per Cwt. F. B. H.
Mauritius Crystal Sugar:—
Ready, Rs. 17/14 Per Cwt.

SUGAR MARKET.

BOMBAY, May 8.

We have nothing special to report in our market which ruled quiet but steady during the week with good demand and prices for ready sugars have remained unaltered. Regards forward positions there was much pressure to sell by speculators but no business of imporance reported. A small quantity of White Javas was tone for August-December at 16-4 Free Bombay Harbour by a European Firm. Karachi and Calcutta reported quiet markets with no business. Java London and America reported quiet markets during the early part of the week but since last two days in sympathy with better advices from America, Java has improved and there are few sellers at lower prices while shorts are covering.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—
T. M. O. Rs. 18-0-0 eq. to 19s F. B. Harbour stocks 3,000 Bags.
T. M. O. June 16-7 F. B. Harbour stocks 3,000 Bags.
T. M. O. July-December 16s. 5 F. B. Harbour stocks 3,000 Bags.
B. R. B. Rs. 18-0-0 eq. to 19s. F. B. Harbour stocks 2,000 Bags.
Mauritius Rs. 17-12-0 stocks 140,000 Bags.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, May 7.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta.
June/July seller 16/4 1/2
July/Sep sellers 16/1 1/2
Oct/Dec sellers 16/1 1/2
Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay.
Oct/Dec sellers 16/4
Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi.
Oct/Dec sellers 16/4 3/4

COLOUR MARKET.

May, 8.

The prices in the market are mostly lying flat. Business passing is not significant. Alizarines are in some demand from the mofussil. Big packing is in poor demand. Congo Red had some business at Rs. 1/6 per lb. Benzo Purpurine and Delta Purpurine are not in demand. Magenta Crystals and Fast Red changed hands at Rs. 6 and 5/8 per lb. respectively. Indenthrine Blue and Violet had business at bazzar rates Sulpher Black is dull.

Quotations are:—
Alizerine 20 per cent. paste-Lunger Rs. 68
Alizerine 20 per cent. paste-Cow Rs. 67
Alizerine 20 per cent. paste-I. P. Rs. 66
Congo red Rs. 1/6
Nigrosene Xls Rs. 1/8
Methyl Voilet Rs. 3
Victoria Blue Rs. 2/8
Sulphuric Black Re. 0/13/6
Perpurine Benzo Rs. 2
Perpurine Delta Rs. 2/8
Melachite Green Rs. 2/12
Magenta Xls Rs. 6
Hemetine Xls Re. 0/13
Indenthrene Blue Rs. 4
Soluble Blue Rs. 8
Fast red Rs. 5/8

FREIGHT OF COAL

London, May 7.

Cardiff to Bombay 14/3 to 14/6

BARLEY.

London, May 7.

Karachi Barley May/June sellers 43/-

SOVEREIGNS FOR EXPORT

To India £218,000
To Gibraltar £5,000

London, May 6th

Belgium	96.15
Athens	262.50

Cuban Sugar May sellers 12/3

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

COUPON TICKETS
AT
REDUCED FARES.

Bombay	POONA SEASON	Bombay
Poona	NASIK GOLF	Poona
Nasik	POONA RACES	Nasik

BOOKS OF COUPON TICKETS available between Bombay, and Poona, Deviali and Nasik Road are being issued by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. Each book contains twenty-four tickets available any day during six months from the date of issue. A book may be purchased and owned by any two persons whether related or not, and either or both may make use of the coupons during the period of availability.

With effect from 15th May, 1925, the cost of 24 tickets will be:—

I CLASS RS. 192-0-0
II CLASS RS. 96-0-0

As against Rs. 357 which would be the cost of 24 ordinary tickets first class and Rs. 178-8-0 second class. The coupon tickets are therefore very considerably cheaper than ordinary tickets.

Holders of these tickets can alight from the trains at any station on the journey where a train stops but must give up a coupon at the station where they alight.

The joint holders of a book of coupon tickets can use the book simultaneously if they are travelling to the same destination.

In the event of one hundred additional coupon books being sold, it is intended to run a special train every week end between Bombay and Poona during the Poona season for the benefit of Poona visitors. This will be an additional service; the outward train will leave Bombay at about 18-30 every FRIDAY evening and the return train will leave Poona about 19-30 every SUNDAY evening. Dinner and refreshments will be served on the train. The coupon books will be available by these special trains (if run) and by all other trains between Bombay and Poona except the Race Specials.

Full particulars from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER,
G. I. P Railway,
Enquire at the Publicity Bureau,
Victoria Terminus.
A. E. TYLDEN-PATTENSON,
Ag. Chief Traffic Manager.

PRIMAPHONE.

PORTABLE MODEL.

SOLID TEAK WOOD CABINET, polished in Oak, Mahogany or Walnut polish, separate compartment for records, fitted with nickel corners, locks, and strong leather handle, powerful, reliable, all-steel spring motor of Swiss Make. Ideal sound box giving clear and natural reproduction.

Price: Single Spring, Rs. 60-0-0
Double Spring, Rs. 75-0-0

DELIVERED FREE at any Railway Station in India.

BOMBAY PHONO & GENERAL AGENCY,
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE

of 25 years' fame all over the world.

Sir, I am suffering from the most cruel disease "spasmodic asthma" for the last ... years. I have tried so many kinds of medicines and have consulted so many English, Indian and Burman Doctors without success lately one of my professional brethren (Gokulanand Mohanty), who was also suffering from the same disease, has been keeping perfect health after using your medicine, informed me of the Genuineness of your "Asthma Cure." Believing his words, I beg your generous hand to supply me with your *world famed* ASTHMA CURE per V.P. Post for the use of 8 weeks with all the directions of use and diet, etc. I shall be ever grateful for your kindness.

I beg to remain,
Yours most gratefully,
P. MOHAPATRA
Hospital Assistant,
Railway Dispensary, *Toungoo*,
LOWER BURMA.

Dated 9-1-03.

Address:—
Messrs. K. M. RAY and J.P. RAY BROS.,
Dept. No. 5, Benares City.

NOTE:—Testimonials are sent free. Full amount is to be refunded if radical cure is not effected.

(16)

OFFER OF "OLIVE BRANCH."

MR. DAS'S FARIDPUR SPEECH.

Mr. Das is perfectly right in saying that provided that some responsibility is transferred to the people there is no reason why we should not co-operate with the Government. But he points out that if such co-operation should be real and effective, two things are necessary, viz., "there should be a real change of heart in our rulers" and "Swaraj in the fullest sense must be guaranteed to us at once, to come out automatically in the near future." Mr. Das further suggests that Government should proclaim a general amnesty to all political prisoners and also guarantee the people their fullest right to the establishment of Swaraj within the British commonwealth in the near future and till then sufficient foundation for Swaraj should be laid down. — The Tribune.

A Moderate Speech.

It is a moderate and a strictly political speech that was delivered by Mr. C. R. Das as President of the Bengal Provincial Conference at Faridpore. Its manner and substance are such that a leader of the Moderate Party might as well deliver it. And who were to hear the speech? The delegates of the district, towns and villages of Bengal, representatives of the so-called depressed classes, the cultivating classes, the petty traders and others who had come to hear what they could do for the country in their humble way from the mouth of the great Deshbandhu. But, no, the speech was not for many of them. Mr. Das, it seems to us, had prepared his speech for Lord Birkenhead and our English masters here and across the seas. We certainly expected, and we venture to think the country expected something better, something nobler and uplifting from Mr. Das, whom we have always admired and respected as the prophet of nationalism, the philosopher and the poet. In the speech, we mean, the English rendering of it which has been supplied to us we read the necessity, the political expediency, which has driven him to speak in the manner he has done. We have however a shrewd suspicion that the speech Mr. Das is delivering in Bengali as we are writing these lines will bear on it to some extent the impress of the real Deshbandhu.—"The A. B. Patrika."

A People's Representative.

Those who have read his speech carefully will agree that in his treatment of the momentous issues which are pressing for a speedy and a lasting settlement, the leader of the Swarajya party has not spoken on behalf of himself and his party, but on behalf of the whole country. He has not permitted himself to be disturbed by any questions of *amour propre* nor is it fair to him to say that he is prepared to enter the conference, but will do so with a threat on his lips. The President of the Bengal Provincial Conference at Faridpore has courageously presented the inevitable alternatives, governed by forces over which neither he nor any one else has any control, before the country and those who seek to direct its destiny at the present moment. It is for the latter to make up their minds, to take courage in both hands and to declare in unmistakeable terms what they want; a peaceful India willingly and joyfully co-operating with the rest of the Empire in the service of humanity, or a discontented India, the natural breeding ground of anarchists and revolutionaries, sought to be kept under by arbitrary measures of repression with which no civilised people can be in open sympathy.—"Forward."

A 'Great Advance"

His speech is, we presume, Mr. Das' conception of the response that should be made to Lord Birkenhead's appeal that in the House of Lords. If his statement, taken apart from its context, is still far from satisfying average European, and British feeling, it must in fairness to Mr. Das be remembered that, in affairs like Faridpur and Serajgunj—the names of similar instances in the history of all countries leap readily to the mind—the context cannot be disregarded, and for the first time since he definitely joined the Extremists, Mr. Das' language to a large meeting of his fellow countrymen does represent a great advance on anything he has hitherto said in public. Like most Indian orators, the best as well as the worst, Mr. Das was unable to avoid an academic argument as to the ideal forms of Government for a nation or an individual. Mr. Das prefers the use of the term Swaraj as implying "government of the self by the self for the self."—The "Englishman."

"Disappointed."

For ourselves, we do not find any proof of it ("change of heart") in the Bureaucracy. But Mr. Das may know more. All that we see is that as before so even now Lord Lytton is willing to give another chance to Mr. Das to save Bengal from being declared as a "Backward" Province under the new Government of India Act. This is really no change of heart in His Excellency but only his old ambition to help Bengal so far as it lies in his power and within the limitations of the present constitution towards a fuller and fuller measure of provincial autonomy and thereby save also his own reputation and secure an honoured place in the history of the Province which he has been called upon to rule. We were honing some definite terms of reasonable compromise from Mr. Das's present utterance. But we have been disappointed in this. But we are still not hopeless of his and our future.—The "Bengalee."

"A New Role."

It is altogether gratifying to find him in a new role to-day, the role of a co-operator, eager to work the Reforms and even to be a Minister under the diarchic dispensation. It is true no doubt that some of his erstwhile followers will not relish the metamorphosis, but who will gainsay the fact that their disillusionment too will not be long in coming? For ourselves, we are sincerely glad of the turn which Mr. Das has given to affairs in Bengal, although cynics will not be wanting to characterise this latest somersault as yet another instance of reprehensible climb-down on the part of a prestige-bitten national leader who has for long been playing for time after having foolishly committed himself in an unguarded moment to an impossible course of political action.—Justice.

A Small Conference Needed.

Mr. Das has spoken of the preparation of the people for mass civil disobedience if the response from the British is not adequate or otherwise satisfactory. Here lurk vast possibilities of such a divergence of opinion as to throw into the background the agreement on fundamental points and make united action difficult if not impossible. Eager as we are for unity as a great necessity of the present political situation, we will not exaggerate those possibilities. But equally keen as we are to prevent the reaction that must follow the frustration of unrealizable hopes, we should not minimize the difficulties indicated in that part of Mr. Das's address. But the progressive political parties being all animated by a common patriotism, having a common ideal and largely agreeing on the means of realizing it, friendly conversations among the acknowledged leaders ought to result in such an agreement as to make united action much more than a possibility—an accomplished fact. We do not suggest a big conference like the one held at Bombay in November. Neither do we suggest an overgrown committee such as that which met in Delhi. And we do not suggest the complication of the problem by the inclusion in the conversations of a single question besides that of united political action between the parties. Suppose, for instance, Mr. Gandhi on behalf of the Congress, Mrs. Besant of the National Convention, Messrs. Das and Nehru of the Swaraj party, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Mr. Jinnah for the Independent and Mr. Sastri and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru on behalf of the Liberal party meet and exchange ideas with a view to common political action, the attempt may fail but we shall be no worse than we are, but if it succeeds very great will be the gain to the country.—The "Leader."

Mr. Das's "Trouble."

He refrains from saying "one word against the honesty of purpose or the ardour of patriotism which these young men are capable of showing," and he observes that his desire is to "create the atmosphere for national civil disobedience" which requires "a high state of organisation an infinite capacity for sacrifice". The organisation no doubt will present little difficulty, if there arises that "change of heart", which Mr. Das hopes will come about in Government circles and bear fruit in the release of all "political" prisoners and the divestment by the executive of its "wide discretionary powers of constraint." It would be more interesting to know whence is the sacrifice to come, the history of subversive agitation teaches that it comes from the dupes and not from the organisers. Mr. Das's trouble is that, having by some accident stumbled into the political limelight he cannot, except by keeping silent, conceal his fundamental incapacity for political leadership. Each time he makes a "pronouncement"—and the importunities of his admirers unkindly compel him to make one often—that incapacity is more pitilessly exposed.—The "Pioneer."

A Mighty Gesture of Peace.

Faridpore has come with the pursuit of peace by gesture and it may be deemed, if so the British Government will, as a definite stage in the approach of peace. In answer to Lord Birkenhead's appeal for "co-operation," Deshbandhu Das in his presidential address to the Bengal Provincial Conference has categorically and well set out the terms on which he is prepared to respond to the invitation. And those terms are such that the most disgruntled cannot take exception to them and indeed, to which even the Moderates with their well-known predilections towards refraining from embarrassing the Government cannot justly demur. For, in a forceful statement of the views and demands of the party of which he is leader, the Deshbandhu has not pitched his claims higher than what British statesmanship itself has averred it proper to yield. Now, the onus of meeting the situation has wholly been thrust on Lord Birkenhead and the British Government, so that if the chance to achieve peace is not taken hold of, the guilt will by party of which he is leader, the Deshbandhu no means attach to the Swarajists.—The "Hindusthan Times."

"Epochmaking."

The remarkable presidential address of Mr. C. R. Das at the Faridpore Conference is indeed a fitting sequel to the changed mentality exhibited by him in his recent manifesto and subsequent correspondence with the Secretary of State for India. It will indeed mark an epoch in the history of the Swarajist movement and give a right lead to his innumerable followers in Bengal and other parts of the country. The indiscretion that Mrs Das had committed by giving a support to the Shah resolution at the Serajgunj Conference last year and which gave the enemies of our people both in England and in this country a handle to accuse the Swarajists as anarchists and revolutionaries, has been, we think, entirely wiped out by the unequivocal declaration by Mr. Das of the policy of his party against all violent methods of securing Swaraj. His open and public disavowal of all sympathy with political crimes and criminals, we believe, will remove from the mind of the Government all misapprehensions regarding his political creed. We offer our hearty congratulations to Mr. Das on the recovery of his health which has enabled him to deliver this epoch-making speech and which appears to have converted him from the apostle of destruction to a sober and far-sighted politician.—The "Express."

.....Cut this out along this line.....

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE ENTRY COUPON

			Rs
See Directions on Picture Page. To-day	12	1st Prize	150/-
		2nd ,,	75/-
		3 Prizes of 25/- each.	75/-
		Total ..	300/-

26 of these coupons of different numbers entitle to one entry.

THE "WAHDAT."

STAFF SUES FOR SALARY.

The Registrar, Small Cause Court disposed on Wednesday applications of the staff of the "Wahdat" a local Urdu Daily, praying the court to issue notice (which had consequently been issued) to Seth Mian Mohamed Haji Jan Mohamed Chhotani, defendant No. 1, as proprietor of the "Wahdat" and Abu Yusuf Asfahani defendant No. 2, as the former's agent and Managing Editor of the said news-paper, to show cause why the applicants should not be allowed to sue them *in Forma Pauperies* for their wages due since February last. The defendants were made to pay, then and there, a sum of Rs. 100 out of the admitted amount to the five applicants in part-payment of their dues to enable them to file a regular civil suit with due court-fees and thus to avoid controversy re *Forma Pauperies*.

In persuance of the same procedure the defendants had to pay before the Registrar a sum of Rs. 108 also on the 4th instant, to five applicants form the said staff. The salaries have been claimed by the Sub-Editor down to the peons.

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Positive Preventive, Powerful Germicide and Infallible Cure for all kinds of Fever.
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Cocogem is so highly refined and free from acidity that it allows a much higher cooking temperature than ghee or other shortening. Ghee and animal fats smoke and burn at 300°F., Leaving food heavy, indigestible and cloying with absorbed fat and imparted ghee flavour.

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Cocogem imparts no flavour but intensifies the natural flavour of your food.

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Karnik's AGUE Mixture
THE tried specific for Ague, Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas 13
KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY.
Karnik's AGUE Mixture.

GUARANTEED HARMLESS SCIENTIFIC CURE.

LEPROSY

Nodular, Tubercular, Anæsthetic, Pure or mixed, and due to any origin promptly cured by internal and external specifics including those of fumigation and bath for 45 days' use at Rs. 15 per set.

Dr. Fernandes, Major, M.B., I.M.S., Professor of Dermatology, Grant Medical College, Bombay, after examining our patient under treatment states:—She says she is hopeful of a complete recovery. P. Veeraswamy, Esq., Surveyor, Cocanada :—I am cured by yours alone.

LEUCODERMA

or plane patches, due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood or other causes cured by specifics, internal and external at Rs. 10 per set.

Mr. J. L. Proctor, Bombay :—Cured my white patches entirely. Dr. B. N. Misra, L.M.S., In-charge, Police Hospital, Puri:—Used in two cases found good result. Mr. B. Singh, Port Blair:—My son got complete cure. Capt. A. T. Shaikh, Shikarpur, Sind :—Leucoderma specific very useful

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KHADIA, AHMEDABAD.

BOMBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the past week the Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole have displayed a continuance of downward tendency and last quotations to hand register a substantial decline both in New York and Liverpool as compared with last week. Early the market advanced a little on scattered buying, but later the prices gave way on long liquidation and speculative and Wall St. selling on better crop reports.

Since our last report, the American markets have shown a decidedly sagging tendency, and with the fresh decline bringing out more "long liquidation" the short element have made the most of their opportunity to force values to a lower level. Cable advices attribute this continued decline to improved weather conditions in Texas and Oklahoma which factor has led to aggressive short selling and force' long liquidation.

Strictly speaking the recent favourable weather has probably shown an increase in acreage, with the result that prospects for the crop seem to be flattering on the surface. Should beneficial rain still continue it may easily develop a considerable short interest, with a substantial drop in values. For some time to come the weather is the all important factor to be reckened with, and this at the moment constitutes rather a weak position for those with "bullish" proclivities. Moreover there is absence of any fresh development, and until a stimulus to activity is increased by new factors the markets may adopt a nervous attitude.

Regarding Manchester trade reports there is a distinct lack of enterprise about at present and buyers seem to display a waiting attitude. Customers abroad have apparently no great attitude in current rates and look for still lower values, and consequently putting off purchases, except in small quantities. When prices are considered safe and attractive we shall undoubtedly see a considerable buying movement, and with an improved trade off-take, a quick change in the situation would probably take place. There was a better demand during the week for American spot cotton, and sales put through show a distinct improvement over those made last week.

On the whole after the recent continued decline we consider that a reactionary tendency may develop in the near future, but this rise in our opinion will only be a slight one, in view of the fact that there are several unsettling factors at the moment and the lack of enterprise is so conspicuous that values may gradually recede. Should there be a substantial fall in next crop options at any moment, we think that it would certainly be well to take advantage of this by purchasing autumn and winter positions like next January around 12 pence basis in Liverpool.

As regards the position of the local market, the general tendency is in favour of lower prices but the market at present is sustained by April-May Broach contract, as Broach cotton is still in good demand principally by Japanese Exporters, all other descriptions being entirely neglected. Whilst there may be temporary reactions we think that the feeling locally will continue downward and that we may witness prices ruling at a still lower level.

Concerning the ready market, stocks of actual cotton are day by day accumulating and with practically entire absence of demand, excluding fine Broach, from either Europe or Japan for the time being, the pressure of cotton is making itself felt and it looks as though holders might have to give way considerably before attracting any interest by Exporters.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:—

	last week	this week
New York July	24.17	23.04-113
New York October	23.79	22.75-104
New York January	23.69	22.52-117
Liverpool May	12.64	12.26-30
Liverpool July	12.79	12.35-44
Liverpool October	12.71	12.14-57
Liverpool January	12.62	12.06-56

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully good M. G. Broach July-August opened on the 1st inst., at Rs. 462½ and gradually declined to Rs. 459 on Commission Houses and Bazar operators selling. On the 2nd inst., the market opened at Rs. 460 and advanced to Rs. 461½ on Bazar operators buying. On selling by Commission Houses the market receded to Rs. 460½. On the 4th inst., the market opened easier at Rs. 458 in sympathy with a decline in New York futures, and further eased to Rs. 456½ on selling by Commission Houses and Bazar operators. On the 5th inst., the Bazar opened at Rs. 456½ and gradually improved to Rs. 460 on Commission Houses and Exporters buying. Although a further drop was reported in New York futures the market opened steady at Rs. 461 on the 6th inst., and steadily improved to Rs. 465 on Exporters and Bazar operators buying. On general selling the prices gave way to Rs. 463. In sympathy with a further decline in America on the 7th inst., the market opened easier at Rs. 459 and going down to Rs. 455½ improved to Rs. 461 and closed at Rs. 455½ easier.

Fully good Broach May opened on the 1st inst., at Rs. 458 and gradually gave way to Rs. 455 on Exporters and Bazar Operators selling. Again going up to Rs. 457 on scattered buying the prices gave way to Rs. 454½ on Shroffs selling. From this level the market advanced to Rs. 463 on considerable short covering and closed on the 7th inst., at Rs. 458½.

Fully good Bengal May opened on the 1st inst., at Rs. 404 and closed on the 7th inst., at Rs. 382 the highest being Rs. 404 and the lowest Rs. 382. Whilst Bengal July opened at Rs. 407 and closed at Rs. 386 on the 7th inst., the highest being Rs. 407 and the lowest Rs. 386.

PIECE-GOODS.

The cloth market has been generally quiet during the past week. The turnover has been very small and has not totalled to important dimensions. The wholesale demand from the consuming districts has been absent and the small retail demand has not been sufficient to maintain the present level of prices, and the tendency seems to be downwards. Consumers have been content to hold aloof watching further developments.

In spite of the depleted stocks in upcountry, the want of confidence in present rates has hindered purchases on a free scale, and buyers are not inclined to depart from their policy of purchasing from hand to mouth. One occasion after another has been looked for from time to time for the advent of a brisk demand, but all hopes have so far been been frustrated, and as the monsoon is approaching, stocks will accummulate and will have to be carried over for atleast three months, which would mean locking up of capital in these hard times, and loss in interest, insurance charges and godown rent. The future course of the market being very uncertain, there is a further risk of the possible depression in prices, which would result in heavy losses to the holders of stocks. Fluctuations in the rate of exchange may also upset all calculations regarding the margin of profit in goods to arrive. Manchester is very anxious to do a large trade with India and efforts are being made to formulate a plan whereby the state of trade can be improved. It is possible that prices may be cut fine by those in the trade, which would enable shippers to quote lower rates to induce fresh business. But the Joint Committee of the Cotton Trade Organisations which for the past three weeks has been inquiring into the state of the Industry has reported that no general reduction in prices is possible and says that trade is gradually recovering, but is still handicapped by the diminishing purchasing power of the world's consumers. It feels that an important reason why Lancashire is unable to secure a sufficient volume of trade to ensure full-time working is that in a few specific markets certain particular classes of cloth, formerly bought regularly in large quantities, are no longer demanded in such volume. However, at a public lecture on Indian Trade at the Manchester University, Mr. H. A. F. Lindsay, the Trade Commissioner for India is reported to have pointed out that the fact that the price of Cotton goods was 169 per cent above pre-war level, while the price of food grains was only 35 per cent above the pre-war price, explained the serious decline in the Lancashire export of cotton goods to India, because the latter indicated the purchasing power of the Indian cultivator who was the chief consumer of cotton goods.

If prices were reduced fair business would no doubt result, but the the dealers and firms holding stocks, bought at higher prices will have to suffer losses. Merchants are therefore anxious to sell of their goods irrespective of the quotations for these cloths from Manchester. On the other hand, if Manchester manufacturers receive large orders from other consuming markets, the dealers here would not have the chance of purchasing goods on favourable terms and may even mis the delivery time owing to the engagements. At present the merchants are very slow in raising limits and business has therefore been scarce.

39 inches Red End Grey Shirting of Manchester make have been easier by two annas per piece. As this standard cloth usually serves as an index regarding the state of the market, it now shows which way the wind is blowing. Grey Drills have not shown any change either way. Grey Jaconets have receded by an anna per piece in prices, owing to the absence of demand. White shirtings have been easier by two to four annas per piece—White Mulls have been steady. 52 inches 20 yards White Mulls of thick quality suitable for Madras has appreciated in value to a fair extent. 28 inches by 18 yards Range of Nainsooks have shown a reduction of four annas per piece. In Japanese cloths prices here have been generally steady, but "C" and "9 Dragons" sheetings are said to have been sold at Rs. 9/10 per piece Ex-Bond for forward delivery.

Local Mill cloths have been quiet in the absence of demand. Dealers holding stocks are willing to sell off quantities at a heavy loss but without finding buyers. Without any joint action of the mills the situation seems to be very precarious, and heavy stocks have been accummulating. The tendency of prices seems to be downwards and buyers have no confidence in the present level.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p
Ralli's Fari No. 200	39×37½/38		12	8	0
„ 100,000	..45× „	..	15	4	0
„ No. 33,000	..45× „	..	14	0	0
„ No. 2800	..37× „	..	11	0	0
„ No. 4545	..38×38	..	12	0	0
„ No. 15000	..44×38	..	12	8	0
„ No. 16000	.. „	..	13	0	0
„ No. 17000	.. „	..	13	8	0
Graham's No. 2730	39× „	..	12	2	0
„ No. 2750	..45× „	..	15	4	0
„ Yellow Horse	43×39	..		..	
„ No. 2310	..44×38	1-2..		..	
Dewhursts BBB	..38×38	1-2..	19	8	0
„ BB ..	..38×38	1-2..	17	0	0
„ Rupee No. 5	38×38	1-2..	16	0	0
Ritchie's No. 510	..39×37	1/2/38	12	2	0
„ No. 4462	..41× „	..		..	
Lyon's Shunker	..39× „	..	12	2	0
Fleming's 1904-1906	45,48,51×38		18	0	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	29×40 Net		21	0	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	26×40		15	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	..45×22	..	7	15	0
„ No. 18	..40×22	..		..	
„ No. 158	..40×22	..	6	11	0
„ No. 636	..44×22	..	7	0	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	32×42	..	24	2	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	..36×40	..	28	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889	..33×40	..	18	8	0
Forbes K. B. 100	..33×40	..		..	

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	..41×19	..	7	15	0
„ No. 60	..46×19	..	8	11	0
„ No. 600	..51×19	..	9	7	0
„ No. 6000	..56×19	..	10	15	0
„ No. 88	..58×20	..	8	8	
„ No. 1270	..27×18	..	3	10	0
„ No. 166	..39×20	..	8	4	0
„ No. 818	..39×20	..	8	6	0
„ No. 1440	..36×20	..	5	8	0
„ No. 5352	..42×20 Net			..	
„ No. 2755	..42×20 Net			..	
„ No. 1703	..52×20 Net		15	4	0
„ No. 224	..44×20	..	7	2	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18	..	3	10	0
„ No. 119	..37×18	..	4	12	0
„ No. 229	..42×18	..	5	4	0
„ No. 339	..47×18	..	5	12	0
„ 1K-4K38",43"48"53×18	Avg.		5	14	0
„ No. 95	..58×20	..	8	7	0
„ No. 66999	..40×18	..	5	8	0
„ No. 86999	..40×18	..	6	0	0
„ No. 775	..40×18	..	6	0	0
„ No. 875	..45×18	..	6	8	0
„ No. 975	..50×18	..	7	0	0
„ No. 615	..50×18	..	7	0	0
Graham's Balloon	..58×20	..	8	7	0
Greaves' No. 5060	27×18	..		..	
Flemings No. 8080	..26×18	..	3	5	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070-9090	27×18	..	4	8	0
„ No. 61-81 ..	„	..	4	4	0
„ No. 1850 ..	„	..	3	11	0
„ No. 1900 ..	„	..	3	13	0
„ No. 2600 ..	„	..	3	15	0
„ No. 21021 ..	„	..	4	1	0
„ No. 39620 T. B.	38×22	..	6	13	0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888	28×18	..	5	4	0
„ No. 95950-97970 Saraswati	..38×18	..	8	8	0
„ Tipoo W/WWW	34×18	..	6	2	0
„ No. 50000 ..	„	..	6	10	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360			7	2	0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656 6767	..26×18	..	4	4	0
Greaves' No. 30000-50000	„	..		..	
„ No. 8000 T. B.	38×22	..		..	
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 5520 ..	..26×18	..	4	4	0
S. W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car" ..		..	4	3	0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—

No. 666 Shirtings	..38×38	..Net	12	0	0
„ AAA 17 lbs.	..36×40	.. „		..	
„ 2500 Shirtings	36×40	.. „	18	0	0
„ 5151 „	..44×38	.. „	16	4	0
„ 4141 „	..44×38	.. „	12	6	0
„ 5544 „	..44×38	.. „	12	8	0
„ 3800 „	..44×38	.. „	20	4	0
"C." Sheetings	..30×36	Ex. Bond	10	3	0
"9" Dragons	..30×36	Ex. Bond	10	3	0
"Elephant" Drills	..29×40	.. „	18	0	0
"Duck" Drills	..26×40	.. „	16	4	0

YARN MARKET.

BOMBAY, May 8.

Since our last, the yarn market has ruled very quiet, and prices all round have experienced further decline owing to heavy pressure of selling from all quarters. The dealers have now lost confidence, and are prepared to dispose off their holdings at market rate. The mills are making all possible efforts to sell at least their stocks, as they have now realised that they will not gain by waiting but will rather lose further. The Japs have been offering and offering so much so that now the buyers have got tired inspite of their apparently cheap and veryf inducing rates. In fact they cannot afford to lose and lose. Manchester is also a seller but the prices offered are much too high. Everybody being thus a seller, the buyer is not ablo to take up such a heavy burden at the moment due to his much restricted capacity, and under the circumstances, the prices are falling, and should continue to fall so long as this state of affairs lasts. Up-country markets do not respond as yet, and our market has become stagnant. American advices have been easier during the week and this had added fuel, to the fire. Position on the whole remains very disappointing, and although dealers, consumers and Mills have been making all possible efforts to relieve themselves from this unfortunate situation, a further careful handling alone will make matters suitable for further business.

The Japanese Sales during the week have been wonderfully cheap, and even the best brains are unable to account for them to the satisfaction of the Trade. Business during the week is only for about 500 packages.

Demand for Indian Yarns has dwindled down further and the rates are rapidly falling, in some cases about half an anna has dropped during the week, and yet this does not improve the situation by removing some stocks. Mills are experiencing this with due care and attention, and try to make the best of the bad situation.

The general tone is still easy, and a further drop is not unlikely unless of course some improvement in offtake is experienced in the next few weeks.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS. DAILY QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 8

		per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kilachand	..	No. 14 1-2	0	12	9
Kilachand	..	No. 20 1-2	0	14	6
Currimbhai	..	No. 12 1-2	0	12	6
Elphinstone	..	No. 12 1-2	0	12	0
David	..	No. 10 1-2	0	11	9
Shapurji	..	No. 10 1-2	0	11	6
Trikamdas	..	No. 10 1-2	0	11	9
Sattara	..	No. 10 1-4	0	11	9
Shapurji	..	No. 6 1-2	0	11	0
Light-house	..	No. 6 1-2	0	10	9
Japan	..	No. 40—1	1	4	0
„	..	No. 42—2	1	5	3
„	..	No. 20	0	15	3
„	..	No. 32	1	2	4

CHEMICAL MARKET.

May 8.

Dextrine white and Litharge Saw Considerable animation this week, the former being Quoted at B. 2400 and the later at Rs. 43/8/0. Caustic and Bichromate Soda have had no vital changes in values. Aniline and Epsom Salt are steady. Demand in Sodium Sulphide kept very small and stock are abundant, Zinc Chloride changed hands at Rs. 20 and Sago flour at Rs. 12-8 per cwt. Farnia is Quoted at £19-10 per ton cifci Bombay Market in general is flat.

Quotations are:—
Epsom salt, Rs. 4-1-0.
Antimony salt, Rs. 0-8-0.
Acetate lead white, Rs. 42.
Bleaching powder, Rs. 12-0-0.
Potassium Chlorate Rs. 0-4-6.
Caustic soda, Rs. 20-0-0.
Magnesium Chloride, Rs. 3-12-0.
Dextrine, Rs. 24-0-0.
Maize starch, Rs. 16-0-0.
Copperas green, Rs. 4-0-0.
Sodium Sulphide, Rs. 9-3-0.
Acetic acid, Rs. 0-8-0.
Aniline salt, Rs. 0-9-3.
Glauber lead Brown, Rs. 34-0-0.
Acetate lead Brown, 34-0-0.
Bichromate potash, Rs. 36-8-0.
Hydrosulphide soda, Rs. 0-12 3.
Zinc Chloride, Rs. 20-0-0.
Litharge flake, Rs. 43-0-0.

BREUL AND CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIA COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, May 8.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st September. This year	Last year
Khandesh	627	281,238	335,778
Central India	417	312,288	294,428
Barsi and Nagar	140	187,463	186,492
Hyderabad-Gaorani	..	93,1[illegible]2	99,188
Berar	534	547,022	614,914
Central Provinces	89	248,714	248,640
Total Oomras	1,807	1,669,827	1,779,440
Dholera	3,789	184,072	147,080
N. W. Provinces	..	129,720	120,589
Rajputana	155	65,180	76,417
Sind-Punjab	300	342,849	300,471
Broach	5,281	409,231	295,952
Coompta & Dharwar	1 212	75,118	120,986
Westerns-Northerns	814	51,233	55,273
Coconada	..	1,249	149
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	132	15,726	18,771
Persian	..	3,937	5,644
American	..	9,649	..
Egyptian and African	655	36,668	30,639
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	..	3,487	819
Total	14,143	30,04,946	29,52,230

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 30th April. This year	Last Year.
Europe	2,995	475,432	881,901
Japan & China	5,360	1,381,469	1,257,452
Coast Ports	..	24,285	45,284
Upcountry by Rail	..	10,817	17,755
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	..	54,451	4,4053
Total	8,345	1,946,454	2,246,445

HEDGE CONTRACTS.	Delivery.	12 Noon	1 p.m.	3 p.m.	Bales Tendered 8-5-25	Total
F.G.M.G. Bengal	May.	381/82½	..	..	Nil	1,900
„ „ „	July	386½/87	..	..	..	..
„ „ Broach	A.-M.	460	460½	460	300	7,700
„ „ „	Jy.-Ag	456½	458	457	..	..

	R.	a.	p.	GOLD & SILVER.	Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold, Ready	21	9	0	Silver, Ready	71	6	6
Mint Gold, 1st Settlement	21	9	0	Silver, 1st Settlement	71	6	0
Mint Gold, 2nd	21	10	6	Silver, 2nd „	71	10	0

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay 8th May

(Bombay Quotations at 2-30 p. m.)

Description.	Ready	A/May	J/Aug.
1924/1925 Crop			
Broach M.G.F.G.	..475/77	461	458
Oomra M.G. Fine	..420/25		
„ M. G. Black leaf.	..400/10		
Bengal M. G. Fine	..397/400		
„ M. G. F. G.	..382/85	383	387
Khandesh Black leaf	..360/70		
Khandwa/Sanavad	..375/410		
Jalna/Aurrangabad.	..365/385		
Harda	..460/460		
Ujjain	..415/425		
Parbhani	..410/20		
Purna.	..420/25		
Nander.	..425/30		
Barsi/Kurdoowadi.	..375/400		
Wardha/Warora.	..460/65		
Nagpur	..460/70		
Katol	..465/75		
Adoni	..445/50		
Sindh/American	..470/75		
Sangh/Miraj	..470/75		
Bagalkot	..450/55		
Coompta	..470/75		
Tirupur	..510/15		
Kadi Vramgam M.G.F.G.	..465/60		
Dhollera M.G.F.G.	..445/50		
No deceand.			

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1924-25	1923-24
Receipts to date 7-5-25	9029000	6437000
„ Yesterday do	13000	4000
Exports to date do	7468000	5120000
Stock at Ports 1-5-25	710000	453000
„ Interior Towns. do	508000	435000
„ Liverpool do	1037000	569000
Visible Supply 2-5-25	2949000	1854000
Quantity in Sight do	13939000	10615000

Receipts at Bombay.	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
Yesterday.			
14143	3004946	2932230	3094403.

Exports by rail from 1st Sept. to 30th April.

1924-25	1923-24
10817	18523

Total Stock in Bombay on 30-4-25 9,20,297 B/s. last year—9,26,866 B/s.

Total Shipments from 1st, Sept, to 4th May.

	1924-1925	1923-1924	1922-1923
Europe	486931	891449	638835
China	212678	160193	310736
Japan	1188773	1097259	1345912
Coast-Ports	25786	46869	43065
Total	1914168	2195770	2338548
Aflaot in harbour			
Europe	15638	18089	7147
China Japan & Coast ports	42130	8577	39222
Silver	Gold	Govt Paper.	
71-5-0	21-9-6	67-10-0	

WEEKLY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, May 8, 1925.

The decline in the home markets has continued and we have to record a further appreciable decline in prices.

	July	Oct.	Jan.
New York 30/4/25.	24.17	23.79	23.69
Do. 7/5/25	23.04	22.75	22.52
	—1.13	—1.04	—1.17
	July	Oct.	Jan.
Liverpool 30/4/25.	12.79	12.71	12.62
Do. 7/5/25.	12.35	12.14	12.06
	—.44	—.57	—.56

All cables received during the week indicate the New Crop is making satisfactory progress and taking advantage of this and quieter trade conditions the Bear clique in New York has continued to hammer the market daily. We are now hearing nothing about the absence of moisture in the Western portion of the Belt, but as we pointed out last week this is a factor the effect of which will not become fully apparent until later in the season. Whilst the market on the other side is so completely in the hands of speculators whose operations will be largely influenced by weather conditions it is useless to express any decided market views. We would however like to remind our clients that a very large short interest must have accumulated and on adverse weather conditions there might be a sudden rush to cover. Violent fluctuations are therefore probable. However as weather conditions during the month of May are usually good the chances are that with the sentiment in America so bearish some further decline in values during this month is more than probable.

The position in the local market has been peculiar. For some time past there has been practically no fresh demand for Indian cotton, either from Europe or the Far East whilst local Mils have continued to buy if anything more sparingly than before. The price of everything except Broach has declined in sympathy with the tone in America. The only reason for this state of affairs must be that Exporters previously have commited themselves to a larger quantity of Broach cotton that they have conveniently been able to secure in time for shipment. From what we can gather there is still a short interest here and until it is covered Broach will remain over its proper intrinsic value. We have little doubt however that the exporters will soon find means to straighten out their position and we accordingly feel that hedge sales of July/August Broach against stocks are now reasonably safe.

RECEIPTS

Bombay, May 8.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 6th May 1925.

Cotton	..	..	14143 Bales.
Wheat	..	..	49034 Cwts
Linseed	..	..	34994 „
Rape etc.	..	..	2871 „
Gingellyseed	..	..	1075 „
Poppyseed	..	..	696 „
Groundnuts	..	..	4112 „
Castorseed	..	..	13603 „
Rice	..	..	80515 „
Myrabollams	..	..	1·34 „
Cottonseed	..	..	13920 „
Mowrassed	..	..	Nil „
Gram	..	..	3944 „
Juwar	..	..	592 „
Masur	..	..	Nil „
Barley	..	..	736 „
Bajri	..	..	3593 „
Coal	..	..	1448 Tons

MILL STORES MARKET

May, 8.

The market continues lifeless and without any signs of immediate animation. Hardeners have been steady but in view of absence of demand, the local market is not likely to indicate any signs of improvement. The spot inquiry is extremely thin, consequently the prices are ruling easy. Cotton Healds, Reeds, and Japanese Bobbins are without material changes in values in the course of the week. Roller cloth 18 oz is rather scarce—the price quoted is Rs. 10-8-0; fillets and Banding have been quiet.

The quotations are:—
Healds—15/40 s Re. 1-5.0.
Reeds Re. 0-2-5.
Roller Cloth 16 oz Ken Rs. 9-8-0.
Roller Cloth 18 oz Ken Rs. 10.8-0.
Scroll Bandings Rs. 1-4-9.
Tubular Bandings Rs. 1-14.6.
Ropes Rs. 1-15-0.
Fillets Emery Re. 0-2-6.
Card cans Streel Rs. 3-0-0.
Card flannel-twill 62 Rs. 4-2-0.
Slubbing tubes Wilson Rs. 49-0-0.
Ring Rabbeth 5" Enamel Jap Rs. 7-8-0.
Wraper Bobbins English Rs. 65.0-0.
Dobby Harness Rs. 19.0-0.
Card cans Fibre Rs. 3-8-0.
Sizing flannel 72" Rs. 4-8-0.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

MONEY.

The turn of the month brought no relief to the money market, and firmer conditions still prevail both with the Banks and the bazar generally. Calcutta as well, reports a brisk demand for funds and considering the fact that a further reduction in the Bank rate must be preceded by a repayment to Government of a further Rs. 2 crores, it is not likely that the official rate will be lowered for at least a fortnight. For Call money there are keen borrowers at 6½ per cent to 6 3/4 per cent. Banks pay for one month fixed 6½ per cent., for two months 6 per cent and 5½ per cent. for three.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India as at 1st May 1925, shows a reduction of Rs. 104.77 lacs in the cash balance which now stands at Rs. 19,11,54,000. Loans and Cash Credits are up by Rs. 116.42 lacs and Rs. 167.52 lacs respectively, while Inland Bills are down by Rs. 186.70 lacs. Government Deposits and Other Deposits show an increase of Rs. 88.31 lacs and Rs. 30.[illegible] lacs respectively. The statement shows a reduction of Rs. 2 crores under Loans from Paper Currency bringing the figure down to Rs. 6 crores. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 18.60 as compared with 19.57 of the last week. The Bank rate is unchanged at 7 pr cent.

The gilt-edged market presents a dull tone and seems to have adopted a waiting policy until money becomes less stringent. 3½ per cent. Paper is quoted at Rs. 67/11. 5 per cent. Loans, 1923 and 1945-55, were put through at Rs. 97/12, and Rs. 98/11. 5½ per cent. Bonds, 1925 and 1928, were placed at Rs. 103 and Rs. 104/6. 6 per cent. Bonds, 1926 and 1927, changed hands at Rs. 100/10 and Rs. 101; 1930 at Rs. 102/14 and 1932 at Rs. 103/14. 6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan is quoted at Rs. 107/7.

The currency figures as at April 30th 1925 shows a decrease of Rs. 297.47 lacs in the total number of notes in circulation which now stands at Rs. 179.61 crores. Silver coins are down by Rs. 101.47 lacs, while silver bullion under coinage shows an increase of Rs. 4 lacs. Gold bullion remains unchanged at Rs. 22.31 crores. The percentage of metallic reserve to circulation (excluding notes under section 26 of the Indian Paper Currency Act) is 55.57.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange has been a firm market throughout the week and mainly influeced by the cash position, the market has risen by fully 1/16d. Opening at 1s-5 27/32d. for ready T. T. the rate advanced to 1s-5 29/32d. with business done at 1s-5 15/16d. in Calcutta. The latter market has shown greater strength than ours. While there was a complete absence of export bills, the inquiry for remittance is also limited. Early in the week bullion dealers bought about £200,000 but towards the close the demand fell off. In the forward market rates were steadier, with sellers of May at 1s-5 7/8d. June at 1s-27/32d. July to October at 1s-5 13/16d. and November/December being offered at 1s-5 27/32d.

The dollar sterling quotation after further improvement from Dollars 4.84 to Dollars 4.85½, reacted to 4.85¼ at which level it closes steady. French francs closed at 93.20 Belgian at 26.20 and Italian Lira at 118.

GOLD.

In sympathy with sterling exchange, the decline in the gold market continued through out the period under report. Heavy unloading by bulls brought the rate down to Rs. 21-8-0, the lowest of the week, a level not reached for many years except temporarily during 1920-21. At the decline there was a fair amount of beer covering, and the daily off-take has increased to some 50,000 tolas. A large volume of business was reported. At the lower level the tone of the market appears steady in view of the present off-take and comparatively small volume of expected arrivals. The stock has decreased and approximates about 15 lacs tolas. The Official price per fine ounce in London is 84s—11½d. and the market price is 345-11½d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21-10-6 and Rs. 21-8-0 for ready, Rs. 21-11-0 and Rs. 21-8-0 for 9th May settlement and Rs. 21-12-6 and Rs. 21-10-0 for 7th June settlement. Sovereigns are quoted at Rs. 13-9-0 and Rs. 13-9-6 for ready and forward. The incoming mail is expected to bring in about £4,25,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £6,10,000. The total import of gold during the week amounted to Rs. 8,40,948 in bar and coin. This week's shipment is expected to be £3,25,000.

SILVER.

This has been a featureless week in the silver market with only moderate business passing. After opening at Rs. 71/1 for ready the price improved to Rs. 71/6 over the week-end but later during the week has reacted to Rs. 71/3 in spite of a net improvement, reported from the London market. China bears are reported to have bought in London, while sales by America were effected in Bombay and more substantially in London. In Shanghai, in consequence of heavy stocks, money is still plentiful, and export business is slack. The tone of the market at the close seems steady, depending largely on the attitude of China and America. India is, for the present at least, a less important factor due to the diminished daily off-take which averages about 240 bars. The rate for T. T. on London in Shanghai improved from 3s-0-5/8d. to 3s. 1d. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 31½d. and 31 5/16d. for ready and 31½d. and 31 3/8d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 71/6 and Rs. 71 for ready, Rs. 71/8 and Rs. 71/3 for 13th May settlement and Rs. 71/11 and Rs. 71/5 for 11th June settlement. The stock is estimated at about 8,500 bars after allowing for the export of 181 bars of silver (value Rs. 26,45,100) by s.s. "Mirzapore" to Shanghai. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £185,000. The total import of silver during the week amounted to 2531 bars and Rs. 91,288 in coin. This week's shipment is expected to be £7,000.

SHARES.

There were four working days on the Stock Exchange during the period under review. Cotton Mill shares were generally dull in view of the present lethargic condition of the yarn and cloth markets, while cotton continues a firm market. The margin of profit for the industry is minute and, unless the demand for manufactured goods revives with the next monsoon or a substantial decline in the price of cotton takes place, the outlook of the cotton mills in ominous. While such is the condition of the industry as a whole, the price of some shares like Bombay Dyeings and Centuries has been steadily pushed up by bull operators who hold the bears with a firm grip. The following are the fluctuations in some of the principal cotton mill shares:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 1117/8-1122/8, Century Rs. 551/4-550; Central India Rs. 491/4-490; Crescent Rs. 230-23/4-225; Fazulbhoy Rs. 950-937/8; Kohinoor Rs. 1205-1150; New Great Rs. 256/4 345; Pearls Rs. 547/8-527/8; Simplex Rs. 165-167/8-163/12 and Swadeshi Rs. 610-630.

The miscellaneous market presents a dull tone. Andhra Valley were quoted at Rs. 470. Tata Iron Ordys. have improved from Rs. 12/8 to Rs. 14/4, with deferreds also advancing to Rs. 50. Tata Hydros improved from Rs. 933/12 to Rs. 963/12. Cement shares were quiet. Bundis quoting at Rs. 8. Katni Ordy. Rs. 51/4 and Deferreds at Rs. 140. Railways shares continue steady at last quotations.

Among Bank shares, Imperial Bank shares remain steady at Rs. 1410 with contributories at Rs. 353/12. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 74 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 22/12.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Bawla murder trial at 11-30 a.m.

The s.s. "Rampura" with the English mail leaves at 1 p.m.

Adjourned Meeting of the Bombay Prov. Congress Committee, Congress House, Girgaum 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

MONDAY, May 11.

Annual General Meeting of the Western India Automobile Association at 6-30 p.m. at Taj Mahal Hotel.

CITY MORTALITY.

Statement showing the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 7th May 1925, to 6 a.m. of 8th May 1925:—

Small-pox 3 attacks, 1 death; Cholera nil attack, nil death; Plague 1 attack, 1 death, Influenza nil attack, nil death. Total mortality (exclusive of stillborn) 92. Total mortality this day last year 99.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. "Umona" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 10th inst.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. & O. S.S "Razmak" (Extra) is expected to arrive here from Marseilles at 8 a.m. on Monday the 11th instant and lands 10 passengers at No. 5 Alexandra Dock.

The homeward P. & O. Mail steamer "Kaisar-I-Hind" with the Mails from Bombay of 25th ultimo arrived at Marseilles at 6 a.m. on the 8th instant. Passengers travelling by the P. & O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

The P. & O. Mail Steamer "Mantua" arrived London on Thursday the 7th instant.

The s.s. "Clan Macindoe" left Liverpool on the evening of the 6th inst.

ITALIAN AVIATOR.

The Italian Aviator left Karachi at 11 this morning and was expected to reach Bombay about half past four to-day. (Friday).

BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

An adjourned meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House, 223, Girgaum Back Road.

SHRI LAD YUVAK MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, Goswami Shri Gokulnathji Maharaj will deliver a lecture on "The Primary Elements of Vaishnavism" to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Ladwadi (near C. P. Tank).

COMMERCE GRADUATES ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association a Saturday social will be held to-day at the Club premises Wadia Building, Dalal Street, at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) The Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna will meet the members at 4 p.m. All B Coms. are invited.

"FIRE WORSHIPPERS."

Under the auspices of the Zarathoshti Bhai-band Mandali (Zoroastrian Brotherhood) Mr. Jehanbux Bomanshah Vatcha will give a musical recital from Thos. Moore's Lalarookh on Fire Worshippers to-day (Saturday) after the monthly Jashan Ceremony at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) of the Anjuman's Fire Temple Hall, Dhobi Talao, when Mrs. Heerabai Ardeshir Tata has kindly consented to preside. All Zoroastrians are cordially invited to attend.

"F" WARD DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A adjourned meeting of the Council of Management of the above Committee will be held on to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's Office Ghaswalla Building, Parel.

A NEW GUJRATI MAGAZINE.

Mr. Shivlal V Shah of Messrs. Vardhman & Sons declared himself the Publisher of the New Gujrati-Story Magazine "Chandani" before the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay on 7th instant.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the weekly Divine Service in the Bombay Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon to-morrow (Sunday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) All are invited to attend.

The morning Divine Service will be conducted by Mr. Y. V. Bhandarkar at 7-30 a.m.

RAMJI ASSAR VIDYALAYA, GHATKOPAR.

The annual prize distribution ceremony and gathering of the past and present students of the Ramji Assar Vidyalaya Ghatkopar will take place to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-15 a.m. (S.T.) under the Presidentship of Sheth Kanji Kalan on the Vidyalaya grounds. A very interesting programme of Music and dialogues has been arranged. All are cordially invited.

CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE DADAR BRANCH.

Under the auspices of the above Institute a public Meeting of the members of the local Co-Operative Societies and co-operators will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. in the Dadar English School to consider the desirability of starting a Co-Operative Buying Club and a Co-Operators' Club, when Mr. A. C. Dutt, the Asst. Registrar of Co-operative Societis Bombay Division, will address the audience. All interested in the Co-operative movement are requested to attend.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Yatiswarananda of the Sri Ram Krishna Mission will conduct a public class on "The Gospel of Sri Ramkrishna" at the Ramkrisna Ashram, Khar, Bandra at 8-30 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) and will also give a public deourse on 'Raja Yoga' at the Students Brotherhood, Arya Bhavan, Sandhurst Road at 30 p.m. on the same.

Swami Ishwananda will deliver a public discourse o "Bhagvat Gita' to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. at Kirtikar's wadi, Lady Jamsedji Road Dadar. The Gita class at Saraswat Hall, Gadevi, will be conducted by the Swami at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

BOMBAY RESIDENCY RADIO CLUB.

"Shamlal Bau' says he has written to the Bombay Presidency Radio Club as follows:—I was highlypleased to hear the Indian Music Programme of Friday, the 1st inst. Especially the Harmonium Solos of Mr. S. H. Sukthanker were masterly played. Mr. Sukthanker's vocal basic was also very melodious and stylish. Especily his last gazal was so enchanting that I my friends are arranging for his concert. M Sukthanker has a heavenly gift of music id I request the Bombay Presidency Redio Club to arrange for Mr. Sukthanker's concert atleast once a week. I request Mr. Sukthank to communicate to me as I intend to enga him as a music teacher in my family. I have heard many harmonium players at Calcutta b Mr. Sukthanker's style of playing is so touching that a man forgets himself. I request the music loving public of Bombay to take advantage of such a masterly artist.

RADIO PROGRAMME.

A select programme of music will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club today (Saturday) at 9 p.m. Call sign 2 FV. Wave length 387 metres.

ANOTHER MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

KHOJA WOMAN FOUND DEAD IN HER ROOM.

At about 8 p.m. on Thursday information was received at the Dongri Police Station that a room on the first floor of a charitable house at Tantanpura was found locked up from inside and that some person was suspected to have died inside. The police repaired to the scene and on opening the door they found that a Khoja woman named Lirbai aged about 45 years, was lying dead on her cot. The whole body was swollen and was giving foul smell. The body was found in a highly decomposed state. The woman was living alone in the room but it was not known as to who locked her room from outside and how and when she died inside the room.

At an inquest held by Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, Coroner, on Friday, Motibai, a Khoja woman, neighbour of the deceased said on Tuesday last at 9-30 p.m. she saw a man talking with the deceased in her room. They were taking food together. The visitor was drunk and was making noise. The neighbours called one Sheikh Ahmed a mason who called the deceased out. Deceased told him that the visitor was her nephew. About five minutes after the visitor left. Next day witness went to the deceased's house but found her room locked from outside. She could not say who locked the door.

Dr. C. V. Thornton Acting Police Surgeon who made the post mortem examination said the body was in a highly decomposed state and for that reason it was impossible to discover any injuries.

The stomach contents being sent to the chemical analyser, and the police investigations having been incomplete, the Coroner adjourned further hearing.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. D. N. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Tricumdas Purshottamdas was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 1,219-14-0 and forging document with a view to cheat.

Mr. H. B. Spencer prosecuted while the accused was undefended.

The facts as alleged by the prosecution were that both the complainant Dr. R. N. Karoday and the accused knew each other since 1922. As the accused was out of employment during 23 he approached the complainant for a loan. The complainant told the accused that as he had no ready cash with him at the time the complainant decided to arrange a loan for the accused. The complainant took the accused to the Central Bank on April 19, 1923 and mortgaged two shares—one of Andhra Valley Co. and another of Hydro Electric Co.—for Rs. 850 and gave the sum to the accused. The complainant did not take a promissory note from the accused. The shares were in the name of the complainant and his brother R. N. Karoday. On May 5, 1924 the accused came to the complainant and asked him to give a letter of authority on the Bank to hand over the shares to the accused as he (accused) told him that he was going to redeem the same. The accused redeemed the shares but he did not delivver the same to the complainant. In the meanwhile the accused persuaded the complainant's brother to sign his signature on the blank transfers given by the Central Bank on telling the brother that the doctor had asked him to do so. The accused then forged the complainant's signature on the blank transfers and sold the shares for Rs. 1,219-14-0. As the accused tried to put off returning the shares to the complainant, complainant's suspicions were roused and he addressed letters to Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. and Tata Hydro Electric Co. It was then that the complainant came to know that the shares were sold. Later on during August 1924 complainant received a notice from Mr. Akreija pleader on behalf of one Harivallabh T. Parekh claiming damages for failure of consideration for the sale of one Andhra Valley share by the accused. The accused subsequently sent a letter without date to the complainant in which he admitted having committed forgery and wrote that he did not wish to disclose his whereabouts. The accused pleaded guilty.

The case was adjourned to 12th instant.

CONVICTED OF THEFT.

Mr. D. N. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate sentenced Baboo Amir-Khan, a Mahomedan with one previous conviction to pay a fine of Rs. 50 or in default to suffer 2 months' hard labour for the theft of a bicycle.

Sub-Inspector D'Costa, who put the accused said that cycle belonged to M. A. Junglewalla, a clerk in the office of the Official Receiver, High Court. The complainant lost his cycle from Alice Building a month and half ago. The accused was arrested by a policeman on Lamington Road on April 30 on suspicion. The accused pointed out the place from which he had lifted the cycle. The accused pledged the cycle with a Marwari for Rs. 12. The complainant identified the cycle as his own.

The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced as above.

A HAKIM IN TROUBLE.

Sub-Inspector Abdul Ghani put up Natha Kala Hakim, a Unani practitioner before Mr. D. N. D. Khandallawalla, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate on a charge of causing death by a rash and negligent act.

Mr. H. B. Spencer, prosecuted while the accused was undefended.

The prosecution story was that the accused is a Unani Hakim. A year ago Devichand, a twelve year son of Indujl Newaji, had an attack of paralysis. The boy was brought down from Marwar to Bombay for treatment. That was eight months back. The boy was put under the treatment of the accused who prescribed marking nut oil for application. The boy complained of burns all over the affected parts and later on developed lock-jaw. The boy was later on removed to G. T. Hospital where he succumbed and the House Surgeon was of opinion that death was due to tetanus following burns.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned to May 18.

ADDRESS TO THAKORE SAHEB OF LIMBDY.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Humanitarian League and Gauraksha Mandali, a public meeting will be held under the Presidentship of Sir Purushottamdas Thakoredas, to-day at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.), at Sheth Mulji Jeitha Cloth Market Hall in Shaikh Memon Street, to present an address to H. H. the Thakore Saheb Sir Dajiraj Limbdi as a mark of gratitude and appreciation for His Highness' humanitarian acts such as the prohibition of cow-slaughter and export of animals and prohibition of all slaughter on several religious days.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE CINEMA.

Criminal stories seem to have a fascination for everybody and this one entitled "PARTED CURTAINS" the most vivid and pathetic of its type yet screened, should prove universally popular.

The story, a melodramatic one, deals with the life of a poor, hard working man, who embezzles money to help a friend. He is eventually caught and is imprisoned for seven years, after which period he is re-leased. Every cinema brings remorse to the man that commits it. It is heart rending to see the trouble and hardships this criminal undergoes. It was Emerson who said that there was no den in the wide world to hide a rogue—"Commit a crime" said he, "and the earth is made of glass". In this case the criminal's past is all against him, everybody shuns him. Henry Walthall, is spendid in the hero role and Mary Alden makes a charming heroine.

In chapter five of "Her Dangerous Path", Corrine, the heroine, becomes the wife of an artist and is thrown into a life of free love and irresponsibility. The climax comes at the Artists' ball, when the girl attempts to rescue an innocent rustic model who is the victim of her husband's lust. Down a wire Corrine slides to save the girl. Should she marry the Artist and take the chance?

EXCELSIOR AND EMPRESS THEATRES.

With so many super productions on the screen, cinema audiences are blase and hard to please, but few films of recent years have enjoyed such universal popularity as "The Thief of Bagdad" Douglas Fairbanks' latest and greatest production. It has enjoyed record runs everywhere since its first appearance in New York, where it was hailed as a film masterpiece. This week the entire film will be shown at the Excelsior and Empress Theatres. It is a long film, having fourteen parts, but it is proportionately good.

The picture is a delightful fantasy in a most artistic setting. It is the Arabian Nights translated into pictures, with Douglas Fairbanks in a part he revels in giving, as it does, ample scope for his amazing "stunts" and for his wonderful film personality. It is essentially a fairy story but one that will make an irresistible appeal. The audience will be transported into a magic realm of flying carpets, winged horses and Magicans.

The plot its briefly, that Ahmed, the thief of Bagdad, loves the Princess, whose hand is sought by three Princely suitors of the East He disguises himself as another rich suitor, but is discovered, punished by the Caliph and banished. But he has won her heart and how he finally wins her hand, using magic against magic, is unfolded in the course of the film.

This film will be the sole attraction at the Excelsior and the timings will be 3, 6 and 9-30 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays. On other days 6 and 9-30 p.m. at the Empress, the daily timing will be 6-30 and 9-30, with extra performances on Sunday at 10 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. and on Saturday at 3-30 p.m.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

"Twin Beds" at the Empire Theatre this week is a comedy of a little Italian tenor, who mixes his beds after mixing his drinks. Then there is a horrified wife to conciliate, a jealous husband to dodge and a very much offended lady to whom to explain things. It is wholesome farce, full of amusing situations and fun from beginning to end. There is Mrs. Hawkins making frantic endeavours to evict from her boudoir the worried intruder, whose intrusion is a mystery to her, and a hundred other amusing situations. Everything is straightened out in the end to th satisfaction of all.

Carter DeHaven and his wife are the stars in this First National production, which is said to be one of their cosliest productions.

WEST-END.

The Management of the West-End Cinema (New Charney Road) screen to-night and this week a superb Universal-Jewel Drama "The Mad Whirl" (7 reels) featuring the popular stars May McAvoy and Jack Mulhall. It is a story of the mode of jazz life now in vogue in the millionaire American families. Daily night revelries, parties, dances, late hours —and the entire family beginning its breakfast morning after morning with headache powders! Many beautiful bathing scenes together with some of the best interior gorgeous dancing and party scenes ever filmed, are the chief attractions. The drama gives us the vivid idea of the harmful nature of leading the gay dizzy life in the heated atmosphere of the gilded saloons George Fawcett as the reformed saloonkeeper, now running a soft drink establishment and Mary Astaire, as the notorious flapper, do some very smart piece of acting.

WELLINGTON.

There have been many attempts of recent years to discover the secret of life. We read from time to time that some doctor with an unpronounceable name has invented a process of injecting monkey gland or some like serum. No great success however has attended these experiments to date, and time alone will assess their value. But it is well-known that some amazing and uncanny things of this nature have been accomplished by Indian fakirs. These mystic wizards have been known to bury a man alive and to leave him interred for as much as two months when he has been unearthed apparently unharmed. Such an interesting topic has been picturized in a superb Novello-Allas Production in 6 parts, which is to be screened tonight and this week at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao). It is entitled "The Man without Desire" and is the amazing story of a man who was young for two hundred years. Beautiful scenes of Venice and its canals are the features of the film.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, May 8.

The disturbance on the frontier has passed into Northwest India and has caused widespread rain in the Hills.

The temperature is below the normal over the whole region from the Deccan to the Frontier.

Rainfall has been nearly general in the North West Frontier Province and East Baluchistan and local in Assam, Kashmir, Sind, Central India West and Coorg.

A few falls have also occurred in Tenasserim, Bengal, Orissa, Punjab, Gujerat, West Central Provinces and South-east Madras.

The chief amounts are:—Dhubri one and a half inches; Berhampore and Mymensingh three-quarters; Multan and Simla one and a half. Peshawar, Parachinar and Drosh a half; Fort Sandman three-quarters; Quetta, Rajkot, Pamban and Salem a half; and Kodaikanal three-quarters.

Forecast:—Decrease in Baluchistan and North West Frontier Provinces and extension in the Punjab and the United Provinces.—A. P.

An old Etonian dinner will be held at Viceregal Lodge Simla on Thursday the 4th June. Old Etonians who desire to attend are asked to send in their names to the A. D. C. invitations, Viceregal Lodge.

G. I. P. RLY. ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

REFRESHMENT-CAR AND 3RD CLASS PASSENGERS.

The following has been issued by the Secretary, of the G. I. P. Railway Advisory Committee:—

Among the subjects discussed at the 12th meeting of the G. I. P. Railway local Advisory Committee, which was held at Victoria Terminus on 7th May 1925, were the following —

This proposal which was put forward by a member of the Committee, was that an Express train for first and second class passengers should be run from Bombay to Poona and back at week-ends during the Poona Season, leaving Bombay at about 6.30 p.m. every Friday and returning from Poona at about the same hour on Sunday evening. Such a train, it was stated, would supply a long-felt want especially as, compared with the usual afternoon Poona mail train, it would give business people a matter of more than three hours extra time in their office, which and particularly so on mail days, was of very great importance to them.

The Chairman in commenting on the proposal pointed out that the railway were tie in the matter of putting on extra trains by the question of profit and loss. With this new train there would undoubtedly be diversion from the present service but he would be prepared to put on this train with effect from 1st July or earlier on the condition that 100 books of coupon tickets—50 first class and 50 second class,—were purchased by the public over and above the number purchased last season.

The Chairman also advised the Committee that the Railway proposed to make a further reduction in the charges for the coupon tickets for journeys from Bombay to Deolali and Nasik, and Bombay to Poona for the coming season.

REFRESHMENT FOR 3RD CLASS PASSENGERS

The Chairman explained that a good deal had been said in the Assembly and very often in the Press in recent years that whereas the first and second class passengers were well actered for on a long journey, the third class passenger was kept in a state of starvation. The Railway had, therefore, as an experiment put into service a special car built as a third class refreshmen car with the intention of providing meals and tea for third class passengers and this car had run for six months on the Delhi service.

The report on the experiment together with the observations of an officer of another Railway showed that the car had been patronised by the third class passengers to a small extent and the results were disappointing with little hopes of improvement. During the six months' trial an average of 31 meals per mensem only had been served in the car. It was thought that the difficulty in getting the third class passenger to use the car was due to the fact that he did not care to leave his seat in the train for fear that it might be taken by another passenger and that his luggage might be pilferred. Furthermore, it was thought that the third class passenger when travelling seldom partook of a full meal and much preferred to purchse through the window a light meal or a cup of tea from the vendors on the platforms by whom the trains on the G. I. P. were well served. There were also caste objections.

Taking the above into consideration the Committee acquiesced in the decision of the Railway that the car should be withdrawn.

THIRD CLASS SEATING ACCOMMODATION

This referred to a proposal to alter the existing throw-over back seats in the third class carriages to fixed back-to-back seats—the idea being to provide more comfortable seat for the passenger and to reduce construction and maintenance costs. A sample coach fitted with both types of seats had been inspected by the Committee, but as the members were divided in regard to any alteration being made it was decided to allow the coach to run for some time in service and thus to ascertain which form of seat the public preferred.

JUBBULPORE-ALLAHABAD SECTION SUBURBAN CARRIAGES

The Chairman explained to the Committee that the above section of railway was being handed over to the G. I. P. Railway to work as part of the general scheme for the re-grouping of Railways.—A. P.

HINDI SABHA IN HYDERABAD

PT. MALAVIYA TO PRESIDE.

HYDERABAD, May 6.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has consented to preside over the 4th Session of the Hindi Sabha Annual Gathering Hyderabad (Deccan) to be held on 24th, 25th and 26th May 1925.

Grand preparations are being made to make the gathering a success and for the reception of its President elect.

All interested in Hindi are cordially invited to attend and requested to inform of their arrival, at least a week before, the Secretary, Hindi Sabha, Choodi Bazaar, Hyderabad.

Sir Gordon Fraser, M.L.A., left Madras on 7th inst. for Bombay *en route* to England.—A.P.

We understand that the Hon. Mr. Chumlal V. Mehta, Member Executive Council, Bombay, is shortly proceeding on four months leave outside India in accordance with the amended of Government of India Act.

H. H. the Jam Shahab of Nawanagar, Sir Dhunjibhoy and Lady Bomanji, the Earl of Cawdor, the Earl of Dudley, Mr. N. Gupta, C.I.E., Major General Sir H. J. Holman, Sir Haji Ismail Sait, and Lt.-Col. Sandilands, are among the passengers by the S. S. Ranpura leaving Bombay for Marseilles to-day.

The Commander-in-Chief lunched with the Viceroy on Friday.

FILMS FOR WEMBLY CASE.

FRAMING OF CHARGES.

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day resumed the hearing of the case against Collin Campbell Rogers, Dudley Rogers and Mrs. Nora Campbell Rogers, mother of the first and second accused on a charge of conspiracy, cheating and forbery in connection with films for the Wembley Exhibition. Before the charges were framed the counsel for defence said that on the evidence produced by the prosecution no charges ought to be framed against the accused. There was no clear or concise evidence of conspiracy among the accused, no evidence of agreement among the accused, had been given. There was no evidence to show that Collin Rogers had got nothing to do with Gaumont Film Company. There was nothing to show that they were not the agents of the Gaumont Company except a telegram sent to them which was inadmissible under the Evidence Act. It had not been proved that the accused were not going to screen the films they had taken at the Wembley Exhibition. The cablegram sent by Collin Rogers showed that he had already started business in the name of the accused as representatives of the Gaumont Film Company. The whole question was whether the letter authorising the accused to take films on behalf of the Gaumont Film Copmany was a forged document. There was no evidence that it was a false letter. The mere fact of putting down somebody's name in the absence of other elements was not forgery.

The Magistrate framed charges of conspiracy, forgery, cheating and abetment of those offences against all the three accused persons.

The case was adjourned till the 21st instant.—A. P.

CONVICTION ON CHARGE OF FORGERY UPHELD.

CALCUTTA, May 7.

At the High Court to-day before Justices B. B. Ghose and Panton application for admission of an appeal was made on behalf of A. H. Turner who had been convicted by Mr. Justice C. C. Ghose presiding over the last December Criminal Sessions of the High Court and agreeing with the unanimous verdict of the jury of cheating and forgery and sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment. The prosecution case was that on February 11 last year Turner deposited Rs. 500 with Thacker Spink and Company's Bank. On February 20th the balance was reduced to Rs. 13/6 and on that day a man presented a cheque for Rs. 100 signed by Turner which was refused. On the same day Turner wrote to Thackers alleging that on February 11 he had deposited Rs. 55,000 and asking Thackers to look into the matter. On February 22nd Turner wrote to Thackers demanding that they should credit him with Rs. 55,000. Thackers then placed the matter in the hands of their solicitors. There was an inspection of documents by Turner's solicitors. The counterfoil produced by Turner appeared to have been altered by a "five" being placed before and a "zero" after 500. The matter was then placed before the police who took possession of the counterfoil and arrested Turner. Their Lordships summarily dismissed the appeal. A.P.

HAJ PILGRIMAGE.

NORMAL FACILILTIES NOT TO BE WITHHELD.

The following telegram dated Simla, 8th May addressed Maulvi Shafee reached the Khilafat office, Bombay the same evening:—Immediately inform anxious pilgrims in both the Musafirkhanas "Your telegram to Education Secretary. The Government of Bombay has been instructed to withhold none of the normal facilities for pilgrimage which are granted by the Government of India, Foreign Secretary." Request all Khilafat Committee and Anjuman Islamis to publish this news broadcast. Indending pilgrims must complete arrangements, but start after receiving definite informations from me. Will wire dates of sailing, fares, etc, later.

M SHAUKAT ALI'S LETTER TO SHIPPING COS.

Maulana Shaukat Ali, Hon. Secretary, Central Khilafat Committee, Bombay has written the following letter to Messrs Turner Morrison Co., Ltd., and other shipping companies in Bombay:—

Dear Sirs:—In continuation of the conversation I had with you yesterday in your office I gladly take the responsibility of advising the Moslems to proceed for this year's Haj to the port of Rabigh (Kanfida and Leith which we would have preferred being considered by you difficult of navigation) and from there by land to Holy Mecca. For the safety of the Pilgrims on the sea we naturally hold you and the British Government responsible, but after safe landing on the shore we fully rely on the assurance of Sultan Ibne Saud that "with God's assistance he would fully guarantee the safety of life and property of the intending pilgrims and make all arrangements for their comforts." If any inconvenience about food, water, shelter or conveyance to Holy Mecca is caused you will not be held responsible for them. I hope after this assurance which I give on behalf of the Central Khilafat Committee of India fully realizing our responsibility you will at once announce the dates of departure and the usual fares for the voyage, there being no time to lose now. As soon as the dates, etc., are announced I will inform the intending pilgrims in all parts of India about them and try to regulate their coming to Bombay so that there might be no rush or shortage of living accommodation here. I hear shipping companies have applied for certificates to take pilgrims. The matters are in the hands of the Government of India. Definite orders daily awaited.

SPORTING NEWS

COUNTY MATCHES.

LONDON, May 7.

The following are closing scores in the County matches played to-day:—

Notts vs. Hampshire:—Notts 187 and 2 for nil. Hampshire 225 (Brown 97. Barratt four for 51).

Cambridge University vs. Sussex:—Cambridge University 98 and 197 (Duleepsinhji 40 and L. Crawley 92. Tate four for 55). Sussex 80 (Enthoven three for seven) and 36 for six.

Oxford University vs. Lancashire:—Oxford University 126 and 156 (Guise 63. Parkin six for 67, Macdonald two for 29). Lancashire 159 and two for nil.

There was rain everywhere. There was no play at Lords (M.C.C. vs. Kent) and Cardiff (Glamorgan vs. Yorkshire).—Reuter.

GREAT JUBILEE HANDICAP.

LONDON, May 7.

The following is the betting on the Great Jubilee Handicap:—Seven to one against Tapin (offered) and fifteen to two taken; Fifteen to two Twelve Pointer; eight to one Salmon Trout (taken and offered); nine to one Polyphontes (offered) and ten to one taken; ten to one Obliterate (taken); hundred to nine Irismond, hundred to eight Pharos and Bright Knight (taken and offered) hundred to eight Verdict (offered); hundred to seven Cockpit (offered) and hundred to six taken; twenty to one Amethystine (taken and offered).—Reuter.

PROBABLE RUNNERS.

LONDON, May 8.

The following are the probable runners with their jockeys in the Great Jubilee Handicap:—

Pharos (Weston), Twelve Pointer (H. Beasley), Bright Knight (Bullock), Tapin (Donoghue), Verdict (Beary), Salmon Trout (Carslake), Polyphontes (Wragg), Irismond (Archibald), Watford (Lane), Obliterate (Smirke), Purple Shade (Sirett), Cockpit (Richards), Karl (K. Robertson), Amethystine (H. Leach).—Reuter.

BETTING ON DERBY.

LONDON, May 7.

The following is the betting on the Derby:—100-15 Manna, 8-1 Ptolemy, 100-12 Conquistador, 10-1 St. Becan, 100-6 Crossbow, 20-1 Runnymede, 33-1 Bucelles and Dignity (taken and offered).—Reuter.

ALL INDIA DAVIS CUP.

LONDON, May 8.

The All-India Davis Cup players who meet Belgium at Brussels on May 16, 17 and 18 are:—Jacob, Andrae, Jagat Mohan Lal, and Hadi. Belgium will be represented by:—Watson, Washer, Vanden-Bemden and Laloux.—Reuter.

NURMI'S ENGAGEMENTS CANCELLED.

NEW YORK, May 8.

The Amateur Athletic Union has temporarily cancelled a number of Nurmi's engagements following a charge by officials of the Drake relay meeting of exorbitant demands for expenses alleged to have been made by his manager. The allegation is strenuously denied. Nurmi's manager is now going to New York to submit accounts.—Reuter.

ENGLISH FOOTBALL TEAM.

PERTH, May 9.

The English Football Team opened their Australian tour here to-day defeating Perth by eight goals to nil.—Reuter.

POLO IN MYSORE.

OOTACACAMUND, May 8.

The first round in the Ootacamund Polo Tournament was played this afternoon on the Hobart Park grounds before a fairly good gathering of spectators, including His Excellency the Governor between the Mysore Lancers and the Rabbits the latter starting with four goals up in the handicap. Mysore team pressed during the first chukker and scored three goals in quick succession. The Rabbits exhibited good polo, but lacked in combination during the second chukker they scored two goals while the Mysore team added three more goals to their credit. The next chukker no score was recorded in spite of vigorous play on both the sides. In the last chukker Mysore added another four goals to their record when the game closed. The score was Mysore ten goals, the Rabbits six.—A.P.

THE HARWOOD LEAGUE.

ELIMINATING TOURNAMENT.

A start will be made with the Harwood Football League on Tuesday, 12th May when the first match of the eliminating series for the vacant place in the second division will take place. The Cooperage has been fixed for this and although the time for the kick-off has not definitely been decided upon it is probable that the matches will commence at 6 p.m. Six teams in all are to take part in this little tournament the fixtures being:—

May 12th—Times of India vs. Swiss F. C.

May 14th—Matunga Hindus vs. Y.M.C.A. Byculla.

May 16th—Bombay Battn. A.F.I. vs. Winner of match played on 12th.

May 19th—B.B.R.A. "B" vs. Winners of match played on 14th May.

May 23rd—Final.

CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE MEETING.

Pandit Jewaharlal Nehru writes from Allahabad:—

A meeting of the Working Committe of the Congress will be held in Calcutta on May 28 1925.

VICEROY'S LEPROSY FUND.

SIMLA, May 8.

The Maharaja of Gwalior has contributed Rs. 60,000 to the Viceroy's Leprosy Fund and the Jaipur Darbar Rs. 10,000.—A. P.

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The Bombay Chronicle

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1925.

THE SATARA CONFERENCE.

Considerable interest will be aroused by the proceedings of the Maharashtra Provincial Conference which presently meets at Satara. The resolutions of Faridpur were intended to disarm our opponents of false suspicion and to create an atmosphere of amity. To a remarkable degree, the effort has been successful, because it has elicited from all Indian parties the spirit of co-operation in pursuit of a common purpose. The impression of Faridpur is that of a hand stretched out in trustful expectation and we must leave it to the proof of events whether we have not erred on the side of sanguineness. The conciliatory courage of Mr. Das will in any case save us from the reproach of unreasonableness at a time when the Viceroy is making a fuss about important problems and their solution. To that extent, Faridpur has served a good purpose, but for supplementing the attitude we look forward to the practical sagacity of Maharashtra. Mahatma Gandhi says that he has not perceived any change of heart on the part of our rulers while Mr. Das testifies to the existence of a change of heart on all sides. Nothing should be done to embarrass leaders or prejudice the prospects of reform at the present juncture. If we are sceptical, it is because of the hardened conviction that in vital matters the bureaucracy is entrenching its position while political astrologers prepare for happy developments. The Faridpur Conference has deprived die-hards of the opportunity of parading mendacious pretexts for the purpose of obstructing all negotiation. If anything, the Faridpur Conference has hazily understated the attitude of Nationalists who regard cent per cent Swaraj as the only cure of our malady. If there is the lack of concrete grip and specific expression in the resolutions passed by Bengal, we should realise that the main purpose is to keep the door of negotiation and understanding open at this stage. Not that we were at any time obstructing the way of a settlement, but it is essential to sweep off the cobwebs of Anglo-Indian prejudice and re-state the attitude of Nationalists. We hope that at Satara the Conference will maintain the same spirit of unambiguous goodwill and give a more complete expression to the demands of the country.

A foreign observer once remarked that Bengalis have an emotional genius deeply akin to the susceptibility of Italians. The people of Maharashtra have the gifts of grit and reality which resemble the power of the Germans to visualise facts and keep down to the average capacity of individuals. Resentment against the yarn franchise seems to be the burning sentiment of Maharashtra, but they must act up to their reputation for insight and refuse to be content with negational resolutions. We observe in the "Mahratta" that "among the subjects that will be discussed at the political Conference the most prominent would be the question of yarn franchise of the Congress." The yarn franchise was a Belgaum compromise and it is difficult to see why it should be elevated as "the most prominent question" for the Conference. While it is treated as the supreme vexation, it may be relevant to point out that in the membership-figures of the Congress, Maharashtra obtains only a poor record of less than 500. The majority belong to the B. Class. The obsession about the yarn franchise would have been more intelligible and counter-agiation less ineffective if Maharashtra had made a real effort to interpret the Belgaum compromise in practice. With the temper of those who would agree to a settlement for the purpose of immediately undermining it we have little sympathy. While membership is on the down grade, all energy is being consumed by controversy. Possibly they think that the inertia of public life is due to the spectre of the yarn franchise and that the retention of monetary tribute would have maintained the swing of agitation. For the stagnation in public life, we should seek other explanations; at any rate, it would be a mistake to regard the yarn franchise as the fatal impulse and misconceive the cause of lukewarm temper. We think the Faridpur Conference deserves to be congratulated on one purposive omission. Neither the President nor the Conference would condescend to prefer any cheap tirades against the yarn franchise. If we really had a chance of recruiting sensational numbers, we would readily agree to the reconsideration of the franchise and even the summoning of a special Congress before December, but we see no prospect of throbbing liveliness through the aid of the four anna franchise. The lull is in a way inevitable, but it is largely due to dissipating divisions among parties and the absence of a stimulating scheme of work palatable to the war-lords that thunder through the press. Mr. Deshmukh who presides over the Conference is a tried politician of acute wit and correct perspective, and we may look up to him not to make the occasion one for party-score or communal scramble. The Deccan politician has an astute sense of realities; and reality means the gift of fighting and bargaining alternately until the entire scheme is achieved. They have the way of Fabian tactics but all of it should be reserved for the enemy in possession of the citadel.

The dominant note of the Faridpur Conference was the aspiration of India to express herself and achieve her self-realisation in her own way and according to her own inherited genius. To Indians the idea is a true yearning and a fierce reality; but the people of Maharashtra will easily observe how it can convey no appeal to our rulers unless it is put in specific form. The "Statesman" for example seized the phraseology of Mr. Das to commend the "Oriental instinct" and propose the moth-eaten scheme of Lord Sydenham of reserving a few villages in a district for Indian experimentation!! The truth is that reform and responsibility should be established at the top even before meagre simulations at the bottom; reform in homeopathic doses in microscopical areas is an absurdity and in face of a mordant and embittered civil service engaged in exploitational rights subservient power carries with it the sentence of failure. The idea of self-expression is integral, comprehensive; it cannot be fractionated to the purpose of malign failure. The Satara Conference should express the general aspirations of Faridpur in concrete terms which in condensed form amount to the complete control of civil departments by the legislature plus the unqualified right of assuming full responsibility of defence and treaty-obligations at the discretion of the legislature. We are not greatly enthusiastic about the Convention idea because the evolution of sanctions must precede the formulation of rights. It was after the chastening defeat of Britain in 1783, that the people of the United States sat down to draft their constitution; but there is no essential objection to any nation expressing its aspiration in general or statutory form for the purpose of clear propaganda. What we want today is a clear expression of objects, the unification of parties and the stimulus of an agitation that spells victory through its inexorable vigour. In this all parties ought to co-operate. The Satara Conference is not a Swarajist show any more than it is an arena for petty fights and vague formula, and we hope the mind of Maharashtra will excel the temptations of plausible pronouncements accompanied by some secondary score against the decisions of Pelgaum which they have not so far seriously carried out.

THE CHALLENGE OF SOUTH AFRICA.

The position of India in the British Empire is a peculiar one. For Indians are the only non-White race among a group of white Dominions having a civilisation of their own and claiming equal civic and national rights with fellow-citizens of the Empire. But the colour issue sharply divides the Empire rendering Indians not equal members but the underdogs of the imperial commonwealth; because the war has rehabilitated the tottering arrogance of the White man as effectively as it has given a new self-consciousness to the peoples of Asia. Until, however, the Empire endeavours to solve the complex and serious inter-racial problems that arise within its wide ambit in accordance with some established principles of righteousness, it will not function as an efficient unit. Indeed, not only the growth but the very existence of the Empire is also imperilled by its consistent and deliberate refusal to apply standards of equity and justice in dealing with the divergent racial elements composing the commonwealth. It is this fundamental issue of the basis and composition of the Empire that is at stake in the problem of Indians residing in its different parts; and the ideal of a glorious imperial federation seems a cruel mockery to Indians who have no place consistent with self-respect in any quarter of the Empire which turns them out after building its prosperity on their labour. South Africa is the crux of the imperial problem so far as the racial question is concerned; colour hatred, economic hostility and political prejudice have there deprived Indians of their civic status, social rights and economic liberty. Repeatedly it has pronounced the verdict on the status to which Indian citizens are doomed in the Empire while the Imperial Government have remained callously neutral and the Government of India criminally apathetic and inactive.

Within the short space of a week, news has come from South Africa which, were India an autonomous and self-reliant nation, would constitute enough provocation for her taking the strongest measures possible to safeguard her nationals abroad. For accentuating as the legislative proposals and action do the policy of differentiation and humiliation, they reduce Indians to the state of pure helotry. Consider the position. Indian immigration has been stopped and vigorous efforts are being made to induce Indians to repatriate themselves. The Indians residing in Africa are deprived of parliamentary franchise, shut out from public life and social intercourse, prohibited from purchasing land and denied educational facilities and ordinary municipal amenities. Evidently this is not enough for the Whites Last week Gandhiji received a cable informing him that a Bill was being introduced in the Union Assembly by Colonel Collins prohibiting the grant or renewal of trading or business licenses to any Asiatics within six miles of the Transvaal Municipal or Township areas. On the 6th March when Colonel Collins was to introduce this Transvaal Further Restrictions (Asiatic) Bill, he withdrew it on the ground that the Government itself intended to bring in a comprehensive measure dealing with the subject. The retreat of the gallant Colonel, however, was a reprieve, not a final deliverance, for the Indians, for he is again proposing to introduce the measure. In order to realise the manner in which the bill will prove detrimental to the economic interests of Indians, it is necessary to understand its implications which have been well pointed out in the "African Chronicle." If the Bill is passed, no Indian will be entitled to live or trade in urban area or buy land anywhere; if, for example, an Indian is dying he will have to walk six miles in case an Indian doctor is not available. The bill, as Gandhiji emphasised, is a manifest breach of the Smuts-Gandhi agreement of 1914, and is much more inimical to Indian interests than the Class Areas Bill which lapsed owing to the fall of the Smuts Government. But what the Class Areas Bill failed to do by means of "proclaiming" areas has been accomplished in Natal through the Natal Township Franchise Ordinance to which assent was given by the Governor-General-in-Council last week. Here again there is the same sordid tale of broken pledges. When in 1894, Indians were deprived of political franchise, the Ministers at the time assured them that since India had municipal and local self-government similar rights to Indian nationals would be given in Africa. But for some years White Natal has been almost unanimously and vehemently demanding their exclusion from municipal franchise. Since Indians, except at the Cape have no parliamentary vote, an Ordinance has been passed disqualifying those persons from voting at election who are not entitled to be placed on the Parliamentary Voters' Roll of the Province of Natal. Indians are not specifically mentioned but this mean trick is sought to be resorted to to deprive them of franchise rights they have enjoyed so long. Moreover, the Ordinance empowers the local boards and townships, as in the Transvaal, to allocate separate areas for Natives and Asiatics to live and trade; it is hence an instrument not merely of municipal disenfranchisement but also of racial segregation. Close upon this comes the news that the Mines and Works Regulations Amendment Bill giving the Minister of Mines a blank cheque to impose colour bar on any class of work has passed its second reading. We showed sometime back how the Bill spells economic ruin for the Indian and militates against his national honour. It threatens to oust from employment numerous Indian wage-earners, voiceless and voteless as they are, with a stroke of the Minister's pen and disallows the employment of Indians save perhaps as manual labourer. As though the colour bar were not sufficiently wide, having been extended to all industries, Mr. Beyers, the Minister of Mines and Industries, wanted it to spread territorially also. He hinted that the Bill should be applied to the Cape also where racial discrimination has not yet been introduced and where Indians have even parliamentary vote. We are uninterested in the particular formula through which Indians are to be excluded and hounded out and Mr. Beyers' concessions in phrase-mongering such as is resorted to in Township franchise leaves us absolutely cold. The hard fact of racial exclusion and peril to economic well-being of Indians remains.

The position of Indians has, to put it very mildly, been steadily and continuously deteriorating in every respect. We have not touched upon the South African Nationality Bill or the Minimum Wages Bill or various executive regulations prompted by anti-Asiatic Leagues which, in the guise of achieving some reform, are calculated to hit the Indian citizen or trader. What is the Government of India's retort to this energetic policy of persecution and insult of their nationals? General Hertzog laconically mentioned in a speech that he had received a proposal for a Round Table Conference with the representatives of the Indian Government and then passed on to other subjects. That is the total result of the furtive negotiations and earnest representations of Lord Reading. We are not surprised at the General's snub because a subordinate branch of His Majesty's Government can hardly expect a more fruitful response. Lord Birkenhead and Lord Reading cannot feel the humiliation which their Indian fellow-subjects feel: they can at best sympathise with, and at worst, ignore the popular feeling of indignation and exacerbation. It is not possible to appeal to the sense of justice of General Hertzog who in his reply to General Smuts pleaded for discarding ethical principles. The subject having been lifted from what Nietzsche would call "slave-morality" into the higher and practical atmosphere of economic self-interest backed by physical force aiming at the preservation of the civilisation of superman, even intellectual virtues like honesty are of little account since solemn pledges are wantonly and repeatedly broken. There is only one thing South Africa can understand—resolute action. Palmerston in a famous utterance said that "as the Roman in days of old held himself free from indignity when he could say *Civis Romanus sum*, so also a British subject, in whatever land he may be, shall feel confident that the watchful eye and the strong arm of England will protect him from injustice and oppression." Can an Indian feel such confidence either as regards the Imperial or "his" Government? To-day Indian citizenship is an assurance not of zealous protection but of helpless submission to humiliation. No wonder Lord Reading resorts to vapid platitudes and stale counsels of patience whenever he is confronted with the menace of South Africa.

Notes of the Day.

Economic?

The Economic Enquiry Committee is the tail-end decoration of the Todhunter Committee, and the Indian Merchants' Chamber has rightly declined to submit evidence before either. The Economic Enquiry Committee was thrown by Sir Basil Blackett as a sop to malcontents, but its questionnaire is as incomplete as the presence of Mr. Burnett-Hurst on it is absurd. When in Bengal, the questions of the estimable professor, a figure familiar in Bombay, were designed to show up the hopeless dimensions of an exhaustive enquiry. If a full enquiry is difficult, a sham side-show would be wholly purposeless. In Madras, a witness asked the Committee to examine 25 millions of typical family-budgets. In other places, the Committee was invited to do good by ceasing from their their frivolous operations. We regret that Sir M. Visveswarayya has been placed in a false position through the exigences of Sir Basil Blackett's policy Prestige must be maintained and we suppose the Committee will produce a still-born report about unexplored statistics. The Economic Enquiry is a flagrantly uneconomic investment.

Corporation and Backward Classes.

The Corporation did the right thing in rejecting Mr. S. K. Bole's proposal for the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to adopt the principle of reservation of seats in the Corporation for members of the backward, working and depressed classes. For, while the object which Mr. Bole has in view must evoke the sympathy and support of every right-minded citizen, the method by which he seeks to realise it is hardly consistent with true democratic principles. Considering the present composition of the Corporation the representation of the classes he mentioned is certainly very small. But the proper method of remedying the deficiency is not to reserve seats for these classes and thus perpetuate, in a modified form, the bane of system of communal representation, but to induce increasing number of persons paying Rs. 10 as rent and belonging to these classes to enrol themselves on the Municipal electoral roll which, as pointed out in the manifesto issued by the Nationalist Municipal Party, contains the names of hardly five per cent. of the citizens of Bombay, which is certainly much below the number of persons entitled to vote under the present franchise. That, we grant, will not be enough. For, a large number of persons belonging to the backward classes do not pay Rs. 10 as rent. Hence, if they are to have their due share in the administration of the City's affairs, the franchise must be revised.

OFFSHOOT OF BAWLA CASE.

APPLICATION FOR CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS AGAINST "TIMES."

MALI'S VISIT TO INDORE.

POONA HOTEL MANAGER'S EXAMINATION.

At the Special Criminal Sessions yesteday at 11-30 a.m. Mr. Justice L. C. Crump continued hearing of what is called the Bawla Murder Case.

The accused in the case were:—

(1) Shafi Ahmad Nabi Ahmad (26 years), Risaldar, Mounted Police, Indore.

(2) Pushpasheel Balwantrao Ponde (23 years), Maukari, Indore.

(3) Bahadurshaw Mahomedshaw (20 years), motor driver, Indore.

(4) Akbar Shaha Mahomed Shaha (23 years), Indore.

(5) Shamrao Rawaji Pighe (28 years), Captain, Air Forces, Indore.

(6) Mumtaz Mahomed Syed Mahomed (25 years), Sub-Inspector, C I. D., Indore.

(7) Abdul Latif Moyuddin (25 years) motor driver, Indore.

(8) Karamat Khan Nizam Khan (28 years) Pay Sergeant, Imperial Lancers, Indore.

(9) Anandrao Gangaram Phanse (32 years), Adjutant-General, Indore State Forces.

THE CHARGE SHEET.

The charges read out to the accused by the Clerk of the Crown were as under:—

(1) That accused Nos. 1 to 9, between the middle of October, 1924 and the middle of January 1925 at Bombay, Poona and other places, were parties to a criminal conspiracy to commit the offence of kidnapping Mumtaz Begum from British India;

(2) That accused Nos. 1 to 9 between the middle of October 1924 and January 1925, were parties to a criminal conspiracy to kidnap Mumtaz in order that she might be forced or knowing that she was likely to be forced to illicit intercourse;

(3) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 on or about January 12, 1925, at Bombay did attempt to kidnap the said Mumtaz Begum,

(4) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 on the same date did attempt to kidnap Mumtaz that she might be forced to illicit intercourse;

(5) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did commit the murder by intentionally causing the death of A. K. Bawla by shooting him with a pistol and did aid and abet each other in the commission of the said murder which was committed in pursuance of the said conspiracy and as a probable consequence thereof;

(6) That accused Nos 1 to 8 on or about 12th January did attempt to commit the murder of Lt. Saegert and did aid and abet each other in the commission of the said offence;

(7) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did cause grievous hurt to Mumtaz by a dangerous weapon namely a jack knife and did aid and abet each other in the commission of the offence which was committed in pursuance of the said offence;

(8) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did cause hurt to Lt. Saegert by means of a pistol and knife and did aid and abet each other;

(9) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 did cause hurt to K. E. Mathew by means of a pistol and did aid and abet each other;

(10) That accused Nos. 1 to 8 were members of an unlawful assembly whose common object was to kidnap from British India Mumtaz and at the time the murder was committed in prosecution of the said common object, the members thereof knew that it was likely to be committed in prosecution of the said common object;

(11) That accused No. 9 did abet the commission of the murder of A. K. Bawla in pursuance of the said conspiracy to which he was a party;

(12) That accused No. 9 abetted the commission of the attempt to murder Lt. Saegert.

The Advocate-General, Mr. J. B. Kanga, with Mr. M. K. M. Kemp appeared for the Crown; Mr. K. F. Nariman watched the case on behalf of Mumtaz Begum. Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta with Mr. Nadkarni appeared for accused No. 1, Mr. S. G. Velinker for accused Nos. 2 to 8 Mr. M. A. Jinnah with Mr. G. M. Gupte appeared for accused No. 9

The following gentlemen made up the special jury: Messrs. R. P. Jiwanji, D. R. D. Sethna. D. B. Karani, R. D. Morarji, A. Ezra, A. S. Tyabji, G. S. Nicholl, G. P. Pocock, P. B. Billimoria and D. N. Mirza. Mr. Ruttonsey D. Morarji was foreman of the jury.

At the outset Mr. M. A. Jinnah made an application in the matter of King Emperor vs. Shafi Ahmed. It was an application against S. T. Sheppard, Editor, and E. G. Pearson, Managing Director, Printer and Publisher of the "Times of India" applying for a rule for Contempt of Court against them. The facts which were mentioned in the affidavit were with regard to the comment which appeared in the various issues of the "Times of India." The first appeared on 30th April.

Mr. Justice Crump said before proceeding with the hearing it would be better if Mr. Jinnah would address the Court at 5-30 p.m. before the rising of the Court.

Mr. Jinnah agreed to do this.

MALI'S EVIDENCE.

Dhondu Mali in the employ of the Maharaja of Indore said in reply to the Advocate-General, he was living in the Somerset Palace. It was a month before the incident that he was working as a mali at the Aurora House. He knew No. 3, and at 2 p.m. he saw No. 3 and another man at Aurora on the Sunday preceding the murder. He did not see anybody else. That evening a red motor car came to the Aurora and it had buffers on both sides. The car was taken into the garage and the occupants went into the House. Bahadurshah was at the Aurora at the time. Witness had no conversation with him as witness was asked not to go forward, as he had no business to look at the car. Then he went to Somerset Palace taking Mulgaoker's tiffin basket from his house at Gamdevi. On Monday he went to Aurora at 6 a.m. when he noticed all the windows and doors of the house closed. While witness was working there, he did not see any of the windows or doors being opened. Witness returned to Aurora at 3 p.m. and still the doors were closed. At 5 or 5-30 p.m. the occupants of the house were preparing to go out in the red car. Witness was trying to have a look at the car, but he was prevented from doing so by No. 3 No. 3 told him to tell if anybody asked him that the car had come from Bhopal and not Indore. No. 3 showed him a knife and another man whom he could not recognise showed him a pistol. They told him not to disclose anything about the matter to anyone. Bahadurshah was driving the car, and while he was looking at the occupants he was not allowed to do so. He was asked "What are you looking at." No. 2 he knew, whom he had seen at the Police Station He identified him as one of the party which had come to the bungalow. He knew No. 4, as he used to come to No. 3 when he was working as a driver there. He had also seen on three or four occasions. The last time he had seen him was on the day of the arrival of the motor-car. He also saw him on Monday when Bahadurshah asked him to bring water for the motor-car. Bahadurshah was working the motor-car, and taking the car out. He told Mulgaoker that the men who had come there had gone away. On the 13th he went to the Aurora and found the doors and windows of the bungalow closed and those of the garage open. Inside the bungalow there was none; there was no car in the garage. On Tuesday again there was no one in the house. On Wednesday the 14th he was sent to Indore with somebody. He was asked by Mulgaoker and another stout gentleman to go to Indore and stay there for about eight days and then return to Bombay. At Indore he was taken to Kalikothi, which is the name of a bungalow. Witness was there up to about 7 p.m. and then he went to "Tophkhana" where he was kept and all arrangements made for him. He was asked to do some work at the Wadi.

Mr. Jinnah objected to a further question by the Advocate-General, and the witness was asked to confine himself to the questions asked him.

The witness: I want to tell my story in my own way. (Laughter).

The interpreter said that would mean he had to answer questions put to him.

Continuing he said he subsequently returned to Bombay and he was taken to the Police Station by Mulgaoker.

To Mr. Velinker witness said he did not mention a wrong name at Indore to mislead the people. When he was at the identification parade at Indore he could not recognise No. 2 as his whole head was shaved, as also his moustaches, whereas in Bombay he had a moustache and cropped hair.

Continuing he said when the car came to

(Continued on next page.)

BAWLA CASE PROCEEDINGS.

PROMPT NEWS SERVICE.

Full report of the day's proceedings is published daily in the Dak Edition of "The Bombay Chronicle". Mofussil readers who follow the Bawla trial are thus assured of a prompt service of news.

SITUATION IN MOROCCO.

NUMBER OF FRENCH POSTS STILL BESIEGED.

OBJECT OF ABDEL KERIM'S SURPRISE ATTACK.

PARIS, May 8.

Reports of Col. Freydenburg's successes have only partially allayed the growing apprehensions that a big campaign lies ahead of the French forces. General Colombat with a column arrived before Bibane and encountered solidly organised successive lines of Riffi trenches covered by remarkably accurate artillery fire hitherto unknown in Morocco which suggests that Europeans are working native guns. The latest news indicates that the French have stemmed the Riffi advance though a number of French posts are still desieged.

The "Matin" says that Abdel Kerim's surprise attack on the French zone was made by a semi-modern army equipped with quick-firing guns, about fifty heavy guns, a few tanks and a half dozen aeroplanes. Its objective was to cut the Fez-Tezza Railway and rouse the subject tribes against the French. Successful surprise attack is no longer possible in consequence of the hurrying reinforcements from Algeria and the work of relieving the French position will continue methodically. The French counter-offensive, however will not extend beyond the French zone.—Reuter.

FRENCH CASUALTIES.

LONDON, May 7.

Paris.—A message from Rabat says that casualties in Colonel Freydenberg's force's recent fighting with the Riffs number thirteen killed mostly natives and a hundred wounded. Water in the form of ice-blocks was conveyed by aeroplanes to four or five French posts in the besieged district of Biban.—Reuter.

ARRESTS AT SOFIA.

DISCOVERY OF EXPLOSIVES.

LONDON, May 7.

Sofia.—The authorities state that in consequence of the arrest of leaders of various illegal organisations in Sofia, Police now hold all threads of clandestine activities of the Agrarian Communist Committee. Some prisoners admitted that the Bolshevist agent received a sum of fifteen thousand leva a month. Stores of explosives sent from Russia were also discovered at Bourgas. —Reuter.

PLOT AGAINST CHAMBERLAIN

GOVT. REFUSE TO MAKE STATEMENT.

LONDON, May 7.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Day who drew attention to the recently discovered plot against Chamberlain Sir W. Joynson-Hicks did not think it in the public interest to make a statement on the subject except to say that a careful attention was given to any warning received and all necessary precautions were being taken to guard against any contingency of the kind, however apparently remote.—Reuter.

ECHO OF KHURDISH REBELLION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 8.

The Tribunal of Independence has sentenced Hussein Djahid Bey who had been found guilty of complicity in the Khurdish Rebellion to deportation for life in a provincial town.—Reuter.

TROTZKY'S RETURN.

LONDON, May 7.

Moscow.—M. Trotzky has returned.—Reuter

BRITISH BUDGET.

REPRESENTS A SERIES OF BALANCES.

LONDON, May 7.

The House of Commons has completed the report stage of the McKenna duties.

Mr. Churchill in the course of the debate said that the Budget was a series of balances. The silk tax paid for the remission of earned income while the McKenna duties paid for Imperial preference remissions. The question of protection was not involved.

New silk duties will be discussed on Monday.—Reuter.

EXHUMATION OF MUSLIM SAINT'S BODY.

DECISION TO TAKE LEGAL OPINION

CALCUTTA, May 7.

At to-day's meeting of the Calcutta Corporation, the Mayor Mr. C. R. Das presiding, the question of the exhumation of the body of a Mahomedan saint buried in the new market came up for consideration. The substantive motion before House was to adopt the resolution of the special commitee recommending the exhumation of the body.

After a heated and lengthy discussion it was decided to take legal opinion in the matter and the consideration of special Commitee's recommendation was postponed. —A.P.

ALL PARTIES CONFERENCE

THE MOST OPPORTUNE TIME.

MR. BHARUCHA'S APPEAL TO MAHATMA.

BOMBAY, May 8.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha, Secretary to the All-India Congress Committee in an appeal to Mahatma Gandhi avers that the present time is the most opportune for an all-parties' conference. In justification he cites the Mahatma's invitation for the co-operation of the Europeans, Mr. Das's promise of co-operation for Dominion Status and Mrs. Besant's work in the same direction. Mr. Bharucha thinks that Messrs. Sastri and Chakravarti are also favourably inclined and points out that while Mr. Kidwai has appealed to the Mussalmans to join the Swarajist camp Mr. Satyamurti has appealed likewise to Mr. Jinnah. In Mr. Bharucha's opinion Dr. Sapru and Messrs Chintamani and Jinnah will not withhold their co-operation if an all-parties' conference is summoned. After the all-parties' conference the Mahatma should, he says, summon a conference of merchants, manufacturers, financiers and economists to consider the trade depression and unemployment and the present unceasing exploitation. "To-day's needs are" concludes Mr. Bharucha "joint deliberation, joint manifesto and joint action all for national existence."—A. P.

ALL MUSLIM PARTIES' CONFERENCE.

TO MEET SOON AT AMRITSAR.

AMBALA, May 8.

All Muslim Parties' Conference is going to be held at Amritsar shortly. Dates will be announced later on. Maulana Abdul Majid Qadir of Badaun started the idea and the Central Jamiat Tablighulislam has been working for one month to make it successful. Twenty-five leading Muslim gentlemen representing all shades of opinion have consented to sign the invitation.

Cawnpore was at first proposed as the place of the meeting but later on Dr. Saifuddin Kitchlew invited the Conference to Amritsar. Maulana Bafar Alikhan is expected to preside. Arrangements are proceeding.

NO SPLIT IN SUBJECTS COMMITTEE.

BENGAL P. C. C. SECRETARY'S STATEMENTS.

CALCUTTA, May 8.

The Secretary of Bengal Provincial Congress Committee Writes:

"On my return to Calcutta I find that the Anglo-Indian papers and some Indian papers as well have been responsible for a statement that there was a threatened split in the Subjects Committee over a resolution demanding the release of Sjts. Subhas Chunder Bose, Anil Baran Roy and Satyendra Chandra Mitter only. I am unable to disclose what happened in the Subjects Committee as according to the rules the discussion of the committee is not either open to the press or to the public, but I can say definitely that no resolution asking for the release of the three above-mentioned gentlemen or those who were arrested on 25th October was even put forward in the Subjects Committee. The demand for the release of political prisoners referred to all political prisoners and appeared in resolutions numbers 4 and 6 and these were passed without any division in the Committee or in the open House."—A. P.

LORD BUDDHA'S MESSAGE.

TRIUMPH OF TRUTH AND LOVE.

CALCUTTA, May 8.

Prior to his leaving for Dacca Mahatma Gandhi presided over the 2549th birthday anniversary of Lord Buddha which was celebrated at Buddhist Vihara under the auspices if the Mahabodhi Society.

In the course of his address Mahatma Gandhi said it was a very strange thing that almost all the professors of the great religions of the world claim him as their own, which, he considered, was extremely flattering and took as a mark of their affection and esteem. "Many friends considered that I am expressing in my own life the teachings of Buddha. I accept their testimony and I am free to confess that I am trying my level best to follow these teachings. Unlike the Buddhistic professors and unlike also many Hindu students, I was going to say philosophers, I draw no distinction between the essential teachings of Hinduism and Buddhism. In my opinion Buddha lived Hinduism in his own life."

PURGING OF RELIGIOUS.

Concluding Mahatma Gandhi said: "I am optimistic enough to feel that our day is dawning when all these great religions will be purged of all frauds, hypocrisy, humbug trash, untruthfulness, incredulity and all that may be described under the term degradation and will be purified of that fraud and we will see the day dawned when truth and love after all are two faces of a coin and that also a current coin. May God help us to realise the message that Lord Buddha delivered to mankind so many hundred years ago and may we every one of us endeavour to translate that message in ur lives whether we call ourselves Hindus or not."—A. P.

(Continued from Column 6.)

chosen your leader. If you have not made your choice and are called upon to make your choice, exercise your reason to its utmost Scan the would be candidate to leadership from top to toe. But after having made your choice and after having garlanded like Sita your chosen person never flinch and like Sita go to the fire with him and all will be well with you. (Applause). "Forward."

WAY TO FREEDOM.

WE MUST BECOME NATION OF WORKERS.

SIGNIFICANCE OF 1920 POLICY.

MAHATMA'S SPEECH AT FARIDPUR.

Mahatma Gandhi speaking at the Faridpur Conference said:—

I am as impatient as any single one of you to attain Swaraj. But I understand our limitations; I know what we have got to do. If we could get Swaraj by a doze of intoxicating medicine I would to-day hurl defiance at the great British throne and say out with you I want my Swaraj to-day. But I cannot do that to-day. I cannot hurl that defiance. I admit my incapacity. I admit the incapacity of my country to-day. Yes. I can certainly take off a few Englishmen's heads as any one can. It does not require strong arms. It requires a strong heart. A little bit of revolver can be manipulated by me just as any one of you. But what is the use of my taking off the head of Lord Reading or Lord Lytton's head or any Englishman's head? I cannot possibly put that head on a charger and say that here is the deliverance of my country. Deliverance of the country requires a sterner stuff. We have got to evolve not merely the capacity for dying. We have got to evolve not merely the capacity for killing, but as Dr. Besant once said, it requires some amount of courage to live in the face of odium, censure, neglect and boycott even from those whom you have treasured as nearest and dearest to you. And she was right. I say that every moment of my life that it requires some degree of courage even to live in the midst of such storms and strifes.

WAY TO FREEDOM.

But how then are we to attain freedom of our country? Not certainly by killing, not certainly at the present moment even by dying, but by plodding, and that is the reason why I have humbly ventured to place before you these three things. Hindu-Moslem unity, removal of untouchability and the spinning wheel. But the Hindu-Moslem unity cannot occupy a youngman's whole twenty-four hours It is our creed. Just as a Mussalman has said his "kalma," it is finished and then he has got to live up to the implication of the "kalma." Just as I have recited "gayatri," it is finished with me and I need not be reciting it fifty million times during the day but I must live up to it. So this is our creed—Hindu-Moslem unity, removal of untouchability. But everyone of us can put our hands to something tangible, to something feasible. Every one of us can put our hands to the beautiful spinning wheel and every yard of yarn that you spin, you spin every yard of the destiny of India. That is the finest revolution that I know for India. I know that some of you laugh the laugh of incredulity. Some of you will consider here is an idiot speaking to us in season and out of season about the spinning wheel. But I promise. I prophesy that a day is dawning, and not very far, when nobody will call me an idiot. But the finest testimony that will be given to me will be that I revived the cult of Charka—that Gandhi gave the simple message of the rustic when he asked us to spin—that he spoke in terms of Swaraj for the masses and millions of his downtrodden countrymen when he delivered the message of "Charka". I have no misgiving about the future of my career. My career is ensured. My future is ensured so long as I swear by the "Charka" and I promise to you that if every one of the audience here, including Deshabandhu Das, says "Gandhi is wrong; "Charka" is nothing, it is an idiotic thing in this age of machinery and speed"—I will still say the same thing up to the very last breadth of my life. "Give me the spinning wheel and I will spin Swaraj for India."

NO OTHER TERMS.

You will not get Swaraj for India on any other terms. We must become a nation of workers and not a nation of talkers or idlers. We are by nature not idle, but by force of circumstances millions of our countrymen have to live in enforced idleness. You do not know the idle masses as I do. I have lived in the midst of 17 lakhs of people of Champaran for six months or more, and I have seen them hovering round me from day to day without doing anything whatsoever. They were satisfied to draw a little of warmth from one whom they considered to be their true servant, but they would not work. But I had not at that time this spinning wheel or I would have placed it before them. They were not famishing, not starving, but they had forgotten the use of their limbs. They would scratch a little bit of earth, grow indigo, reap corn, but would not spin. They have no industry in their homes and having forgotten it for years they now consider it perfectly useless. That is why I call it enforced idleness. Our limbs were cut off by the East India Company—that is one of the blackest crimes that I have charged against the British Rule and that is why I have said that until I see a change of heart amongst the Englishmen and until they feel in terms of the masses of India and say "yes, we repent; we ought to return to India what we have taken from her"—for me there is no hand extended to them and say, "I cannot clasp your hand if you do not call me 'my dear brother'" I cannot do that unless he sympathises with the masses of India. He flings a little bit of sympathy in the face of the masses from time to time. It is not enough for me. I want him to read the hearts of the masses and understand their economics, not economics borrowed from Europe, no matter how distinguished a personage he may be. He must think in terms of the masses and the moment the Englishman begins to think in terms of the masses you will find me fall prostrate at his feet because I know his virtues, his capacities. But I cannot do so unless he develops along right lines. That being so, unless he does so, what is the use of my speaking to the Englishman; for I charge him with a black crime in that he has robbed me of the spinning wheel.

COUNTRY'S DUTY.

But why should I charge him when you, my countrymen, refuse to spin for half an hour, when you send messages or when you write sometimes that this fool of a Gandhi has imposed this cursed franchise on us; let us get rid of it as he has imposed this cursed burden upon us But does he ask you to do something marvellous, something beyond your capacity when he asks in the name of God, for the sake of the country to spin, if it is only for half an hour? Does he ask you to do something which you are incapable of doing when he asks you to be clad from top to toe in hand-spun and hand-woven cloth? What shall I say to you, what shall I do with you, or how shall I attain my Swaraj if you cannot do this little practical thing? They accuse you, they accuse the Bengalis of want of practicability and in some respects they are right. We want everything but without having to work for it sufficiently. We speak about the thing sufficiently, we pass resolutions but immediately it comes to actual work we shirk it. Remember those who shirk work for the sake of the nation shall have no hand in shaking the destiny of India, shall have no hand in attaining Swaraj for India. I ask you, therefore, to retain this Yarn Franchise. Make it still more restrictive. If it is to be restrictive, make it obligatory on every man and woman who wants to serve India through the Congress a living organisation, make it obligatory upon every man and woman, upon every girl and boy, to spin for at least half an hour, and to wear "Khaddar," not only on ceremonial occasions, not for Congress work but for all work. In your home also you will wear nothing but "Khaddar." You will go stark naked rather than you should wear anything that is not hand-spun by your sister and hand-woven by your brother in your home and not in the factory. That is the message of the spinning wheel. That is the simple little demand I demand of every man and woman who loves India and who wants freedom of India.

RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

Would you be surprised if I tell you that if you want to have the discharge of those prisoners who are couped within the walls of the Mandalay Prison, if you want the release of Subash Chandra Bose and others, you must spin. Without work it is impossible. If you want him and his fellow prisoners to be discharged with honour and with dignity then I say spin. Promise me that every Bengali man and woman will henceforth wear "khaddar" and nothing but "khaddar," that every man and woman will go to the "Charka" with the same delight that he goes to his meal or with the same delight of a young lover who goes to his sweetheart. Then I promise deliverance of those youngmen in no time. You will find that this incredibly simple thing will secure their deliverance. Because that will be a sign of your determination to work for India without expecting any remuneration; because I have asked only for half an hour's free labour for the sake of India. It is not a mighty thing that I ask of you. But because you are of little faith, because you have no faith in your masses, because you have no faith in yourselves, because you have no faith in your country, that you decline to spin and still feel that Deshabandhu would secure the key of that prison, break their fetters and unlock those gates. It is impossible for him to do so.

NO SECRECY IN MR. DAS'S ACTIONS.

Some of you consider that he is carrying on negotiations with the Government in secret. He has no secrecy whatsoever, so far as I know. Secrecy is prohibited in Congress politics. When somebody asked him what is at the back of all this, he said there is as much in the back of it as in the front. (Laughter.) Lord Birkenhead has sent no secret message to him. He is not in secret negotiations with him. All that he had got to say you will find it in his beautiful address. You will find it in his writings and speeches. You will find it in his life, when he is closetted in his own inner chamber or when he is in this big pandal. If you scratch him I know you will find the same man wanting deliverance for the country. That is the link that binds me to him. That is the link that should bind the audience to him. That is the link which should bind you to him.

FOLLOW YOUR LEADER BLINDLY.

You may not be convinced with our reasons. You may say that our heart is satisfied that you are on the right track, that we subscribe to your advice so long as we hold you to be our idol. That is the way for you. That is the way I would like you to treat those whom you love. You are like sepoys and soldiers and like soldiers it is not for you to reason why after you have

(Continued in column 4.)

RECONSTRUCTION OF TURKEY.

STATE HELP TO INDUSTRY.

LACK OF CAPITAL.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 13.

According to the Angora special correspondent of the "Son Saat," the Iraqian authorities have arrested those who in any way supported the Turkish cause before the League Commission. After the arrival of the Mosul Boundary Commission on the spot, Muezzins of the Mosul Mosques are said to have cried to the people from the minarets of the Mosques "Moslems! the hour of liberation is at hand." These people are now in Iraq prisons! The Deputy for Mosul in the Grand National Assembly at Angora has lodged a severe protest against this policy and has appealed to the Turkish Government to intervene and make representations to the League on behalf of the people of Mosul who are striving to return to the fold of their mother-country.

But the British Press is after a new job! According to the "Daily Mail," the Turks are said to be trying to settle the Mosul dispute by means of direct negotiations with Great Britain and are said to have proposed that, if Mosul Vilayet be restored to Turkey, the Turkish Government will in return give to the British.

(1) concessions for constructing various railways in Anatolia, some of which will be constructed under the direct control of British capitalists;

(2) the right of exploitation of all the mines lying within the boundaries of big stretches of land on both sides of these railroads;

(3) concessions for constructing new ports and for carrying out the extension projects in the existing ports of Turkey;

(4) concessions for exploiting the Mosul oil.

The Turkish Press unanimously denied all such concrete proposals. Only the "Watan" on the authority of its London correspondent admitted that some non-official talk between the Turkish Ambassador in London and the British Foreign Office took place on the subject which in no case could be taken seriously.

Even if the Turkish Government had some inclinations about settling the matter by such direct negotiations before the investigations of the League Commission began, the reports of Jevad Pasha who was very favourably impressed by the attitude of the people of Mosul Vilayet and in whose opinion the Commission would surely decide in favour of Turkey, must have persuaded the Turkish Government to give up putting forward any "feelers" and cease making "gestures" to the British Government directly regarding this vital question.

RECONSTRUCTION IN TURKEY.

Inspite of the unfortunate internal situation which has caused a drain of at least £ T. 20,000,000, spent in quelling the Kurdish revolt, the Government of the young republic, are trying to overcome financial difficulties and are making herculean efforts to equip their country with modern industries.

Manufacture of local sugar is being encouraged in various ways as the reduction of freight charges on building material and the machinery required for sugar factories, exemption of locally manufactured sugar from excise duties and exemption of the incomes of the employees and workers in sugar industry from income-tax for a certain period of time. Similar encouragement is to be shown to the manufacture of matches and textile industry. The chief difficulty lies in the want of the necessary capital. Foreign capitalists cannot invest their money unless they convert Turkey into a colony of theirs, which New Turkey cannot tolerate for a single moment; Turkish capitalists do not possess so much of capital as to be able to found modern factories. Therefore the Government is forced to subsidise the new concerns from out of their already over-taxed resources. Thus the pace towards progress is slow; but it is sure and firm; and if Turkey gets peace at home and abroad for, say, twenty years she will come out as a first rate Power which will justly claim a position of equality in the comity of nations of the world and will fully reap for herself the fruits of her victory and revolution.

REBUILDING OF ANGORA.

The Prefect of Stamboul has gone to Europe to invite plans for the reconstruction of Stamboul which stands in dire need of speedy reconstruction and repairs. The city of Angora is being rapidly built on the style of Potsdam (Germany). The new houses will be either one-storied or two-storied buildings surrounded with gardens. A block of 300 houses will be erected first at Government expense and will be sold to persons intending to reside at the capital. The proceeds will be spent upon building the second block. German, Austrian and Turkish engineers have been given the contracts. Similarly Smyrna shall be modernised.

For the promotion of Aviation, a society has been organised on the lines of the French Society for Aviation, which will encourage civil aviation and help the State in constructing aeroplane factories. The Government have devoted £ T. 3 000 000 for aviation and £ T. 15,000,000 for the Navy this year. Though the task before the young Republic is tremendous and she has to make up a great leeway yet the beginnings already made are hopeful.

Another very difficult task with which the Republic is confronted is the stabilisation of her currency. Though the Turkish £ has not depreciated so catastrophically as the German or Russian currencies (it fell only to 1-9 of its pre-war value) yet the delay in its stabilisation is causing great loss to the State and greater hardships to the people and the industry and commerce of the country. Banks can give credits to the traders and industrialists in stable values only, which cannot be accepted by enterprisers; for if the Lira falls all the more their debt figures shall increase and they shall run the risk of becoming bankrupt when paying back their debts in foreign currencies. Only two alternatives are open for the Government to cope with the situation. The depreciated old paper money must be withdrawn and replaced by the new paper to be issued on gold basis backed by metal which can be got either in the form of an internal or foreign loan. Either of these loans will further tax the State resources. The second alternative to which recourse was made in S. Russia where the paper money was stabilised before all other countries suffering from depreciation, is more profitable and that is that the new paper currency be issued on the strength and credit of the old royal property and estates.

RETRENCHMENT.

This year again the Government are obliged to put off some of their projects on account of want of necessary funds. The budget deficit shall have to be covered up by curtailing expenditure. All the grants on the expenditure side of the Budget sanctioned by the Assembly shall have to be reduced by one-fifth, so that the State incomes may balance the expenditure and the need for a foreign loan be not felt.

After the abolition of the Regie concession of tobacco, State Monopoly over the production and sale of tobacco was established. But soon retrogression set in and the Assembly gave way to the demands of private capital by accepting the "Bandarole" system. Private enterprise now will have full play in the production and sale of tobacco. Whatever virtues this system may have in the form of freedom of production and sale in the open market and whatever stimulus it may offer towards raising the quality of the produce on account of free competition, the passing of this national industry into private hands and the abrogation of the right of possession of the State over this national resource is fraught with great dangers. Small producers and petty capitalists will be ruined in open competition, the cultivator will become a prey to the trader and big industrialist and after a few years we may find in Turkey "Tobacco Kings" like the American "Oil Kings" etc. The cultivation of tobacco in Turkey is a national industry. Turkey imports her food but exports tobacco.

INDEPENDENCE MEDALS.

Independence Medals which were given two weeks before to those Deputies who rendered patriotic services during the Turkish War of Independence (Turco-Greek War) have also been bestowed upon some other civilians and to the Leaders of the Opposition. While recording the incident two weeks before, all the papers except the "Watan" overlooked this fact and hence I too could not report it that the Leaders of the Opposition were also honoured by this distinction.

The Kurdish rebels sustained a crushing defeat at Tchehaktchur, where they made their last stand. A violent battle now rage round Gendi, the primary centre of revolt. Storms of snow that lately burst over Kurdestan are hindering the operations and the end of the rebellion which was fairly clearly in sight a few days ago is once again removed from the view.

CONTROL OF FOOD.

COMMISSION'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

LONDON, May 8.

The Food Commission has issued one majority report and two minority reports which latter are signed by Mr. T. H. Ryland and Mr. W. R. Smith respectively. The majority report principally recommends the establishment of a Food Council to maintain a continuous supervision of the staple food prices. In connection with the Port charges on wheat it recommends that the Port authorities should carefully consider the rates with a view to making reductions in the near future. It favours compulsory registration of retail butchers and endorses the recommendation of the Linlithgow Committee that cold storage proprietors should be required to furnish statistics of stocks of meat coldstored to be published at the Food Council's discretion.

MINORITY REPORTS.

The Ryland's minority report objects to the establishment of a Food Council as a definite advance in the direction of state socialism as imposing a heavy burden on the taxpayer and entailing a serious risk of increasing the cost of people's food.

The Smith's minority report which is very lengthy recommends Government to assume open responsibility for supplies and prices of food, centralisation of import of wheat flour in the hands of a Statutory Import Board acting on behalf of the whole community, similar centralisation of wheat and carrying out of the recommendations of the Bridgeman and Macrosty committees with regard to public acquisition of freezing works in South America by Britain. The Milling Industry should be formed into a statutory corporation in which the present mill-owners would hold debentures, Government holding a majority of the ordinary shares. Local authorities should be empowered to open municipal bread and meat shops and to require licensing of retailers in those areas.—Reuter.

ALSACE POTASH MINES.

PARIS, May 8.

The Alsace potash mines organisation announces that the French and German potash interests have reached an agreement giving an occasion to the belief that a future permanent fusion of the interests concerned will be reached to safeguard their rights all over the world.—Reuter.

London, May 8.—The Princess Royal continues to make slow but definite progress.—Reuter.

OFFSHOOT OF BAWLA CASE.

(Continued from previous page.)

Aurora House at 7-30 p.m. on the 11th he was planting vegetables near the turf in the light of the gate lamp. One of the small lamps of the car was burning and the other lights were off.

How did you see that the colour of the car was red, and it was dark?—Have I not told you that I had brought water for washing the car in the mornin? Could it have changed the colour in the meantime? It was a red car. (Laughter)

Did you tell the Magistrate that you brought water for Bahadurshah for washing the car?—Have I not told you already that I brought water for washing the car in the morning and the car was washed in my presence? What is the use of asking me again.

He did not tell anybody of the arrival of the car at night on the 11th January. It was at once taken into the garage; the side curtains were attached and he could not see who was in the car. The witness could not see anybody at the back of the car. And he did not know how many were there. There were two persons in the front seats, but he could not describe their clothes. He could not see whether the lights in the house were lighted or not, because the doors of the "Aurora" were closed. He could not see who was inside. Before he had left for Indore, he had not heard anything about the murder. Mulgaokar sent him to Indore from Somerset Palace. He gave a description of the accused to the Police and said he might be able to identify the accused if they were shown to him.

D. M. Pradhan was recalled and questioned by the Judge. He went to the Aurora with Mulgaoker and the mali at about 8-30 a.m. or 9 a.m.

Swami Yellanna a motor-car cleaner in the service of the Maharaja of Indore said he was working at the Somerset Palace, and knew Aurora House. He knew the arrival and departure of the Nabob of Rampur. He met Bahadurshah at Aurora where he had gone at the instance of Mulgaoker to wash the car. He merely washed the red Maxwell car and returned. He had been to the Aurora on other occasions. Once with Mulgaoker, Khasgiwalla, Pradhan, etc. It was about 8-30 a.m. and Mulgaoker asked him to see whether the mali was there. Bahadarshah asked him to wash the car and witness refused to do so, as he was suffering from fever and could not wash it then.

Sadashiv Bapuji Salveker, manager of the Krishnabhuvan hotel at Poona, gave evidence that some of the accused were living in his hotel. He knew No. 1, 2 and 9, who were staying in his hotel.

AFTER LUNCH.

When the Court reassembled after lunch Sadashiv Bapuji was further examined by the Advocate-General on the various entries in his hotel, register at Poona and he presence of No. 2 and some of the other accused in the hotel. He knew No. 2 as Anandrao Phanse. One the 10th January he noticed a red motor car standing, and witness was not asked about a garage. He did not know the name of No. 9 when he was staying at the witness' hotel. While they were living there they had received two telegrams addressed to Baburao Ponde, and the telegram peon went directly to the accused's room. He was not present when the telegraph peon had given the telegrams to No. 2. Witness had identified No. 2 at Indore by the name of Anandrao Phanse from among a hundred men. There was an identification also in Bombay and he had identified No. 9 from among about 20 people. On the 20th January a police officer had come there before whom he had identified No. 1.

To Mr. J. M. Sen-Gupta witness said when the four Mahomedans came to his hotel he did not agree to give them food. When the Police Officer brought No. 1 he did not know he was under arrest as the escorts were in plain clothes. He did not notice whether they were Hindus or Mahomedans, but they were standing by No. 1. On January 10, at candlight time he did not see any Mahomedan leaving. As No. 1 was going down the stairs, there was no electric light burning. Witness was sitting on a bench at the time. The landing of the staircase was in the "chowk." Witness only saw him passing along and he had no talk with him. That was the only occasion on which witness saw No. 1 before he was brought by the Police Officer. It was true he was not able to identify in the Magistrate's Court accused No. 1.

To Mr. Velinker witness said he did not think there was anything extraordinary in No. 2 giving his name as Phanse. Witness did not ask him for his name, but he thought he was Phanse. He had not seen any room in the hotel in the actual occupation of the Mahomedans.

He did not know whether the telegrams actually fell into the hands of No. 2. He read an account of the murder and the connection of the Red Maxwell with it about January 17. He did not associate that particular car with the murder.

To Mr. Jinnah witness said he saw No. 9 from the 15th December. Witness left the hotel on the night of that day and returned on the 21st December and the accused was not in the room then. At the identification parade in the Police Commissioner's Office he identified the accused. He could remember the face of a man well enough, unless he saw him in the dark. He could not say that he was good at remembering faces or not.

He had been to the room of the accused to get their names for registering them. He had got the book with him, when he went to the room for names. He stayed in the room for about ten minutes because he had to ask them what preparations he had to make for their bath, food, and other things. The accused said they neither wanted a bath nor food and witness then went out of the room.

Re-examined by the Advocate-General said it was true that he could not identify No. 2 from the witness box but when he went near him he could identify him.

Ganesh Baburao Kulkarni was then called and both Mr. Velinker and Mr. Jinnah objected to fresh witnesses being called in this court, who were not called before the Magistrate. There was a case in the Allahabad Court about it.

The Advocate-General replied that all that he knew about this witness was the statement he made to the Police before the enquiry was started.

Mr. Jinnah said the course proposed to be adopted by the Advocate-General was not only against the usual practice in this High Cout, but it was against common sense. He thought it was not a proper procedure to adopt.

Mr. Sen Gupta supporting the other counsel said the rule in all High Courts was only to examine those witnesses who were examined in the Lower Courts. They were absolutely kept in darkness as to what was going to be produced here. And that was not fair to the defence.

The case was then adjourned.

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT.

CHARGE AGAINST "TIMES OF INDIA."

Mr. Jinnah then mentioned the matter of his application for a rule against the "Times of India" for contempt of Court. He said on April 30th "Times" had written "In muffled tones and with pain written all over her face, Mumtaz declared that she was not willing to stay on at Indore as her body was killed by the nurses in attendance during the confinement. Mr. M. A. Jinnah on hearing this charge jumped to his feet and wanted to know if it was the case of the prosecution that the child was murdered? The defence suggested that the child was still-born. Mumtaz might or might not have known it at the time, and might have been under the wrong impression that the child was killed by the nurses. The Advocate General promptly disclaimed any intention to make use of this evidence. He put the blame for dragging out the question on the defence counsel. What was he to do after the unintelligible answer given by the witness to Mr. Jinnah's question", etc. The fact was that he (Mr. Jinnah) had asked his lordship for permission to cross-examine the witness further, but the Advocate General said that he was not going further into the controversy, whether the child was killed or not. That had got nothing to do with the trial, but that was found in the summary brought to the very forefront. Again said Mr. Jinnah there was the statement: "Mumtaz Begum stood the ordeal of cross-examination extraordinarily well" That said the counsel was expressing opinion about her evidence. "She did not flinch one moment during the ten hourse of so that she was in the witness box. Her answers come quickly without hesitation." Again "She refused to be 'bullied' and more than once the defence counsel came out second best in the encounter". That referred to his friend Mr. Velinker, but Mr. Velinker did not mind being criticised by the "Times of India". What the paper said was that the defence counsel were so completely answered, so satisfactorily answered, by Mumtaz, that in the encounter Mr. Velinker came out the worst. Then "Mumtaz stuck to the story that Mr. Bawla did not allow her to go out alone in Bombay, as the Indore people were after her." Counsel objected to that statement. Then again the "Times" wrote "The re-examination of Mumtaz Begum by the Advocate General did last more than half-an-hour, so few were the points which the Advocate General felt compelled to elucidate further. Further there was the statement "After her escape at Delhi, she did not desire to have any relations with Indore, so much so that when Shanker Rao's wife came to Bombay and implored her to write a letter to the Maharaja persuading him to release Shanker Rao from jail she refused." The evidence recorded in the court, said Mr. Jinnah materially differed from the version given in the "Times". The evidence as recorded by his Lordship said "When I was with Bawla I was never at any time willing to go to Indore. I met Anianibai at Amritsar. She asked me to write etc." That was what she had said in the court, but the summary said that after her escape at Delhi she did not desire to have any relations with Indore so much so that when Shanker Rao's wife came to her and asked her to write a letter to the Maharaja she refused to do so. The idea was so much exaggerated the case for the defence was that Mumtaz was willing to go, and that was his case. In the issue of May 1, the "Times" wrote "Mr. Jinnah seized upon this discrepancy and hoodled the witness. With outraged feelings Allabux shouted across to the counsel that Mumtaz was not an ordinary prostitute and that he did not act as a 'broker' between her and Mr. Bawla, the warmth of his language creating a good deal of excitement in the court." Counsel objected to this statement also.

The court said it did not see anything in it except as a piece of interesting information.

Mr. Jinnah said while the trial was proceeding that was just the thing which this court should not tolerate. It was impossible that such a thing could be allowed in his lordship's court.

The judge asked whether there was any fear of failure of justice, as it was all sensational writing. How did it hamper or prevent a fair trial? he asked counsel.

Mr. Jinnah said the "Times" went on day after day commenting on the evidence of witnesses and on the evidence of Mumtaz in the way it had done. It was not the business of a journal to make any comment on the evidence of any witnesses. They could not sell their newspapers at the cost of interfering with the course of justice.

The Court said it was very difficult to say so. It was also extremely difficult to take any action in such a case, and rules ought not to be issued easily. There was no prejudging of the case, or to say whether the accused were guilty or not.

Mr. Jinnah submitted if the paper had said that it would have been a very grave kind of contempt. But he did not want the extremest possible course to be adopted. All he wanted was a rule to be granted to enable him to cite cases to show that no comments of any kind, which would interfere with justice, could be allowed. He wanted a rule for the present and nothing else. He asked whether a newspaper could be allowed to comment on the evidence.

The Court said the worst objection was on the comment of Mumtaz's evidence, and that ought not to appear in any paper. But how did it show that it interfered with the cause of justice? It was a very big word for a very small thing. Between that and contempt there was much difference.

Mr. Jinnah said he had authority for his contention. The question was whether the publication interfered with the course of justice. It was making objectionable suggestions, and it was not a fair or impartial report of the proceedings. It was likely to influence the jury, and, he said, that on that point alone he was entitled to ask his lordship to give him a ruling on the paper; although it might be a leading paper in the city of Bombay it could not possibly be allowed to go on indulging in this kind of thing.

His lordship said it was a storm in a tea-cup.

Mr. Jinnah said his lordship could deal with the matter in such manner as he thought proper. They did not want to be vindictive. He assured his lordship that they were not guided in this matter by any other consideration except this one—that there should be no undue interference with the proper course of the administration of justice. Therefore, he did ask for a rule, as he wanted to know what their explanation was. If the explanation was satisfactory the rule then could then be discharged.

His lordship said he would consider over the matter and give his decision in due course.

SWARAJ PARTY CAMPAIGN IN MADRAS.

CIVILIANS AND EXECUTIVE COUNCILLORSHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, May 8.

The appointment of Mr. T. E. Moir to the Madras Executive Council to succeed Mr. R. A. Graham, who retired recently, superseding the claims of many senior civilians has resulted in considerable heart-burning in their ranks and I am told that they are making strong representations in the matter. Mr. Vernon, a senior civilian and a member of the Board of Revenue is going away on leave and I am reliably informed that Dewan Bhadur T. Raghaviah, Dewan of Travancore, who reverts to the British Service will be appointed to succeed him in the Board of Revenue. This is the second time that an Indian belonging to the Provincial Civil Service is raised to the Board of revenue.

The Swarajya Party campaign is being carried on very vigorously in this province. Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar is touring in the west coast forming Swarajya Party organisations in different centres. Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar made an extensive tour in the Tanjore and Trichinopoly districts and addressed a number of public meetings. He explained to them at great length how by the deflection of the Independents in the Assembly, the Swarajya Party was not able to succeed this year also in its obstructive policy and appealed to the people to support the Swarajists in the elections to come. He laid special emphasis on the importance of carrying out the khaddar programme and requested the public to support the Congress-Swarajya Party candidates in the elections to local bodies. His propaganda is giving good results and reports are coming in of the success of the Swarajya Party candidates in the elections to the local bodies in the mfussil.

MR. PANIKKAR'S RESIGNATION.

JOURNALISTS' ASSN. DOES NOT KNOW FULL FACTS!

SIMLA, May 8.

A Benares message states that in a statement to the Press regarding the resolution of the Executive Committee of the Journalist Association about Mr. Panikkar's resignation Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya said he felt sure the resolution was passed owing to want of full knowledge of the facts and expected when the Association would know all the facts it would withdraw the resolution. Pandit Malaviya had wired for the correspondence which is partly at Delhi also for a copy of the correspondence placed before the Committee by Mr. Panikkar. A statement will be published after receiving the said papers.—A. P.

OPPOSITION AGAINST GURDWARA BILL.

ALLAHABAD, May 7.

Bara Panchyiati Akhara, largest organisation of Mahants in Allahabad, have protested strongly against the passing of the Sikh Gurdwara Bill and advised Government to drop the Bill as the measure if adopted, would place the control of the Gurdwaras under the control of the non-Hindu Akalis.—A.P.

EXPORT OF TEA.

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The quantity of tea entered for export to the United Kingdom for the second half of April was: Calcutta black 287539 pounds. The quantity entered during the corresponding period last year Calcutta black 300990 pounds and Chittagong black 25989 pounds. The total from 1st April to 30th April, 1925: Calcutta black 343664 pounds.—A. P.

EAST AFRICAN COMMITTEE.

TRAINING OF "NATIVES" RECOMMENDED.

LONDON, May 7.

The report of Mr. Ormsby-Gore's East African Committee especially stresses need for an improved transport for which it recommends a loan of ten million sterling, interest for the first five years being paid from the Imperial Exchequer. It emphasises the need for greater co-operation between five territories. The male natives must be taught to work but compulsion for private profit would not be tolerated. Local Governments should take hand in improving education especially the training of natives in sanitary and medical work.

Mr. Linfield has drawn up a supplementary memorandum recommending *inter alia* an establishment of an Imperial Development Board to which the Imperial Government should contribute three million sterling annually for ten or fifteen years.

Discussing the desirability of a bridge over Zambesi to connect Nyasaland with the Trans-Zambesia Railway, the Committee estimates that the minimum cost will be a million sterling and thinks that it will be an extremely difficult operation which should only be undertaken by engineers who have faced similar problems in the Punjab.—Reuter.

ENGAGEMENT BROKEN OR RESCINDED?

INTERESTING APPEAL TO PRIVY COUNCIL.

LONDON, May 7.

For the first time in history, a breach of promise appeal has been brought up before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in which Mrs. Lucia Jacob, widow of an English barrister, is appellant, and David Alexander Wills, a member of a Calcutta firm, respondent. Wills replied that the engagement was mutually rescinded. Mrs. Jacob's counsel explained that the Indian court awarded his client Rs. 35,000 but the suit was dismissed on an appeal to the High Court in India from whose decision his client now appealed. Mrs. Jacob's husband who practised in Lucknow died in 1913. She met Wills in Simla in 1915. The alleged breach occurred on August 1921 when the respondent married some one else. Counsel added that his client was German born and was interned in war-time in India. It was an entirely erroneous suggestion that she was a spy. Wills' counsel declared there was nothing against Mrs. Jacob's loyalty. She was compensated by Government to the extent of Rs. 20,000 in respect of the internment. She later wrote to Government stating that if she had not been illegally interned she would have been the wife of a man with an income of several thousand sterling a year whereas she was still a widow with perhaps sufficient means to last a few months with care. The case was adjourned.—Reuter.

AMERICAN COTTON INDUSTRY

SERIOUSNESS OF POSITION.

LONDON, May 8.

Owing to the seriousness of the position of the American spinning section of the cotton industry, the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners Association has issued a circular to the members asking for a pledge of loyalty to a thirty-five-hour working week.—Reuter.

REVENUE FROM EMPIRE ORIGIN PRODUCTS.

LONDON, May 7.

In the House of Commons to-day replying to Mr. Wedgwood Benn, Mr. Churchill estimated that the annual revenue derivable from the products of the Empire origin under preferential duties would be: silk and artificial silk, twenty-five thousand sterling; hops twenty thousand sterling; and new import duties, four hundred thousand sterling.—Reuter.

WOOL INQUIRY COMMITTEE.

LONDON, May 7.

The Home Secretary has appointed a committee consisting of Mr T. W. Butterfield, Professor A. F. Barker and Sir Gerald Bellhouse for the purpose of enquiring into a probable charge upon the industries in which East India wool is used if such wool was imported disinfected under Government's disinfection scheme.—Reuter.

PRINCE AT KNYSNA.

LONDON, May 7.

Reuter's correspondent with the Prince of Wales wires from George (Cape Province) that the Prince of Wales motored on Thursday to Knysna where he received a great welcome. The township was tastefully decorated. After brief speeches of welcome the Prince had an informal luncheon at the Town Hall and returned to George in order to permit an exercise for members of the Royal Party. The departure for Oudt-Shoorn has been deferred till to-morrow morning.—Reuter.

EXHIBITION GUARANTEE BILL.

LONDON, May 7.

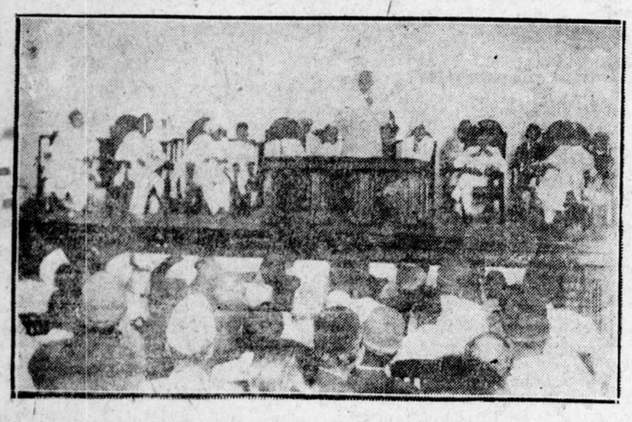
The House of Lords passed the third reading of the British Empire Exhibition Guarantee Bill and the Bill has received the Royal assent.—Reuter.

SECONDARY EDUCATION IN ASSAM.

SHILLONG, May 7.

The Assam Government have appointed a committee composed of the Education Minister as President and fourteen members to consider and report on the system of secondary education in Assam.—A. P.

BUDHA JAYANTI.



"Bombay Chronicle" Photos.

The 2459th anniversary of Lord Budd ha's birth, enlightenment and death was celebrated in Bombay on Thursday last under the auspices of the local Buddha Society, at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Sir Sankaran Nair presiding.

BIG GAME HUNTERS.

Wide World Photos.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt (right) who with his brother, Kermit, is due to arrive in Bombay by the s.s. "Razmak" on the 11th instant on his way to the Pamirs where he will hunt for Marco Polo sheep and snow leopards, is seen here looking over map with D. C. Davies of the Field Museum, Chicago, that is sponsoring the expedition.

R 33.

Central Press.

The Airship R33 photographed on its return to Pulham Aerodrome after being adrift for thirty hours. The feat of bringing safely back an airship in such a condition is considered to be one of the finest in the annals of aviation.

ADEN NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ADEN, May 2.

In my notes of the 26th ultimo, I gave you some information regarding the new ports for the landing of pilgrimage, and I desire to supplement the same with the following. I made a mistake in mentioning Loheya. What you meant by "Leuth" was "Lith."

Lith of El-Lith is a village about 1½ miles inland from the anchorage. The coast in the neighbourhood is low, sandy and full of coral. In some parts it is covered by bush, but mountains rise inland and to the northward. The anchorage is small but well protected by the reefs eastward of it. The depths are from 4 to 6 fathoms with muddy bed. To the West of the inner anchorage is Agha islet, which is small, low and sandy. The outer anchorage is from ½ to 1 mile S. South-West of Agha islet, in from 10 to 14 fathoms; but there is no shelter here from northerly or north-westerly winds. The houses are made of mud or Arish (kutcha shed) and the village possesses a block-house, barracks, and a mosque. Water is obtainable, also a few sheep and fowls. It is situated 100 miles (nearly) to Mecca, crow-fly.

MERCHANDIZE TO QUNFUDA.

Mr. Besse's steamer "Al-Hajal" has taken very heavy merchandize for the port of Qunfuda. Owing to the blockade of Jiddah trade between this port and the up-countries is at stand still, and all merchandize passes to the Hejaz through Qunfuda.

S. S. RANPURA.

"Bombay Chronicle" Photo.

S. S. Ranpura, P. and O. Company's newest boat, now lying in Alexandra Dock, has been attracting a stream of visitors daily. She leaves to-day for London.

THEFT OF A TAXI.

CASE OF DARING ROBBERY.

RANGOON, May 7.

A daring theft of a taxi occurred last night on Prome Road. A Burman engaged a taxi near Wembley Cinema in Montgomery Street and then picking up three others from Sule Pagoda asked the driver, who was an Indian, to drive round the Royal lakes. They then asked the driver to take them to Prome Road. While proceeding along that road, the Burman sitting by the side of the driver suddenly seized him while others sitting at the back began assaulting the driver with fists. Burmans then lifted the driver from his seat, threw him on the road and drove away. The driver sustained injuries. The motor car has not been traced.—A. P.

"CHRONICLE" CROSS-WORD COMPETITION. "SWARA

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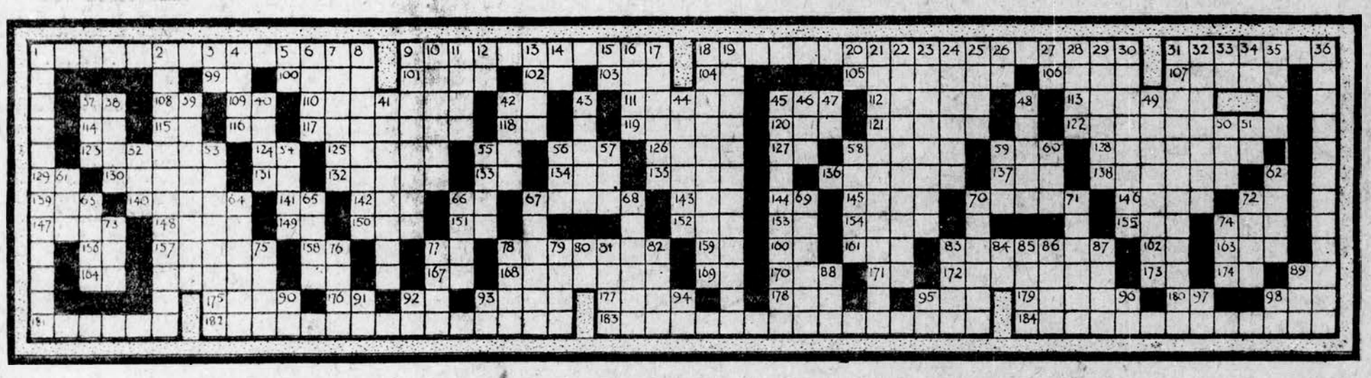

1st prize Rs. 150
2nd prize Rs. 75
3 prizes of Rs. 25 each 75
Total .. 300

CLUES

("ab."=abbreviated. "mxd."=mixed. "sym."=symbol. "revd."=reversed. "coll."=colloquial. "init."=initials. "lat."=Latin.)

DIRECTIONS.

In each white space has to be given single letter. These letters read across from left to right, must make up the words indicated in the horizontal clues. The letters, read downwards, must make up words suggested by the vertical clues. A black square shows where a word begins or ends. Dotted place is to be taken as black. For example No. 1 word will have 14 letters as a horizontal word and 12 letters as a vertical word No. 3 is a vertical word of 2 letters meaning "Expression of hesitancy" and so on.

Cash prizes worth Rs. 300 divided as follows:

1st prize	Rs. 150
2nd prize	Rs. 75
3 prizes of Rs. 25 each	Rs. 75
Total	Rs. 300

are offered for correct solutions of our cross-word puzzles to be opened on the day following the close of entries. If no correct solutions are received the nearest will receive the prizes in order.

Only entries made on the diagram published above accompanied with 26 coupons of different numbers will be considered. There is no limit of entries. Each person may submit as many as he chooses but, of course, accompanied with the full complement of coupons.

ENTRIES CLOSE 30TH JUNE 1925.

The Editor's decision is always final and legally binding.

To avoid delay and misplacement all communications must be marked in front of cover thus:—

"CROSS-WORD PUZZLE"

HORIZONTALS:

1. What every Swarajists wants soon.
9. Fortresses.
16. Apparatuses combining the polariscope with the spectroscope (omit letter "i.")
31. A rare metal found in certain yttrium minerals.
37. For example (Lat. init.)
42. A degree (init.)
45. Propose (coll.)
48. Ecclesiastical degree (init.)
66. That which goes in the horse's mouth.
68. Stone or earthenware vessel.
69. Summit.
66. Same as 118.
67. Distinguished.
70. Brings forth Young.
72. Branch of artillery (init.)
74. Drink made from juniper berries.
77. Auxiliary verb.
78. Plant's sharp point.
83. Department.
89. Fall (Scotch.)
92. War Office (init.)
93. Seagirt land.
95. Everyone.
98. A track left by a wheel.
99. Same as 33 vertical.
100. A medicinal plant.
101. An equal.
102. A kind of engineer (init.)
103. Moisture.
104. Interjection.
105. Point of moon's orbit at which it is nearest the earth.
106. Buddhist tumulus for preservation of ancient relics.
107. To stretch out for (revd.)
108. What Mahatma Gandhi is (ab.)
109. Same as 108.
110. Imaginary, fanciful.
111. Woman mentioned in the book of "Ruth."
112. (Medicinally) chilliness with contraction of the skin. Stiffening of the body.
113. A knob or ball.
114. Same as 33 vertical.
115. Tellurium (sym.)
116. Interjection calling attention.
117. A permit.
118. Auxiliary verb.
119. Track.
120. Term applied to the high notes in music
121. Fire (Lat.)
122. Feet made up of three long syllables and one short.
123. Frightens. Gives notice of danger.
124. Junior military rank (ab.)
125. Part of "Carte-blanche."
126. River in Central Italy, flowing past Florence.
127. Same as 55 horizontal
128. Vitrified substances chiefly applied to the surface of metals. Used for decorating.
129. Crow's call (curtailed.)
130. Break out.
131. Preposition.
132. Having lived a longer time.
133. Diphthong.
134. Consumed.
135. One plumaged birds.

HORIZONTALS (*continued*):

136. First six letters of "Phonograph" (mxd)
137. Single in number.
138. A continent.
139. A short poem.
140. Stage player.
141. One of H. M.'s services (init.)
142. Name of well-known soap for washing woollens, etc.
143. Gladstone's (or Naoraji's) nickname (init. mxd.)
144. Same as 33 vertical.
145. Last four vowels (mxd.)
146. Bulk.
147. Labyrinth.
148. To weary.
149. Nay.
150. Last three letters of man's daily article of clothing.
151. Of. (French.)
152. First three letters of a famous forest in Essex.
153. Same as 3 vertical.
154. Symbol of the Christian religion (third letter omitted).
155. Brought (ab.)
156. Opposite to left (ab.)
157. Famous billiard player.
158. Medico (ab.)
159. Royal title (init.)
160. A man's name (ab.)
161. Was seated.
162. First two letters of Moses's brother's name.
163. Metal as it comes from the mine.
164. A kind of electrical current (init.)
167. A preposition.
168. Brings forward by way of proof
169. Silicon. (sym.)
170. Take one's seat.
171. Caesium (sym.)
172. A virulent poison.
173. Name of annual motor races in the Isle of Man (init.)
174. Same as 151.
175. A small bird like a robin (revd.)
176. God willing (Lat. init.)
177. An image.
178. A New Zealand parrot that kills sheep.
179. Boy's name (curtailed.)
180. Second and third letters of a musical instrument to be found in practically all well-built houses
181. Prophetesses. Certain women mentioned in ancient mythology.
182. Ornaments extravagantly formed, containing animals, plants, etc., not really existing.
183. Adverb appertaining to the system which explains mythology as stories put in real history.
184. Oyster culture.

VERTICALS:

1. Failings.
2. Impediments.
3. Expression of hesitancy.
4. Headstrong.
5. A degree (init.)
6. Twelfth month of Jewish civil year and sixth of the ecclesiastical.
7. A warning.
8. One of the temples of the aborigines of Central America, remains of which are chiefly found in Mexico.
9. A lengthy preacher.
10. The stoker of a glass-works furnace.
11. Girl's name.
12. Alternative.
13. Chick peas.
14. Pronoun.
15. Limited (ab.)
16. Indentation.
17. Meaning the same as 1 horizontal.
18. Pupae of insects which undergo only semimetamorphosis.
19. To reason calmly and wisely.
20. Dominican ecclesiastical title (init.)
21. Around the thorax.
22. Followers of Origen.
23. Wooden.
24. Ready to go.
25. End of "wanderers."
26. Selenium (sym.)
27. A well-known non-alcoholic drink made from capsicums.
28. Bishop of Rome.
29. Epic poem.
30. Half numb.
31. Appertaining to an appliance for shewing temperatures automatically by the expansion of substances.
32. Obscuration of heavenly body by the interposition of another (last three letters mxd.)
33. Academy degree (init.)
34. Auxiliary verb.
35. The rainbow.
36. Position of a governing mother.
37. Period of time.
38. Strong wind.
39. Alluring.
40. To raise one end.
41. Lasts for a very long time (Shakespear ean word)
42. Commanded.
43. Stale, uninteresting.
44. Term applied to oars generally.
45. Parasitic plant.

VERTICALS (*continued*).

46. Obsolete.
47. Pint (ab.)
48. Town in Italy, in province of Novara.
49. Where the Ark rested (two words, first one ab.)
50. End of "mantle."
51. End of "Danes."
52. Academy degree (init.)
53. Raging.
54. Rent (as cloth.)
55. Lady.
56. Body of lawyers.
57. Beverage.
58. Spectacles (coll).
59. One of the extremities of the foot.
60. Instrument for writing.
61. Girl's name.
62. Sound in mind.
63. Biblical name.
64. One who takes away by force.
65. A knot.
66. Eastern port of call.
67. Bands round the waist.
68. The stinking badger of Java.
69. Bodies of armed men.
70. Annually.
71. A short run at full speed.
72. To bribe.
73. And the rest. (Lat. ab.)
74. Jehovah.
75. A cruel Caesar.
76. Bolshevists. (coll.)
77. A favour granted.
78. A license.
79. Certain dates in the ancient Roman calendar.
80. Copper (sym.)
81. A title (init.)
82. Stocking (revd.)
83. Public walk.
84. The poles (init.)
85. Same as 75.
86. Seaport at mouth of Maritza river, Turkey.
87. Mark left by a wound.
88. Native-bred pony.
89. Short fine hair of certain animals (as the hare.)
90. Weight (ab.)
91. Which see (Lat. init. revd.)
92. Pronoun.
93. Auxiliary verb.
94. French article (masculine).
95. Aluminium (sym.)
96. Same as 94.
97. Gold (sym.)
98. Railway (sym.)

NOTICE.

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE PRIZE DISTRIBUTION.

If two correct solutions are received, the second prize will be added to the first and divided between the two. If more than two and less than six are received the three prizes will be divided among the five.

If over five correct solutions are received, then the total amount, that is, Rs. 300, will be divided into 6 parts and given to 6 winners of a raffle which will be held in this office at an appointed time which will be notified.

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MR. PANIKKAR'S RESIGNATION.

(BY DR. A. K. MENON.)

Though I am supposed to know the details and the circumstances of Mr. Panikkar's resignation of the editorship of the "Hindustan Times," it will be time enough to go into them when the whole correspondence is published. But I may divulge, I hope without impropriety, the following in connection therewith which has an indirect bearing on the case and which will explain how I, who am no professional journalist, looked at it from the very beginning and how therefore any other layman who has a sense of discipline, should look at it. I need only explain that I have been associated with Mr. Panikkar in a very detached way from the very inception of the "Hindustan Times." I was there because Mr. Panikkar was there, making myself useful as he and I thought I could.

In Delhi, I was living with Mr. Panikkar and we used to leave for office and return together. Early in April we had a friend from Travancore who had come up to Delhi on a mixed programme of business and excursion. He used to come to the office in the afternoon and all the three of us used to leave together. On the 6th April Mr. Panikkar told me that he had to see Pandit Malaviya on business and asked me would I return home with our friend. I was coming down with my friend some time after four when a *darwan* handed me a letter as he wanted to know where it was to be delivered. I could not make out the address or signature except that it had not been written by Mr. Panikkar or addressed to Mr. Panikkar. It said that Pandit Malaviya wanted to see the members of the editorial staff. When I saw it, I told my friend, "Let us make haste." On the way I told him about the letter and observed that I thought it was all very irregular, and that if I had a definite place on the paper, I would have written in it, "Please address through the Editor." As I had not, I did not want to do anything which might embarrass Mr. Panikkar—I did not know how he would look at it—and I had strong objections to being a party in anything so irregular. In the evening when Mr. Panikkar returned home I asked him about it and repeated my observations to our friend. He agreed that it did right and said that he would write to Pandit Malaviya the first thing after he went to office the next morning. I also learnt that a senior member of the staff was discussed in the presence of his juniors and wondered why somebody did not suggest that the conversation had better be postponed for a more opportune moment.

People may scoff at method, routine and discipline as Red Tape, but I am convinced that they are all very necessary and, if there are more people like Pandit Malaviya about and it is his ordinary way of doing things, I would add a few yards more to the usually recognised length of red tape. It is all in the interests of all concerned. I can excuse a person who lapses into an irregularity, but no language will be too strong in which to condemn the person who persists in the irregularity. I am glad that this case has arisen as a frank discussion on routine, procedure, etc., can profit not merely proprietors of newspapers but other proprietors who are over-powered with their proprietorial glory. And one has heard of other instances of interference by proprietors and their business managers.

In this particular case, I would ask the junior members to look at it dispassionately and not to regard it as an encroachment upon their rights; for, it is nothing of the kind. Apart from asking themselves how they may feel when they become chiefs themselves they would do well to realise that it will all save them considerable embarrassment and dividing of their loyalty. You cannot expect your chief to stand by you if you are trafficking with the proprietor on your own account. And a proprietor who encourages such irregularities may find his employees in other delicate situations. The glory of free access to the boss has greater disadvantages than advantages. A subordinate's duty, responsibility, and loyalty are to and through his superior. And he will find that it pays in the long run. No superior will refuse to listen to legitimate representations of any sort and if in an exceptional case, he does not get a hearing or justice, it will be time to think of taking the matter up to the boss. Even that has to be done through the superior and a superior is bound to facilitate such representations. And few are constitutionally wedded to injustice and irregular ways of doing things to resist or deny redress of grievances out of sheer perversity.

I fear Pandit Malaviya, in his pre-occupations of the Hindu Sabha and his other special public activities, did not spend much thought on the implications of the way he handled the question. I would only ask him whether he, as a great lawyer, would advise his client to take his case to the appellate court at the first instance.

The story is told of the late Lord Kitchener that, in one of his very rare lapses of interference in the work of a junior officer, he was asked, "Am I doing the job, or are you?" People will promote efficiency and save unnecessary trouble and unpleasantness if after engaging their man for the particular work, they leave it all entirely to him so long as he is doing it. If he is not satisfactory, get another man. If the chief-wise employer could have done it all himself why did he engage another? The reason that induced one to secure the services of a expert should also operate against one's undue interference.

I hope journalists will stand by one another and the public will support the Journalists' Association in its attitude on the question and that this will be the last case of its kind.

SIKH SHRINES BILL.

REFERRED TO SELECT COMMITTEE.

LAHORE, May 7.

Sardar Tara Singh introduced the Sikh Gurdwaras and Shrines Bill at the Punjab Legislative Council to-day as soon as the Governments demands for additional and supplementary grants were disposed of. The Bill is referred to a select Committee.

Raja Narendranath speaking on behalf of the Hindus welcomed the Bill and congratulated the mover on the preparation of this important measure. They were living in a democratic age and everywhere they saw agitation for transfer of power from individuals and classes to the hands of people. He hoped the Bill would achieve the desired result but a great deal depended on schedule one and two. Gurdwaras mentioned in the schedule one had to be treated in a different footing from the Gurdwaras mentioned in schedule two. The Select Committee had a very important duty to discharge and he requested Government to place at their disposal a short history of each Gurdwara.

WELCOME TO BILL

Mr. Craik extended a hearty welcome to the Bill from official benches and he did so with great pleasure as he was intimately connected with the movement. He welcomed the Bill not only because it was framed in a spirit of compromise and moderation but because he was sanguine to hope that in this Bill they had drawn up a happy era in the history of Sikhs and their relation with Government and with other communities. He did not deny that there had been some opposition to the Bill but the press as a whole had examined the bill with care and its verdict had been favourable. He welcomed it because it was based on two sound democratic principles. The first of these principles was that temples of any religion were properties of the adherents of that religion and that Ministers or Mahants of those temples were not owners but were trustees of the people. In a matter of this kind in which the feelings of the whole community were deeply stirred the will of the majority must in the end prevail, no matter at what cost of interference with vested rights or with proscriptive rights of property concerned. There was no one in the House who was probably more loath to disturb vested rights than himself but he recognised that in this instance they were up against a situation where nothing else was possible and where to put it bluntly the weaker must go to wall. Continuing Mr. Craik said that the Bill embodied four main principles most important of which was that revenues of these shrines were to be administered for certain specified purposes and for no other i.e. for religious, charitable or educational purposes. Their accounts should be properly kept and audited and open to inspection and that very wise provision would do away once and for all with fear and risk that temples funds were being misappropriated or misapplied. As regards Mahants who would, to a great extent, lose their position under this Bill he thought that was a result which was practically inevitable. The Bill, however, gave statutory provisions that persons dispossessed would be entitled to financial compensation.

Concluding Mr. Craik said: "One point which I would like to impress and one further advice which I would like to give to the promoters of this Bill. You are now within sight of the goal for which you have been striving for some years and it looks, and I think we all hope, that a successful and generally accepted solution of the problem is within our sight. May I be forgiven if I express a hope that at the moment when this long deferred goal is being reached the promoters of the Bill will exhibit that spirit of magnanimity and tolerance which is essential in the settlement of all religious questions. Let not this Bill be marred by the spirit of fanatical intolerance. Those religions are sound whose principles are based on broad-minded tolerance. The more the sectarian the narrower the religion becomes and the smaller and the less sure is the foundation on which it rests. That is an observation which is based on historical experience and I therefore appeal that a great majority of Sikhs who will be benefitted by the Bill will not seek to exclude the lesser sects from fold of orthodox Sikhism."

Rana Ferozdin and Syed Mahommad Hussain welcomed the Bill on behalf of Mahomedans and congratulated the mover and the Sikh community on the success they had achieved in the framing of this Bill. The latter speaker remarked that it was time that a similar Bill was introduced by some Mahomedans for the management of Mahomedan shrines.

Dr. Gokal Chand Narang, Swarajist, welcomed the Bill and hoped that Hindus would approach it in a brotherly spirit and would also wake up and try to have a similar measure so that property worth millions might be used for education and social uplift of Hindus.

Subedar Major Forman Ali Khan on behalf of the Indian Army heartily supported the Bill. He recalled the days of the great war when Sikhs gave up their lives in thousands in upholding the honour of the King. Mahomedan soldiers had every sympathy with Sikhs in their Gurdwara movement.

Mian Sir Fazil-i-Hussain, Minister for Education congratulated the mover of the Bill and the community to which he belonged and also congratulated the Council on having the first important and elaborate private Bill which was the first effort of a private member to bring for purposes of legislation such an elaborate measure. The Minister proposed to hold the first meeting of the Select Committee on the 18th May and after that the meeting should go on day after day and suggested that any objection that might be made regarding the schedule should be intimated to the Secretary. Transferred Department who would inform the members of the Select Committee.

Sardar Butasingh then moved an amendment that the names of Sardar Sundersingh Majithia, Rana Ferozdin, Professor Ruchiram and Lala Sewakaram be added to the list of the members of the Select Committee which was unanimously adopted and the motion as amended was put to vote and carried amidst applause.

It is understood that a special session of the Council will be held in Simla during the third week of June to proceed with the next stages of the bill and for its final passages.

To meet Sardar Mohindar Singh, Deputy President of the Punjab Legislative Council, the Sikh Councilors gave a garden party on Thursday evening at the Town Hall grounds when a distinguished gathering was present including His Excellency the Governor and Lady Hailey, Sir Shadi Lal, the Chief Justice, Sir John Maynard, Sir Fe-zli-Hussain, Rai Bahadur Ramsarandas, Raja Narendranath and Col. Malik Umar Hayat Khan Tiwana.—A. P.

BHIL VASAVA CONFERENCE.

PURIFICATION MOVEMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

VAGHADIA, May 6.

The second day's proceedings of the Conference comprised discussions and passing of resolutions. The institution of "Punch"—a managing committee of all matters communal, is handed down from olden times. The principle of hereditary rights, rather than elective ones, holds good in this Punch. But at this conference they consented to the addition of new names of youngsters to form an advisory committee, which may see that the resolutions passed are properly put into force. This can be said to be a healthy change in the outlook.

The resolutions moved can be summarised as follows:—(1) No effort should be spared to take full advantage of the compulsory free primary education, bestowed by His Highness and to further support it by local help. (2) Thanking His Highness and the Department for instituting Vasava boardings at Vaghadia and Amroli and requesting to open more boardings in Dabhoi Sankheda, Sinor, and Karjan Talukas and to arrange for industrial education such as carpentery, smitty in these institutions. (3) Requesting to extend the movement of co-operative credit society and to appoint a Pracharak for the propaganda of the same. (4) To agitate for the removal of the system of Veth both of Government officials and Patels and the vicious system of daily roli-call of Kavasias (suspects) and requesting His Highness Government to enact prohibitive legislation for the same. (5) Requesting general public not to take an undue advantage of the ignorance of Vasavas by paying uneconomic labour charges and other harassment. Any act of injustice should be reported to their advisory committee.

SELF-PURIFICATION.

The resolutions of self-purification were as follows:—

(2) To give up completely the bad custom of drink at marriage and death ceremonies. The Punch should try to irradicate the habit of drink and flesh eating by persuation and such other means.

(2) The dowry to girls should not exceed Rs. 125 (one hundred and twenty-five).

(3) Polygamy except in special cases approved by the Punch, should be done away with.

(4) Divorce at the whim of the party should be put a stop to. The Punch should sanction such divorce.

(5) To adopt the ceremonies of high class Hindus at marriages and their dress.

(6) To strictly adhere to the resolutions passed at Majalpur meeting. The Punch together with the advisory committee of volunteers will bring to book all miscreants.

After thanking the President and the guests the Conference was dissolved. All the credit for success of this awakening of the Vasavas is largely due to Mr. Manibhai Kasivala, who is all in all in Vaghodia Taluka.

RECEPTION TO P. O. AND R. M. S. CONFERENCE CHAIRMAN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

PESHAWAR, May 8.

A large crowd gathered at the Peshawar Railway Station this morning to accord a rousing reception to Sheikh Sadiq Hassan, Member, Legislative Assembly, the President-elect of the Provincial Postal and Railway Mail Service Conference. Sheikh Sadiq Hassan was lustily cheered and profusely garlanded as he alighted from the train. A band was in attendance. The Conference opens 5-30 to-day.

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ALLEGED ILL-TREATMENT TO AKALI PRISONERS.

GOVT. EXPLANATION.

SIMLA, May 7.

The following communique has been issued:—Publicity has recently been given in the press elsewhere to a telegram sent from Amritsar on 18th April, in which, it was stated that the Shiromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee are in possession of evidence regarding gross ill-treatment of certain members of the 2nd Shahidi Jatha by Nabha authorities on the 16th April.

From enquiries which have been made the Government of India are satisfied that the actual facts are as follows:—Certain members of the 2nd Jatha had been giving trouble in the jails at Nabha for some time past threatening other members of their Jatha who desired to apologise to the Nabha State authorities with serious consequences if they did so. There had also been cases of insubordination on the part of these members which could not be passed over. It was decided therefore to separate the trubulent members of this Jatha from the rest and they were informed on the 14th April that this was the intention of the authorities. They refused to carry out the orders that were issued to them for this purpose and it therefore became necessary for the authorities to enforce them. Although the men resisted to the utmost, the minimum of force was used and separation was effected with more injury to officials of the Nabha State than to the members of the Jatha. Several of the former were injured but no member of the Jatha received any injury which could possibly be described as serious though a few may have received scratches in the course of the struggle.—A. P.

PROBLEM BEFORE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAWABAD, May 7.

Speaking at the annual general meeting of the Sindh Branch of the European Association, Mr. Stanley, the Chairman, said that the two cardinal factors they had to face were: (1) The gradual realization of Self-Government in this country as an integral part of the British Empire and (2) the maintenance of the stability of the European commercial community and all that they stand for. He said that political progress was possible in the country under the present Reform Act without any modification till 1929. At the end of the meeting one member suggested that the Association should take up the question of the introduction of a bill for registration of servants.

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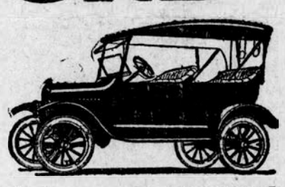

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PROTEST AGAINST INCREASE IN LICENSE FEES.

The following correspondence has passed between the Bombay Presidency Trades Association and the Bombay Government in connection with the recent increase in license fees for the vend of foreign liquor:—

Copy of letter dated 18th March 1925 from the Bombay Presidency Trades Association, Ltd., to the Revenue Department, Bombay Government:—

My Committee observe from recent press announcements that the Bombay Government has declared its intention to increase the license fees for the vend of foreign liquor as suggested in the report of the Excise Committee.

Inter alia it is stated that in the City of Bombay, on wholesale and importers' licenses retail "on" license and refreshment rooms, these fees will be doubled; e.g. a class A "off" license will pay Rs. 4000. instead of Rs. 2000.

On behalf of several members of this Association my Committee wish to place on record their respectful but emphatic protest against the introduction of a measure of this nature at a time when trade conditions could not possibly be worse. It is a demonstrable fact that the sales of wholesome brands of imported spirits have recently dropped to a figure which represents the border line between ordinary trade depression and absolute crisis and it is therefore submitted that if Government persists in demanding payment of these license fees on the new scale, the best brands of spirits will be forced off the market and consumers will be induced to purchase the very cheap and unwholesome products of Java and Germany.

My Committee will be very grateful if the Bombay Government will re-consider their decision in the light of this statement and assist a good class trade which has reached its taxable limit.—I have etc.

Copy of letter dated 8th April 1925 from the Revenue Department, Bombay Government, to the Bombay Presidency Trades Association, Ltd.:—

With reference to your letter No. F. 9 dated 18th March 1925, I am directed by the Government of Bombay (Transferred Departments) to state that the orders enhancing fees for the privilege of vend of foreign liquor were passed after mature deliberation and there is no reason to reconsider them.

Copy of letter dated 27th April 1925 from the Bombay Presidency Trades Association, Ltd., to the Revenue Department:—

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your letter No, C. 102 dated 8th. instant intimating that the orders enhancing fees for the privilege of selling foreign liquors were passed after mature deliberation and there was therefore no reason why the Bombay Government should reconsider this matter.

I am to state in connection therewith that my Committee consider this reply to their very justifiable protest, most unsatisfactory and frankly unsympathetic. The mature deliberation which you state was given to this question before orders were passed enhancing these license fees 100 per cent. was presumably based on the recommendations of the Excise Committee, and if this be so, my Committee consider they have again reasonable grounds for complaint inasmuch as they were not invited to state a case before the Excise Committee nor give an opportunity of criticising the recommendations before final orders were passed.

In paragraph 2 of my previous letter to you, dated 13th March last, my Committee submitted several sound reasons in support of their plea for a reconsideration of the decision to double these license fees and they would therefore welcome enlightenment on the concluding words of your letter under reply. Is it to be understood that Government wish to dispose of this matter by a mere paragraph of routine phraseology which can only be interpreted by those vitally axected as meaning that Government do not recognize the rights of European Wine and Spirit merchants either to submit reasons for reconsideration of Government orders or to lodge protests against the introduction of new taxation which will cripple their industry.

My Committee respectfully submit that the reasons they advanced for some relief from a very burdensome increase of 100 per cent. in these license fees, were at least well considered and honest and, as such, merited a more sympathetic hearing than that which apparently been accorded them. If therefore the Bombay Government are not disposed to grant the relief prayed for, it is proposed to submit this correspondence to the Government of India with an appeal for a reduction in the present license fees. It is also proposed to publish this correspondence if the Bombay Government have no objection to offer.

Madras, May 7.—In pursuance of the Rule under the Madras Electoral Rules the Madras Government is contemplating the nomination of a representative from the backward tracts of the Agency to the Legislative Council in one of the existing vacancies in the Council.—A.P.

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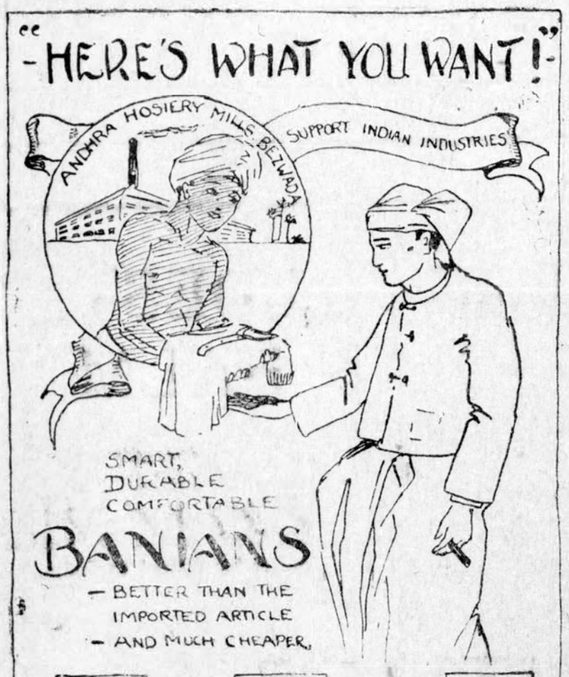

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BRITISH TORY PROTEST.

The "Daily Herald" writes:—

Over the candidature of Marshal von Hindenburg for the German Presidency certain organs of Tory opinion do protest too much! For years they have supported policies calculated to foster hatred and the desire for revenge; for years they have sneered at and derided the honesty of purpose of the rulers of the new German Republic; for years they have fed the seeds of reaction in that country with the waters of innuendo, falsehood and uncharitableness. And now they protest, in the interests of peace, against the appearance of this old reactionary on the field of politics!

Quite apart from the obvious impropriety of this attempt to interfere in the internal affairs of another nation—an impropriety they would be the first to condemn in the Press of any other country—there are certain other facts of the political history of the past six years to be borne in mind. Reaction in Germany springs directly from the punitive terms of peace drawn up, in defiance of all right and justice, at Versailles. Ever since the signatures of the German plenipotentiaries were attached under compulsion, to that document, the friends of the ex-Kaiser have never ceased to foment activities against the Republic. They have used as their main argument the successive humiliation showered on the Reich by France primarily and secondarily by our own country. They have been enabled to appeal to the "Nationalism" which has been outraged by the Treaty and by the subsequent occupation of territory and inquisitorial searchings by Commissions of every kind. And now the candidature of von Hindenburg is the sign that the follies of the Allies have received their reward.

It ill becomes those who have sted-fastly refused to see whither their own policy was leading to turn round now and abuse the Germans for what they are doing. Always we have stood for fairness and justice in the treatment of the German people, we have protested time and time again against the actions of our own and other Governments; we have fought for decency and sanity. And now we can only express the hope that the German people will not fall into the trap which their own reactionaries have been enabled to set for them by the insanity of the "victors" in the Great War.

To us the surprising thing about the election for the Presidency is not the appearance of von Hindenburg, but the withdrawal from the field of the Social Democratic candidate. Easily second on the first abortive ballot, the Socialists have decided to withdraw the candidature of Herr Braun and to support Dr. Marx, the representative of bourgeois Republicanism, in the final contest. Such a withdrawal in this country under analogous circumstances would be unthinkable, but, in the present complicated political situation in Germany, an outsider has not the right, because he cannot be completely apprised of the facts, to do more than regret what is evidently regarded as a necessity.

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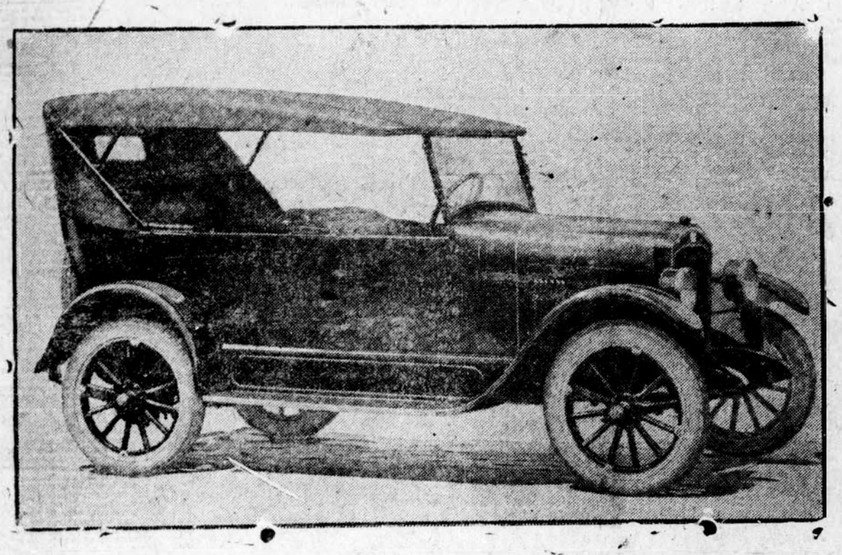

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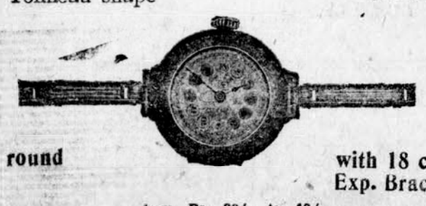

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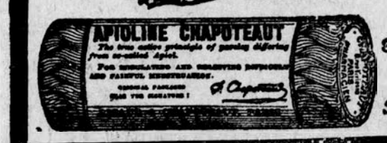

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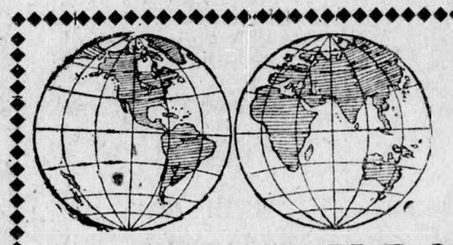

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